

New Oxford Item.

VOL. 39

NEW OXFORD, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1918.

NO. 43

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Charles A. Robinson, the first Gettysburgian to return to his home after seeing service in France, is now on a ten days' furlough from an Army hospital in New York City. He sailed on September 21st last and was sent back to America on account of disability, arriving in New York several weeks ago. Since that time he has been undergoing treatment in a hospital and he will return there this week. Mr. Robinson's physical condition relieved him from duty with his bakery company in November and he was in Army hospitals in France for several months before being sent home.

First Lieutenant T. J. Hickey, of the Dental Corps, located at Camp McPherson, Chattanooga, Tenn., has been promoted to a Captaincy. Dr. Hickey is a son of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Hickey, of Littlestown, and a son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Johns of Blue Gables.

Word has been received here of the safe arrival in France recently of Harry J. Sneringer, formerly of Brush Run, with the York Mfg. Ice Plant Company.

Private Charles Bucher, stationed at Camp Meade, spent several days at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bucher, near Bonneauville. Guy Miller, also of Camp Meade, spent several days at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Miller, at the same place.

Corporal John H. Rutter, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Rutter, of Abbottstown, a member of Co. G, 29th Infantry, stationed at Camp Gaillard, Cullebra, Panama, C. Z., left Abbottstown last week, after spending a week with his parents, on his return to New York City, from where he will embark in a few days on his return to Panama. Corporal Rutter says he is anxious to rejoin his command and also says that his command is slated for a move to the front on a very near date.

The Rev. P. J. Enright, assistant rector of St. Mary's Catholic church, McSherrystown, has received notice from officials of the British government now at Philadelphia, advising him that he is subject to a call for military service. The notice intimated that his services are needed by Great Britain. Before taking action on the matter he will consult with officials of the Harrisburg diocese of the Catholic church.

C. Wm. Duncan has resigned from the Naval Academy at Annapolis and is spending sometime at his home in Gettysburg before enlisting for active service with the Naval Reserves.

Hillery Kennedy, of Five Points, who has been stationed at Camp Meade, has been rejected and returned to his parental home on Thursday.

The battalions which left Gettysburg last fall for an Atlantic Port and later sailed from there for France are now seeing active service.

Mrs. Ella Swamley, of West High street, has received a letter from her son, Lieut. Bruce Swamley Eytinge, who received his commission two weeks ago and expected to go overseas, but has received notice that he was to remain in North Toronto. He is the only officer who was kept over as an instructor, and has charge of one of the largest Aero Training Camps in Canada, an honor which he won because of his fine conduct and flying, that he was enabled to remain. Mrs. Swamley also received a letter from her son W. Heimer Swamley, who is now stationed at a camp at Fort Dodge, Iowa. He had been employed on a farm at Olin, Iowa, and was exempted from the first call but later recalled. Another son of Mrs. Swamley, Neely Swamley, has but recently been honorably discharged after serving four years with U. S. Marines.

Sergeant Walter Petry, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Petry, of Hanover, formerly of Lingg's mill, near town, has written a letter to Charles Bower, of town, from somewhere in France, in which he states that he has seen active service "over there" and is feeling well and pleased with the country. He is a member of the U. S. Marines.

Harry J. Sferner, of Pleasant street, has received a letter from his son Maurice a member of an Aero Squadron, in which he states that he arrived safely "over there," and is enjoying the best of health. He stated that the sea was very rough and that a U-boat was sighted, but disappeared without making any effort to harm them.

Waynesboro, Mar. 2.—John Monn, 40 years old, shot and killed his wife this morning and then slashed his own throat with a pocket knife. He was hurried to the Chambersburg hospital, where slight hopes are held for his recovery. Jealousy is blamed for the man's deed.

Council Proceedings.

March 4.—The Council met this evening in regular monthly session; All members present; President Wagner presided; Minutes approved.

Street Committee.—Report made that broken tile near residence of C. A. Brashers has been fixed.

Joseph Holtz requested that a small gutter be dug along Bolton street so as to drain the water along said street to Golden Lane. Referred to street committee.

Complaint was made about water from cellar lift of I. W. Livingston running over pavement and outside of gutter in front of property of N. Lingg on Lincoln Way, W. Several letters were read in reference to price of crushed stone. Committee to purchase several loads to best advantage.

Water Committee.—On motion the committee was authorized to order needed supplies, such as service boxes, shut-offs, wrenches, etc.

Some changes were suggested in prices of water.

One tap for Mrs. Himes on High street, was reported.

Town Property.—The committee reported the following as having been received from Jos. B. Weaver, former tapper:—1 pipe cutter, 1 vise, 1 service box, 2 cut-offs, 4 shut-off wrenches, 1 4-in. valve, 1 stock, 1 dye.

The tax rate for 1918 was agreed upon as follows:—For general purposes, 4 mills; For general water purposes 2½ mills; For Sinking Fund No. 1, 3¾ mills; For Sinking Fund No. 2, 2½ mills. Total 12½ mills.

Ordinance laying same will appear next week.

Finance Committee.—The President was authorized to renew note of \$750 due at the Farmers & Merchants Bank for four months. The committee was instructed to provide means for installing motors.

Bills to the amount of \$273.05 were approved and orders were granted for payment.

On motion of Mr. Taughinbaugh, seconded by Mr. Plymire, the Council voted to allow the Board of Trade to hold its meetings in the Council Chamber free of charge. The Board to allow the janitor compensation, if any, for extra firing, cleaning room, etc.

Sale Reports.

A total of \$4206 was reached at the public sale of H. L. Sponseller, in Mount Pleasant township, on Tuesday. A pair of horses brought \$400, a pair of mules \$381, a bay mare \$255, 10-months colt \$162, the best cow \$101, a brood sow \$73. The sale of F. F. McDermitt, in Highland township, amounted to \$2488. The best cow sold for \$120, a sow and eight pigs for \$84, shoats \$15 each, heifer 77 turkeys 33 cents a pound, chickens 35 cents a pound, laid 34 cents.

C. W. Haverstock's sale, in Butler township, reached a total of \$1737.23. The best horse was sold for \$191, a sow and eight pigs for \$100, two year old colt \$90, shoats from \$12.25 to \$17, a two year heifer \$65.13, the best cow \$77.62.

The public sale of Washington Hoover, conducted on his farm near Stovers schoolhouse, amounted to \$1567. An old pair of mules brought \$281; a pair coming 3 years old \$265; horse, \$160; cows \$50 to \$82 per head; bull, \$80; two shoats, \$25.50. Mr. Hoover will move to the Larue farm, near East Berlin, which he purchased recently. His son, Mark Hoover will occupy the farm.

The sale of Barnes and Cromer in Hamilton township on Friday amounted to \$3529.94. Shoats brought as much as \$19.50.

The sum of \$2,487 was realized Friday at the sale of Bert Eisenhart, conducted on the farm he tenanted near East Berlin. Seven cows that were sold averaged \$103 per head. Four horses brought \$97, \$141, \$150, \$160; heifer \$60. A record for brood sows was established. Three brought a total of \$220, selling for \$65, \$70 and \$85, none of which had a litter. Mr. Eisenhart will discontinue farming and remove to East Berlin.

The sale of William P. Baker, in Hamilton township on Saturday amounted to \$3555. The highest priced horse was \$211 and the best cow brot \$109. Shoats weighing about 30 pounds brot \$9.50 and turkeys sold for 44 cents per pound.

At the sale of Jacob Price, on the J. N. Hersh farm, near the cross-pikes, on Monday, a horse sold for \$212; cows sold high as did also hogs, chickens, etc.

A mule brought \$201, cows sold as high as \$89 shoats \$10 to \$15, and everything offered brot good prices; at the sale of W. H. Becker, along the Lincoln Highway, at Brush Run Station, on Tuesday.

John Reed, formerly of New York, who is residing with his brother-in-law, John P. Rahn, at Brushtown, scalded his right leg, from the knee to the foot, when he slipped on the ice, upsetting a bucket of boiling water, recently.

Mrs. Jerome Storm, of McSherrystown, who was taken ill with acute indigestion, on Sunday, is improving.

Court Items.

At a session of court held on Monday afternoon argument was heard in the matter of motion for new trial in the case of the Com. against Bessie Toddes, in which a verdict of guilty was found at January term of court. No decision was given. On Monday evening Bessie Toddes was arrested by Sheriff Hartman on a charge of pandering. She was taken before Squire Appler and, upon failure to furnish bail in the sum of \$5000, was placed in jail.

J. Alfred Holtzworth, of Gettysburg received the appointment as county auditor to fill the unexpired term of Luther B. Slaybaugh, who resigned.

Cletus Clouser pleaded guilty to the charge of aiding two prisoners to escape from the county jail on October 8, 1917, and sentence was suspended. The prisoners were Thomas White alias John Smith, and William Anderson alias John Jones.

Robert Newman pleaded guilty to a charge of operating a motor vehicle under license other than that of its registration. Sentence was suspended in this also.

Two children of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence A. Heagy were legally adopted by others, Mr. and Mrs. William Jacoby, of Mt. Pleasant township, adopting their daughter, Lillian Viola; and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. P. Shultz the daughter, Mary Jane.

Hon. S. McC. Swope was appointed master to take testimony in the divorce proceedings of Nettie V. Myers vs. LeRoy Myers.

Argument scheduled in two cases was continued. The cases were that of the Western Maryland Ry. Co., and that of Use Humbert and Krug against Cora Rahn and H. V. Rahn.

The following accounts were presented and confirmed:

George A. Herring admr. of the estate of Mary C. Herring, late of Franklin township. Balance \$1039.19.

A. J. Smith, admr. of the estate of Cecelia C. Smith, late of Mt. Pleasant township. Balance \$733.04.

C. H. Basehoar, exr. of Amos Basehoar, late of Union township. Balance \$20 100.

H. L. and A. A. Tressler, Exrs. of Margaret Tressler, late of Liberty township. Balance \$226.20.

J. E. Bair, Jr., Exr. of John E. Bair, late of Littlestown. Balance \$6306.41.

H. J. and J. A. Bream, Exrs. of Jacob Bream, late of Huntington township. Balance \$2281.20.

Barbara E. Bupp, Exrx. of Jesse Bupp, late of East Berlin. Balance \$8427.44.

Geo. A., T. J. and H. A. Sheely, Exrs. of Joseph Sheely, late of Mt. Pleasant township. Balance \$10,331.88.

Dr. T. C. Miller, Exr. of Catharine Phillips, late of Abbottstown. Balance \$3,503.87.

The account of Mary E. and E. C. Tyson, Exrs. of C. J. Tyson, late of Menallen township, was continued.

Thomas, the 8-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Claver, of near York Springs, suffered a broken left arm on Thursday when he fell while walking on the snow near his home.

The large milk truck of the Hanover Creamery Co., while enroute to Bonneauville, on Friday, in passing a load of hay ran too far to the side of the road, and stuck in the mud. It required six horses to pull the truck out.

Adam H. Seifert, residing near Mr. Royal, on Saturday, is said to have taken a quantity of paris green and by the time medical aid reached him, about four hours later, his condition had become serious. Whether or not Mr. Seifert took the poison by mistake, could not be ascertained. Mr. Seifert, who is 60 years old, remained conscious, even though the poison was spreading through his body.

According to H. F. Hershey, the farm agent for this county, the seed corn situation is a very critical one this year. Reports from all over the country indicate a very small percentage of corn will be fit for seed, and conditions in this county are not much better than other sections of the country. Those who have corn which they think might be available for seed may select samples of 25 ears from the crib and take six grains from each ear, two from near the end, two from the middle and two from near the tip from opposite sides of the ear. Mail the corn to H. F. Hershey, County Agent, Gettysburg, and it will be sent away for a germination test. Seed corn will be high in price this spring and scarce and this may be the means of locating corn throughout the county which will be available for seed purposes.

Message on Postage Stamps. Government censors in Havana examining mail brought from Mexico by the Spanish steamer Regina Maria Christiana have found a package of letters containing a collection of postage stamps on which were a series of special markings, seemingly forming a secret code. The postal authorities will retain the stamps pending an investigation. The package is said to be addressed to a German consular officer in Spain.

A GENERAL SURVEY OF THE WAR

TUESDAY.

Germany, through her chancellor, Count von Hertling, declares a general peace can be discussed on the basis of the four principles laid down by President Wilson. The chancellor's acceptance was followed by the statement the principles must be recognized by all states and peoples which stage, he said, had not yet been reached.

Apparently the Germans have met resistance at Pskov in their march on Petrograd. One report has the city recaptured by the Bolsheviks and street fighting there is mentioned in other despatches from Petrograd.

Activity on the western front is confined to raids, artillery duels and air fighting and bombing. There has been an increase in the raiding operations along the Plave river, in Italy, but no change in positions has occurred.

WEDNESDAY.

Although the chancellor, Count von Hertling, has declared Germany's intentions in the east are not aggression and aggrandizement, German military authorities have declined to grant an armistice in view of the Bolshevik offer to accept peace. German troops continue the onward march. The Bolsheviks are bending every effort to save the revolution and Petrograd from the hands of the invaders.

It is rumored the Germans have reached Luga, midway between Pskov and Petrograd.

North of the Chemin des Dames, where American troops were recently reported in the lines, two raids in the lines, two raids in force were attempted by the Germans.

THURSDAY.

No basis for peace is found in the speech of Count von Hertling by A. J. Balfour, the British secretary for foreign affairs. In making the first official reply to the chancellor in the house of commons, he rejected the German suggestions concerning Belgium. He said the chancellor's professed acceptance of President Wilson's four principles was only "lip service."

While a report from Petrograd to London declared Germany had ordered its forces in Russia to halt their advance, an official Berlin statement declares the offensive is progressing. At Minsk 50,000 rifles and 2000 machine guns were captured.

The American sector in France was subjected to an attack by gas shells which had little effect. Tuesday's two gas attacks caused five deaths and the poisoning of about sixty American soldiers. The majority of those effected by the gas are not in a serious condition. German airplanes are still active over the American front.

FRIDAY.

On two sectors of the western front American soldiers have successfully countered the tactics of the enemy. Northwest of Toul, gunners have wiped out German batteries which bombarded American positions earlier in the week with gas shells. Along the Chemin-des-Dames our machine guns and artillery fire repulsed a strong enemy attack with losses.

On the British and French fronts there has been no change.

Although the American, British and French embassies have left Petrograd under the menace of the German advance, the Bolshevik government is reported as intending to return to its headquarters after having temporarily left the capital.

Meanwhile the current reports from Petrograd indicate a renewal of the German forward movement, although at a more measured pace.

SATURDAY.

Peace negotiations between Germany and the Bolshevik government apparently have been broken off again. Resumption of the German forward movement and the fact the Russian peace emissaries have asked a train under military guard to be sent to meet them near Pskov, indicate Teutonic aggression has not yet been satiated.

American soldiers on the front line in France have met the famous German "shock troops" for the first time and have outfought them. In two sectors—northwest of Toul and along the Chemin-des-Dames—the Germans failed in attempts to penetrate the positions held by the Americans.

The fight northwest of Toul resulted in a desperate hand-to-hand struggle. The Germans reached the American line only to be driven back with heavy losses. Dead were found in the American trenches and many enemy bodies were scattered over No Man's Land.

SUNDAY.

On the western front the Germans are becoming more active. Their raiding operations have increased in scope and are approaching the size of planned attacks. The attacks on the American sector, against the French in Champagne and elsewhere and against the British lines were in

greater strength than has been usual heretofore. The enemy artillery fire also in increasing on all the fronts. Except in Flanders the weather has been more favorable to military operations and the heralded German blow or blows may be made soon.

The German Socialists have bitterly attacked the peace treaty with Russia. In a debate in the reichstag there were charges that Germany and Austria already are quarrelling over the spoils of war and that the real truth of the situation in the east is being kept from the German public.

General Pershing reports one American officer and eight enlisted men killed in action.

The officer and the first five enlisted men in the list lost their lives in repulsing an extensive German raid near Toul, March 1. The names follow:

Second Lieutenant Harold F. Eadie, Tilton, N. H.; Sergeant Anthony Amodei, Baltimore, Md.; Privates Edgar Parsons, Obids, N. C.; Harry J. Henry, Logansport, Ind.; Mathew Brew, Fayette, N. D.; Hugh Weatherman, Beaman, Ia.; Sergeant Joseph P. Chaisson, Derby, Me.; Corporal Eph Boggs, Red Sacket, W. Va., and Cook Thomas S. Hardesty, El Paso, Texas.

Russians Raze Structures on Siberian Railroad.

The Russians have begun destroying bridges on the trans Siberian railroad between Lake Balkal and the Chinese frontier.

John B. Stevens, chairman of the American railway mission, reported this to the state department. This may prevent David R. Francis, the American ambassador, from reaching Vladivostok.

While without details, officials believe the Russians are destroying the bridges to prevent an expected advance of Japanese troops. A large number of other structures have been mined, Mr. Stevens also reported, so that they could be readily destroyed. Mr. Stevens, who sent his despatches from Yokohama, and therefore undoubtedly from Japanese intelligence sources, said it was reported the bridges already destroyed were near Chita, east of Lake Balkal.

Officials do not believe the destruction of the railroad is in any way part of a plan to prevent Mr. Francis and the other diplomats from leaving Russia if they choose to do so.

The only other explanation for destroying the railroads which officials can think of is the fact that there is a German prison camp near Chita and that Germans may have blown up the bridges with the double purpose of stopping movements of Japanese troops or intercepting Ambassador Francis.

At the state department it was said no decision had been reached as to the part the United States would take in Japan's plan for intervention in Siberia to prevent the railroad and immense quantities of war supplies from falling into the hands of the Germans.

One of the immediate effects of the signing of Germany's peace terms by the Russian Bolshevik representatives probably will be to bring to a quick conclusion negotiations among the allies and the United States.

There still is every indication the American government will join with the allies in agreeing to action by Japan alone, with an understanding as to the scope of any operations to be undertaken.

Even before the news the Russians formally had accepted the German terms came, it was understood exchanges on the subject were about ended.

President Wilson has been following the situation in Russia closely, particularly because of its close relation to the important step proposed by Toosan. There have been suggestions he might appear before congress soon to make a statement on the subject. No one professes to know his plans.

KILLS ONE, INJURES THREE

Garage Man Makes Effective Fight When Attacked in Home.

Attacked in his home at mid-night, Ralph Tate, of Uniontown, Pa., shot one man through the heart, killing him instantly, and injured three others with a crowbar.

Tate is forty years old. He runs a garage at Edenburg.

The dead man is Roman Best, twenty-three years old. Charles and I. J. Shank, brothers, and Stephen Peters were those injured.

Tate's son, a driver of a taxicab operating between Uniontown and Edenburg, picked the men up and took them to Edenburg. Upon arrival they asked to be taken to McClellandtown and thence to Palmer. Young Tate would not until they had paid their fare. When they refused he summoned his father. The latter ordered the taxicab placed in the garage and went in the house. The five men followed and in the hallway attacked him.

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First Lieutenant T. J. Hickey, of the Dental Corps, located at Camp McPherson, Chattanooga, Tenn., has been promoted to a Captaincy. Dr. Hickey is a son of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Hickey, of Littlestown, and a son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Johns, of Blue Gables.

Word has been received here of the safe arrival in France recently of Harry J. Sneringer, formerly of Brush Run, with the York Mfg. Ice Plant Company.

Private Charles Bucher, stationed at Camp Meade, spent several days at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bucher, near Bonneville. Guy Miller, also of Camp Meade, spent several days at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Miller, at the same place.

Corporal John H. Rutter, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Rutter, of Abbottstown, a member of Co. G, 29th Infantry, stationed at Camp Gaillard, Culabra, Panama, C. Z., left Abbottstown last week, after spending a week with his parents, on his return to New York City, from where he will embark in a few days on his return to Panama. Corporal Rutter says he is anxious to rejoin his command and also says that his command is slated for a move to the front on a very near date.

The Rev. P. J. Enright, assistant rector of St. Mary's Catholic church, McSherrystown, has received notice from officials of the British government now at Philadelphia, advising him that he is subject to a call for military service. The notice intimates that his services are needed by Great Britain. Before taking action on the matter he will consult with officials of the Harrisburg diocese of the Catholic church.

C. Wm. Duncan has resigned from the Naval Academy at Annapolis and is spending sometime at his home in Gettysburg before enlisting for active service with the Naval Reserves.

Hillery Kennedy, of Five Points, who has been stationed at Camp Meade, has been rejected and returned to his parental home on Thursday.

The battalions which left Gettysburg last fall for an Atlantic Port and later sailed from there for France are now seeing active service.

Mrs. Ella Swamley, of West High street, has received a letter from her son, Lieut. Bruce Swamley Eyttinge, who received his commission two weeks ago and expected to go overseas, but has received notice that he was to remain in North Toronto. He is the only officer who was kept over as an instructor, and has charge of one of the largest Aero Training Camps in Canada, an honor which he won because of his fine conduct and flying, that he was enabled to remain. Mrs. Swamley also received a letter from her son W. Heimer Swamley, who is now stationed at a camp at Fort Dodge, Iowa. He had been employed on a farm at Olin, Iowa, and was exempted from the first call but later recalled. Another son of Mrs. Swamley, Neely Swamley, has but recently been honorably discharged after serving four years with U. S. Marines.

Sergeant Walter Petry, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Petry, of Hanover, formerly of Ling's mill, near town, has written a letter to Charles Bower, of town, from somewhere in France, in which he states that he has seen active service "over there" and is feeling well and pleased with the country. He is a member of the U. S. Marines.

Harry J. Sferner, of Pleasant street, has received a letter from his son Maurice, a member of an Aero Squadron, in which he states that he arrived safely "over there," and is enjoying the best of health. He stated that the sea was very rough and that a U-boat was sighted, but disappeared without making any effort to harm them.

Waynesboro, Mar. 2—John Monn, 40 years old, shot and killed his wife this morning and then slashed his own throat with a pocket knife. He was hurried to the Chambersburg hospital, where slight hopes are held for his recovery. Jealousy is blamed for the man's deed.

Council Proceedings.

March 4.—The Council met this evening in regular monthly session; All members present; President Wagner presided; Minutes approved.

Street Committee.—Report made that broken tile near residence of C. A. Brashers has been fixed.

Joseph Holtz requested that a small gutter be dug along Bolton street so as to drain the water along said street to Golden Lane. Referred to street committee.

Complaint was made about water from cellar lift of I. W. Livingston running over pavement and outside of gutter in front of property of N. Ling in Lincoln Way, W.

Several letters were read in reference to price of crushed stone. Committee to purchase several loads to best advantage.

Water Committee.—On motion the committee was authorized to order needed supplies, such as service boxes, shut-offs, wrenches, etc.

Some changes were suggested in prices of water.

One tap for Mrs. Himes on High street, was reported.

Town Property.—The committee reported the following as having been received from Jos B. Weaver, former tapper:—1 pipe cutter, 1 vise, 1 service box, 2 cut-offs, 4 shut-off wrenches, 1 4-in. valve, 1 stock, 1 dye.

The tax rate for 1918 was agreed upon as follows:—For general purposes, 4 mills; For general water purposes 2½ mills; For Sinking Fund No 1, 3½ mills; For Sinking Fund No. 2, 2½ mills. Total 12½ mills.

Ordinance laying same will appear next week.

Finance Committee.—The President was authorized to renew note of \$750 due at the Farmers & Merchants Bank for four months. The committee was instructed to provide means for installing motors.

Bills to the amount of \$273.05 were approved and orders were granted for payment.

On motion of Mr. Taughinbaugh, seconded by Mr. Plymire, the Council voted to allow the Board of Trade to hold its meetings in the Council Chamber free of charge. The Board to allow the janitor compensation, if any, for extra firing, cleaning room, etc. T. E. B.

Sale Reports.

A total of \$4206 was reached at the public sale of H. L. Sponseller, in Mount Pleasant township, on Tuesday. A pair of horses brought \$400, a pair of mules \$381, a bay mare \$255, 10-months colt \$102, the best cow \$101, a brood sow \$73.

The sale of F. F. McDermitt, in Highland township, amounted to \$2486. The best cow sold for \$120, a sow and eight pigs for \$84, shoats \$15 each, heifer \$75, turkeys 33 cents a pound, chickens 33 cents a pound, and 34 cents.

C. W. Haverstock's sale, in Butler township, reached a total of \$1737.23. The best horse was sold for \$194, a sow and eight pigs for \$100, two year old colt \$96, shoats for \$12.25 to \$17, a two year heifer \$65.13, the best cow \$77.62.

The public sale of Washington Hoover, conducted on his farm near Stovers schoolhouse, amounted to \$1,507. An old pair of mules brought \$281; a pair coming 3 years old, \$205; horse, \$160; cows \$50 to \$82 per head; bull, \$80; two shoats, \$25.50. Mr. Hoover will move to the Larue farm, near East Berlin, which he purchased recently. His son, Mark Hoover, will occupy the farm.

The sale of Barnes and Cromer in Hamilton township on Friday amounted to \$3529.94. Shoats brought as much as \$19.50.

The sum of \$2,487 was realized Friday at the sale of Bert Eisenhart, conducted on the farm he tenanted near East Berlin. Seven cows that were sold averaged \$103 per head. Four horses brought \$97, \$141, \$150, \$160; heifer \$80. A record for brood sows was established. Three brought a total of \$220, selling for \$85, \$70 and \$85, none of which had a litter. Mr. Eisenhart will discontinue farming and remove to East Berlin.

The sale of William P. Baker, in Hamilton township on Saturday amounted to \$3,555. The highest priced horse was \$211 and the best cow brot \$109. Shoats weighing about 30 pounds brot \$9.50 and turkeys sold for 44 cents per pound.

At the sale of Jacob Price, on the J. N. Hersh farm, near the cross-pikes, on Monday, a horse sold for \$212; cows sold high as did also hogs, chickens, etc.

A mule brought \$201, cows sold as high as \$69 shoats \$10 to \$15, and everything offered brot good prices, at the sale of W. H. Becker, along the Lincoln Highway, at Brush Run Station, on Tuesday.

John Reed, formerly of New York, who is residing with his brother-in-law, John P. Rahn, at Brushstown, scalded his right leg, from the knee to the foot, when he slipped on the ice, upsetting a bucket of boiling water, recently.

Mrs. Jerome Storm, of McSherrystown, who was taken ill with acute indigestion, on Sunday, is improving.

Court Items.

At a session of court held on Monday afternoon argument was heard in the matter of motion for new trial in the case of the Com. against Bessie Toddes, in which a verdict of guilty was found at January term of court. No decision was given. On Monday evening Bessie Toddes was arrested by Sheriff Hartman on a charge of pandering. She was taken before Squire Appler and, upon failure to furnish bail in the sum of \$5000, was placed in jail.

J. Alfred Holtzworth, of Gettysburg received the appointment as county auditor to fill the unexpired term of Luther B. Slaybaugh, who resigned.

Cletus Clouser pleaded guilty to the charge of aiding two prisoners to escape from the county jail on October 8, 1917, and sentence was suspended. The prisoners were Thomas White alias John Smith, and William Anderson alias John Jones.

Robert Newman pleaded guilty to a charge of operating a motor vehicle under license other than that of its registration. Sentence was suspended in this also.

Two children of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence A. Heagy were legally adopted by others, Mr. and Mrs. William Jacoby, of Mt. Pleasant township, adopting their daughter, Lillian Viola; and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. P. Shultz the daughter, Mary Jane.

Hon. S. McC. Swope was appointed master to take testimony in the divorce proceedings of Nettie V. Myers vs LeRoy Myers.

Argument scheduled in two cases was continued. The cases were that of the Western Maryland Ry. Co. and that of Use Humbert and Krug against Cora Rahn and H. V. Rahn.

The following accounts were presented and confirmed:

George A. Herring admr. of the estate of Mary C. Herring, late of Franklin township. Balance \$1039.19.

A. J. Smith, admr. of the estate of Cecelia C. Smith, late of Mt. Pleasant township. Balance \$733.04.

C. H. Basehor, exr. of Amos Easehoar, late of Union township. Balance \$20.100.

H. L. and A. A. Tressler, Exrs. of Margaret Tressler, late of Liberty township. Balance \$226.20.

J. E. Bair, Jr., Exr. of John E. Bair, late of Littlestown. Balance \$6306.41.

H. J. and J. A. Bream, Exrs. of Jacob Bream, late of Huntington township. Balance \$281.20.

Barbara E. Bupp, Exr. of Jesse Bupp, late of East Berlin. Balance \$8427.44.

Geo. A. T. J. and H. A. Sheely, Exrs. of Joseph Sheely, late of Mt. Pleasant township. Balance \$10,331.88.

Dr. T. C. Miller, Exr. of Catharine Phillips, late of Abbottstown. Balance \$3,503.87.

The account of Mary E. and E. C. Tyson, Exrs. of C. J. Tyson, late of Menallen township, was continued.

Thomas, the 8-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Cleaver, of near York Springs, suffered a broken left arm on Thursday when he fell while walking on the snow near his home.

The large milk truck of the Hanover Creamery Co., while enroute to Bonneville, on Friday, in passing a load of hay ran too far to the side of the road, and stuck in the mud. It required six horses to pull the truck out.

Adam H. Seifert, residing near Mr. Royal, on Saturday, is said to have taken a quantity of paris green and by the time medical aid reached him, about four hours later, his condition had become serious. Whether or not Mr. Seifert took the poison by mistake, could not be ascertained. Mr. Seifert, who is 60 years old, remained conscious, even though the poison was spreading through his body.

According to H. F. Hershey, the farm agent for this county, the seed corn situation is a very critical one this year. Reports from all over the country indicate a very small percentage of corn will be fit for seed, and conditions in this county are not much better than other sections of the country. Those who have corn which they think might be available for seed may select samples of 25 ears from the crib and take six grains from each ear, two from near the end, two from the middle and two from near the tip from opposite sides of the ear. Mail the corn to H. F. Hershey, County Agent, Gettysburg, and it will be sent away for a germination test. Seed corn will be high in price this spring and scarce and this may be the means of locating corn throughout the county which will be available for seed purposes.

Message on Postage Stamps.

Government censors in Havana examining mail brought from Mexico by the Spanish steamer Regina Maria Christiana have found a package of letters containing a collection of postage stamps on which were a series of special markings, seemingly forming a secret code. The postal authorities will retain the stamps pending an investigation. The package is said to be addressed to a German consular officer in Spain.

A GENERAL SURVEY OF THE WAR

TUESDAY.

Germany, through her chancellor, Count von Hertling, declares a general peace can be discussed on the basis of the four principles laid down by President Wilson. The chancellor's acceptance was followed by the statement the principles must be recognized by all states and peoples which stage, he said, had not yet been reached.

Apparently the Germans have met resistance at Pskov in their march on Petrograd. One report has the city recaptured by the Bolsheviks and street fighting there is mentioned in other despatches from Petrograd.

Activity on the western front is confined to raids, artillery duels and air fighting and bombing. There has been an increase in the raiding operations along the Plave river, in Italy, but no change in positions has occurred.

WEDNESDAY.

Although the chancellor, Count von Hertling, has declared Germany's intentions in the east are not aggressive and aggrandizement, German military authorities have declined to grant an armistice in view of the Bolshevik offer to accept peace. German troops continue the onward march. The Bolsheviks are bending every effort to save the revolution and Petrograd from the hands of the invaders.

It is rumored the Germans have reached Luga, midway between Pskov and Petrograd.

North of the Chemin des Dames, where American troops were recently reported in the lines, two raids in force were attempted by the Germans.

THURSDAY.

No basis for peace is found in the speech of Count von Hertling by A. J. Balfour, the British secretary for foreign affairs. In making the first official reply to the chancellor in the house of commons, he rejected the German suggestions concerning Belgium. He said the chancellor's professed acceptance of President Wilson's four principles was only "lip service."

While a report from Petrograd to London declared Germany had ordered its forces in Russia to halt their advance, an official Berlin statement declares the offensive is progressing. At Minsk 50,000 rifles and 2000 machine guns were captured.

The American sector in France was subjected to an attack by gas shells which had little effect. Tuesday's two gas attacks caused five deaths and the poisoning of about sixty American soldiers. The majority of those effected by the gas are not in a serious condition. German airplanes are still active over the American front.

FRIDAY.

On two sectors of the western front American soldiers have successfully countered the tactics of the enemy. Northwest of Toul, gunners have wiped out German batteries which bombarded American positions earlier in the week with gas shells. Along the Chemin-des-Dames our machine guns and artillery fire repulsed a strong enemy attack with losses.

On the British and French fronts there has been no change.

Although the American, British and French embassies have left Petrograd under the menace of the German advance, the Bolshevik government is reported as intending to return to its headquarters after having temporarily left the capital.

Meanwhile the current reports from Petrograd indicate a renewal of the German forward movement, although at a more measured pace.

SATURDAY.

Peace negotiations between Germany and the Bolshevik government apparently have been broken off again. Resumption of the German forward movement and the fact the Russian peace emissaries have asked a train under military guard to be sent to meet them near Pskov, indicate Teutonic aggression has not yet been satiated.

American soldiers on the first line in France have met the famous German "shock troops" for the first time and have outfought them. In two sectors—northwest of Toul and along the Chemin-des-Dames—the Germans failed in attempts to penetrate the positions held by the Americans.

The fight northwest of Toul resulted in a desperate hand-to-hand struggle. The Germans reached the American line only to be driven back with heavy losses. Dead were found in the American trenches and many enemy bodies were scattered over No Man's Land.

SUNDAY.

On the western front the Germans are becoming more active. Their raiding operations have increased in scope and are approaching the size of planned attacks. The attacks on the American sector, against the French in Champagne and elsewhere and against the British lines were in

greater strength last been usual heretofore. The enemy artillery fire also in increasing on all the fronts. Except in Flanders the weather has been more favorable to military operations and the heralded German blow or blows may be made soon.

The German Socialists have bitterly attacked the peace treaty with Russia. In a debate in the reichstag there were charges that Germany and Austria already are quarrelling over the spoils of war and that the real truth of the situation in the east is being kept from the German public.

General Pershing reports one American officer and eight enlisted men killed in action.

The officer and the first five enlisted men in the list lost their lives in repulsing an extensive German raid near Toul, March 1. The names follow:

Second Lieutenant Harold F. Eadie, Tilton, N. H.; Sergeant Anthony Amodeo, Baltimore, Md.; Privates Edgar Parsons, Obids, N. C.; Harry J. Henry, Logansport, Ind.; Mathew Brew, Fayette, N. D.; Hugh Weatherman, Beaman, Ia.; Sergeant Joseph P. Chaisson, Derby, Me.; Corporal Eph Boggs, Red Sacket, W. Va., and Cook Thomas S. Hardesty, El Paso, Texas.

Russians Raze Structures on Siberian Railroad.

The Russians have begun destroying bridges on the trans-Siberian railroad between Lake Balkal and the Chinese frontier.

John F. Stevens, chairman of the American railway mission, reported this to the state department. This may prevent David R. Francis, the American ambassador, from reaching Vladivostok.

While without details, officials believe the Russians are destroying the bridges to prevent an expected advance of Japanese troops. A large number of other structures have been mined, Mr. Stevens also reported, so that they could be readily destroyed.

Mr. Stevens, who sent his despatches from Yokohama, and therefore undoubtedly from Japanese intelligence sources, said it was reported the bridges already destroyed were near Chita, east of Lake Balkal.

Officials do not believe the destruction of the railroad is in any way part of a plan to prevent Mr. Francis and the other diplomats from leaving Russia if they choose to do so.

The only other explanation for destroying the railroads which officials can think of is the fact that there is a German prison camp near Chita and that Germans may have blown up the bridges with the double purpose of stopping movements of Japanese troops or intercepting Ambassador Francis.

At the state department it was said no decision had been reached as to the part the United States would take in Japan's plan for intervention in Siberia to prevent the railroad and immense quantities of war supplies from falling into the hands of the Germans.

One of the immediate effects of the signing of Germany's peace terms by the Russian Bolshevik representatives probably will be to bring to a quick conclusion negotiations among the allies and the United States.

There still is every indication the American government will join with the allies in agreeing to action by Japan alone, with an understanding as to the scope of any operations to be undertaken.

Even before the news the Russians formally had accepted the German terms came, it was understood exchanges on the subject were about ended.

President Wilson has been following the situation in Russia closely, particularly because of its close relation to the important step proposed by Japan. There have been suggestions he might appear before congress soon to make a statement on the subject. No one professes to know his plans.

KILLS ONE, INJURES THREE

Garage Man Makes Effective Fight When Attacked in Home.

Attacked in his home at midnight, Ralph Tato, of Uniontown, Pa., shot one man through the heart, killing him instantly, and injured three others with a crowbar.

Tato is forty years old. He runs a garage at Edensburg.

The dead man is Roman Best, twenty-three years old. Charles and I. J. Shank, brothers, and Stephen Peters were those injured.

Tato's son, a driver of a taxicab operating between Uniontown and Edensburg, picked the men up and took them to Edensburg. Upon arrival they asked to be taken to McClellandtown and thence to Palmer. Young Tato would not until they had paid their fare. When they refused he summoned his father. The latter ordered the taxicab placed in the garage and went in the house. The five men followed and in the hallway attacked him.

The Gusher

By George Elmer Cobb

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Oil, nothing but oil—oil leases, oil royalties, oil indications, oil gushers, dry holes, prospects—the air was charged with it, people thought, dreamed, talked of little else.

Even the name of the little town had been changed. Once it was Rosaline, now it was Oil City. Strange men invaded it. Queer machinery rigs came lumbering into town. A saloon sprang up, two of them—an old warehouse was transformed into a temporary hotel, eggs were scarce at any money, board and lodging brought all kinds of fancy prices, provisions had fabulous values, and land—anything near the newly discovered field—was bid for, bartered for, surrounded by a constantly increasing crowd of speculators.

Jim Colby at the little town caught fire with the rest of them. An "Exchange" had been opened by a shrewd lawyer where investors could be supplied with maps, charts, abstracts and guides.

"Think they hit the pick of the earth, eh?" remarked Jim in his easy, dubious way.

"Don't you, Jim?" inquired a friend. "Well, I've got two forty-acre pieces down at Glasgow creek and never fancied there was oil there. You can have them cheap."

"How cheap? Get your papers, I'll deal on the nail head for cash," eag-



"You've Bored in the Wrong Place."

ly spoke up Harley Grove. He was a man Jim Colby did not like—and for a reason—but Jim said equally enough:

"I suppose you can bid if you want to," and went home to get the papers covering his two forties.

But something changed Jim's purpose he had not anticipated. When he got home he found a note under the door of the little cabin, undoubtedly left by some wagoner or special messenger from the creek settlement. He rushed and his breath came quick as he read the signature, and he pressed his lips to the scrap of paper with a fervent:

"Dear little lady! Only a cold 'Dear Mr. Colby,' but maybe she's changed her mind." The "mind" of Janice Wetherell, a widow of twenty-two, with a little three-year-old child, and who lived at the little settlement at Glasgow creek, was that twenty times she had refused to marry loveless Jim Colby. She was wise, stern, sometimes harsh, when Jim approached her, but he never could fathom her motive in turning him away.

"I'll do it!" cried Jim, influenced suddenly by some strong impulse, "I've always believed that what Janice had against me was my shiftless, roving ways. I dabbled in mines, horses, land, and never got anywhere. If this oil fever gets me I'll waste time and money, and the steady going little hardware business I've worked up will go to pot. No, sir-ree! I'll keep steadily plodding along, patiently, and see if that helps me any with Janice."

Jim Colby went back downtown. He had a deed to one forty-acre tract made out to Janice Wetherell. The other he put up at auction and Harley Grove, gambler, speculator, had man generally when aroused, bid it in for one thousand dollars, and his sinister eyes glowed as he realized the bargain he had made.

Then with all eagerness Jim saddled a horse and got down to the creek settlement. The young widow occupied a neat little cottage with her mother and child. She greeted Jim pleasantly, yet with a certain constraint.

"I have sent for you for your own good, Mr. Colby," she said, as they were seated. "Your dead sister was my closest schoolyard chum, I have known you and your folks for years. I want to be your friend. They have found oil down the creek. That man Grove was here with experts, who were tramping all over your land. For once, Mr. Colby, don't throw away

your chances. They will try to get the land cheap."

"They have already," announced Jim undisturbedly. "I sold one forty to Grove this morning."

"Oh, Mr. Colby!"

"The other I decided to you."

"Why! I cannot accept it."

"It's on record. If it amounts to anything it's in safe hands. Everything ships through my poor fingers."

"Even you," he added, mournfully.

Her lips trembled, her eyes seemed to pierce his very soul, but she did not speak the wild thought consuming her.

"Go away," she almost sobbed. "Oh, that I have to say it!"

"What's the answer?" communed poor Jim with himself, returning to town. "It seems as if at times she is just going to throw herself in my arms and then again I feel as if she was judging me. What for? I never wronged a single human being that I know of."

And then came a happening that carried the whole township off its feet, and for a time even Jim forgot his love sorrows. At midnight a group of mad, excited horsemen dashed through the town, arousing people from their beds with the thrilling announcement that oil had been struck on Glasgow creek and a two thousand barrel "gusher" was inundating Jim Colby's forty acres.

Jim was at the scene at daylight. Grove was there with a rig gang and friends. Opulence stared him in the face and he could scarcely contain himself. "It was a fair deal. I took the risk in buying," he said to Jim, in his own selfish way believing Jim's mind to be filled with envy of his good luck.

"Oh, yes, the deal was all fair," responded Jim quietly, "only you've made a mistake."

"How is that?"

"You've bored in the wrong place. That gusher is on the land I have made over to Mrs. Wetherell."

The rage, chagrin, bitterness, disappointment of Grove were frightful in their expression. Jim hired some men to confine the flow, then he sought out Mrs. Wetherell.

"You are a rich woman," he told her. "You have heard the news?"

"Yes," she said, "but I am rich only so far as I am your trustee."

"Oh, you think you can sustain that attitude, eh?" called Jim.

"I shall, in all justice," declared Janice resolutely.

"Well, I'm glad I've done one kind act in the world," said Jim, turning to depart. "Little Janice and the old folks will never want."

"Jim!"

He had reached the door. That name, for the first time spoken by Janice, electrified him like a pistol shot. He turned in a flash. She was wavering where she stood, her heart seemed bursting. Her arms were outstretched, yet she was shrinking.

"Only Norma Richards," she waited. "Oh, if she could be banished from my memory. Her cruel abandonment, her miserable death! Oh, Jim!"

He seemed to grow taller, nobler. The truth had suddenly flashed upon him.

"Janice," he said, "do you mean to tell me that all these years you believed it was I who lured poor Norma Richards to elope, married her and then left her to wretchedness and poverty to die in the great city?"

"You were with her in the city."

"Yes; when I discovered her destitute, dying. It was I who took her to her mother. It was I who buried her, the deserted wife of that heartless scoundrel, Harley Grove."

"Oh, Jim, the cruel years! And I doubted you! No, I am unworthy of you!"

But he had her in his arms, and held her there.

An Editor's Fondest Hope.

On the twenty-seventh anniversary of the founding of the New York Tribune its editor expressed himself in a paragraph that begins like a veritable quotation from "Poor Richard" and in its conclusion shows Horace Greeley at his best:

"Fame is a vapor, popularity an accident, riches take wings, the only earthly certainty is oblivion. No man can foresee what a day may bring forth, while those who cheer today will often curse tomorrow. And yet I cherish the hope that the journal I projected and established will live and flourish long after I shall have moldered into forgotten dust, being guided by a larger wisdom, a more unerring sagacity to discover the right, though not by a more unflinching readiness to embrace and defend it at whatever personal cost; and that the stone which covers my ashes may bear to future eyes the still intelligible inscription, 'Founder of the New York Tribune.'"

Joke Was on Artist.

It is related that the late Phil May, the famous black-and-white artist, was once staying at a well-known resort near Sydney, N. S. W., and he and the proprietor of his hotel, an enormously stout man, who was quite a local celebrity, had a slight quarrel. The artist thought he would get even by drawing a frightful caricature, which he stuck in a window just before leaving the place. Later on, however, he heard that the hotel proprietor had scored heavily by having the caricature reproduced and selling thousands of copies of it at sixpence each. Phil May's drawing figured also in the future of the landlord's cards and circulars, and proved a magnificent advertisement.

To the Point of Sacrifice.

"Have you given up anything to buy Liberty bonds?"

"No, but I've bought several bonds."

"Well, you haven't bought enough."

BOILS SON'S BODY IN A SOAP VAT

Colorado Farmer Accused of Trying to Cover Up Evidence of Crime.

KILLED FOR STEALING

Aged Mother of Inhuman Father Assists in Disposing of Boy's Remains, Declaring Son Forced Her to Help.

Olathe, Colo.—Dismembering the body of his 11-year-old son with an ax, John O. Bush, a well-known farmer residing near here, coolly prepared a large soap vat, filled it with water and lye, and then placed the mutilated remains of the body in the vessel after kindling a fire beneath it. The farmer was assisted in his brutal act by his aged mother, Mrs. Nancy J. Bush, eighty-four years old, who later told officers that she had afterward killed her son and disposed of his body in like manner. Her story is not believed, and vigorous search is being made for Bush, who is thought to be in hiding in the vicinity.

Mrs. Bush, the officers claim, confessed assisting in the work of destroying her grandson's body, saying Bush held a rifle at her head and threatened her with death until she agreed to do his bidding. After the boy's body had been boiled, Bush lay down to sleep, and his mother, fearing lest he might attempt her life, picked up an ax he had carried to his bedside and struck him on the head. "He never moved again," she said, "and I disposed of his body like we did the boy's." In reciting all the details of the murder, the aged woman remained cool and collected.

Boy's Killing Accidental.

According to Mrs. Bush, her son sought to chastise the boy for theft of a small amount of money. He called the boy outdoors and returned a few minutes later with the news that something had happened. "I hit him too hard, I guess," he told his mother. "You will have to help me out of this scrape."

After being threatened with death unless she aided him, Mrs. Bush says she assisted in chopping the dead boy's body to pieces and placing it in the vat. The couple kept the grewsome affair a secret until a sister of Bush visited the house and found bones scat-



Was Assisted by His Aged Mother.

tered about the yard and blood smeared on the walls of a shed. She notified the police and they conducted a search, which revealed the boy's clothing and buttons. Then the aged mother of the slayer confessed, and, in order to protect her son, added the story that she killed him. Officers could find no traces of the man's body, and when Mrs. Bush was confronted with this fact, she repudiated in part her first story.

SOUGHT IDEAS, NOT A SHAVE

Innocent Customer Never Knew Why He Almost Swallowed Brushful of Lather.

Oklahoma City, Okla.—A tall, gloomy looking man walked into a Broadway barber shop and sat down. The place was crowded, but soon his turn came.

"You're next!" shouted a short, fat barber.

The tall, gloomy man made no move. When the next chair was vacant, still the stranger made no move to get into a chair.

After this happened a half dozen times the head barber stepped up to the tall stranger and asked if anything was wrong.

"Well, brother," drawled the tall man. "I'm a freshman in this here barber college down the street, and I thought I'd kinder drop in here to get a few professional pointers. Good day."

An entirely innocent customer in the head barber's chair never knew why he almost swallowed a brushful of lather.

BOY TELLS AWFUL TALE OF CRUELTY

Shocking Story of Inhumanity—Outrivals the Experience of Oliver Twist.

Morris, Ill.—Paul Hatcher, through his sister, Mrs. Caroline Sparr, has filed suit against his father, Frank Hatcher, asking separate guardianship and alleging a tale of cruelty outrivaling that of Oliver Twist fame. The allegations, in brief, follow:

"Forced to arise at four, do chores until nine, and then run to school; stepmother lied about him to father, induced latter to beat him, denied him same food as other members of family,



Was Whipped Until Water Was Red With Blood.

gave him food inferior to that supplied servants and permitted him to sit at table only at evening meal.

"Was given meat only on Sunday and then only half a chicken's wing; when he refused to permit stepmother to bathe him, she told his father and he was whipped until water in tub was red with blood; forced to wear long, toothless stockings although was wearing long pants; forced to keep clothes and dress in basement without sufficient toilet articles.

"Received dollar a week for summer weeks, but payments were evaded by imposition of fines."

The boy is under care of a physician and feeling against the boy's father and stepmother runs high.

WILL ROB 20; THEN LEAVE

Jersey City Highwayman Defiantly Notifies Police of Proposed Depredations.

Jersey City, N. J.—Jersey City is reluctantly hiding a highwayman who has given his word as to the number of his intended victims and who apparently proposes to keep it.

"I'll rob twenty before I escape from this town," he defiantly notified the police.

He has seventeen victims to his credit and it is very probable the New Jersey police will draw a breath of relief after the report of the twentieth robbery.

LOSES THREE LEGS, YET HOLDS ORIGINAL TWO

Bristol, Conn.—How Sergeant "Billy" Thompson of this place, who went over to France with the One Hundred and Second Regiment, lost three legs and is still able to walk is explained in a letter which he has just sent home to his folks. Sergeant Thompson writes:

"It is real enjoyment to watch the fellows when the mail from home comes in. One man opens a letter and reads to me that 'Billy' Thompson has lost his left leg and will be home as soon as they can send him. A little later another man comes up and shows me a letter from home which says that Sergeant Thompson has lost both legs, and is expected to live. Still another letter said I was seriously wounded, according to reports from home. Well, after losing the three legs, I still have the two I brought over with me."

FELON QUARTERS NOW EMPTY

For the First Time in Many Weeks Those in Yolo Jail Are Unoccupied.

Woodland, Cal.—For the first time in many weeks the felon quarters at the Yolo county jail were empty recently. With the departure of Joe Guerrero, convicted of bean thefts, for San Quentin, went the last of the prisoners in the felons' department.

There are but two men and one woman left in the jail. The two men are "vags" and the woman is Kate Frost, murderess, who is waiting the outcome of an appeal taken to the higher court.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

From the maple a voice from the willow a sigh.
From the marshes soft odors that bring
To the eyes that can see, to the ears that can hear
The news of the coming of spring.

WAYS WITH MEAT.

A dish which will take the place of meat and is most nourishing is Philadelphia scrapple. Take a cleaned pig's head and boil until the flesh slips easily from the bones. Remove all the bones and chop the meat. Set aside the liquor in which the head was cooked until cold, then take off the fat. Return the liquor to the heat and boil, add cornmeal to make a mush and cook until well done, then stir in the chopped meat and any seasonings desired. Some like a little sage with the pepper and salt. Pour the mush into a mold which will form vice-shaped slices and set away to become firm. Slice and fry for any meal. This makes a very popular Southern breakfast dish. One may use any bits of chopped meat, or pork scraps left from trying out pork rather than the pig's head if preferred.

Chopped Steak.—Put two pounds of round steak twice through the meat chopper, season with pepper and onion juice, form into a flat cake and place in a greased baking pan over a hot fire. Brown and then salt well the browned side and quickly brown the other. Set in a hot oven to finish cooking and serve with a brown sauce made from the liquor in the pan.

Leg of Mutton Cooked in Cider.—Buy the leg of mutton several days before using it. Wipe and rub with the following mixture of spices: A half teaspoonful of cinnamon, the same of allspice and cloves, pepper, nutmeg and ginger. Rub these into the meat well, making pockets to hold them under the skin in places. Let stand two days. When wanted to roast place in a large pan with four chopped onions and a cupful of seedless raisins. Pour over it two quarts of sweet cider and cover with oiled paper or another pan. Put into a hot oven and when the meat is well browned reduce the heat, basting and cooking slowly for two hours. Add salt a teaspoonful to the pound as it goes into the pan to roast. Be sure it is well rubbed in. Serve with the sauce boiled down until thick. Strain, remove the fat and turn into a sauceboat.

Eggs and "they says" are brittle; beware.

For an egg once broken, and a "they says" once spoken,
Will never, no never, become whole by repair.

AN ONION A DAY.

The good old odoriferous bulb when it is digested and enjoyed should appear often (at least twice a week in some form) on our tables. The onion contains a richness of mineral matter and acids most healthful in keeping the body in condition. Steak smothered in onions is a dish well liked by most. Slice the onions and crisp them in cold water and dry quickly in a cloth, then drop them into a frying pan with a little hot suet; put in the steak and cover it after both sides are well browned with the onions. Cover and let cook a few minutes and serve piping hot with the onions.

Onions on Toast.—Chop six onions fine, then boil them 20 minutes in a little salted water. Drain and add a tablespoonful of butter and serve on buttered toast in tiny mounds, the top of each garnished with a sprig of parsley.

Onions unpeeled, thrown into a bed of coals, covered and allowed to roast until tender, may be peeled without loss, seasoned with salt, pepper, cream or butter, and served, making a dish especially tasty.

Deviled Onions.—Mince six boiled onions and add to a thick white sauce, using a tablespoonful each of butter and flour with three-fourths of a cupful of milk; to this add the minced onion, the finely mashed yolks of two hard-cooked eggs, one tablespoonful of minced parsley and a seasoning of salt and pepper. A little lemon juice may also be added. Butter scallop shells or small ramekins, fill with the mixture, sprinkle with buttered crumbs, and brown.

Onions With Cheese.—This is a dish which will take the place of meat, as it is highly nutritious. Place a layer of cheese, finely minced, and a layer of rich white sauce in a baking dish; repeat until the dish is full, and cover with a thick layer of buttered crumbs. Bake until thoroughly hot. A rich cheese should be used, as the heating will often make an inferior cheese stringy.

Cabbage may be served in the same way.

Better Than an Alarm Clock.

Excuse—"Why not have Bridget shut the kitchen door mornings? One can smell the breakfast all 'over the house." Mrs. Exe—"Shut the kitchen door? I guess not. The smell is all that gets the family up."—Boston Evening Transcript.

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try **Murine Eye Remedy**
No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. 50¢ a bottle.
Druggists or Mail Order for Free Eye Book.
MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

Rheumacide

Have you RHEUMATISM Lumbago or Gout?

Take RHEUMACIDE to remove it because it drives the poison from the system.
"ELUCIDATION OF THE ISSUE"
AT ALL DRUGGISTS
Jas. Bailey & Son, Wholesale Distributors
Baltimore, Md.

WHY NOT UTILIZE YOUR SPARE TIME

And Sell Our Fertilizers in Your Locality
A large, pleasant and profitable business can be worked up with a small effort on your part. We will assist you if you wish in the sale of our brands not only by undertaking an advertising campaign but also by sending one of our representatives to help you.

Write us immediately if interested, before your territory is taken.

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BRANCH: SEASIDE, N.J.

Dr. David Roberts

ARE YOU BARREN COUS? Are your males or sows troubled with Abortion? Overcome the difficulty by feeding

Dr. David Roberts' BREEDING TONIC Price \$1.00

It acts on the organs of reproduction and puts the animal in better breeding condition.

Read the Practical Home Veterinarian, sent for free booklet on Abortion in Cows. If no dealer in your town, write Dr. David Roberts, Vet. Co., 100 Grand Avenue, Waukegan, Wis.

AMERICAN FLAG MFG. CO., EASTON, PA.

Okla. has more multi-millionaires than any other state, except New York. Men poor to-day are independent to-morrow. Send for free catalogue of flags and decorations. We make more and better flags than any other concern in the world. Prices same as before the war.

AMERICAN FLAG MFG. CO., EASTON, PA.

FORMULA for making artificial coal, apple butter without apples and cereal coffee, sent postpaid for dime. A. Benham, Woodford, Wis.

True to Tradition.

An English, Irish and Scottish soldier were returning to camp after a stroll. They were footsore and tired, and a kindly farmer on his way home from market gave them a lift on the road.

The soldiers were very grateful and wished to reward the farmer for his kindness.

Said the Englishman: "Let's stand him a drink!"

"Sure," said Pat, "that is agin the law. Let's give him some haccy!"

"Hoot, ma laddies!" interjected the Scot. "Don't be extravagant. Let's shake hands with the man and wish him good night."—TH-Bits.

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

will quiet your cough, soothe the inflammation of a sore throat and lungs, stop irritation in the bronchial tubes, insuring a good night's rest, free from coughing and with easy expectation in the morning. Made and sold in America for fifty-two years. A wonderful prescription, assisting Nature in building up your general health and throwing off the disease. Especially useful in lung trouble, asthma, croup, bronchitis, etc. For sale in all civilized countries.—Adv.

Retribution.

R. D. Cooper, president of the Dairy-men's League, said at a banquet in New York:

"Farmers should marry. A bachelor farmer is a solecism. No farmer, though, should marry a wife as he buys a tractor—for the work he can get out of her."

Mr. Cooper smiled.

"The farmer who marries," he ended, "thinking he can do nothing without a wife, is apt to discover afterward that he can do nothing with her."

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrh. It is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Druggists 75c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Not Good Boon Companions.

I'd never accept an invitation to drink with a doctor.

"Why not?"

"Because even when they treat a man they make him pay for it."

Garfield Tea, by purifying the blood, eradicates rheumatism, dyspepsia and many chronic ailments. Adv.

A forestry service is to be established in China with the hope of bringing down the price of lumber.

Piles Cured in 6 to 10 Days. Druggists refund money if PAIN EXPELLER fails to cure itching, blind, bleeding or protruding Piles. First application gives relief. 50c.

A large percentage of pencils is being made from California incense cedar.

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

Canada has handled \$1,000,000,000 in bullion for the Bank of England since the war began.

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try **Murine Eye Remedy**
No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. 50¢ a bottle.
Druggists or Mail Order for Free Eye Book.
MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

New Oxford Item.

THURSDAY, MARCH 30, 1916.

Local Happenings.

Mrs. Jacob Smith, last week, removed from near Guldens Station, to Littlestown. Park Gardner, of Huntington township, has sold 14 acres of land to Charles Nangle, at \$73 per acre.

T. A. Noel, of near Square Corner, Mt. Pleasant township, recently lost a valuable horse by death.

The Reading township supervisors last week received a new and latest improved reversible road scraper.

Harry Whorley and family, last week moved from the Sherrhart farm, Hamilton township, to McSherrytown.

The machinery for the Hershey creamery and condensing plant at East Berlin, has arrived and is being installed.

P. C. Smith, Esq., of East Berlin, last week purchased the John Wisler property at Round Hill, at public sale for \$1200.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Chronister, of Abbotstown, a son To Mr. and Mrs. John Trostle, of Bermudian, a daughter.

Sheep brought record prices at the sale of R. C. Withrow, in Cumberland township. The average price paid for them was \$17.

Chas. H. Robinson, of the Bon-Ton restaurant, had a Bell telephone installed in his place of business on Hanover street, last week.

John Motter, of near Hanover, sold his dairy route which he has been conducting for the past six years to Robert Bollinger, of Midway.

Several exceptionally large flocks of wild geese going in a westerly direction, passed over town about 7 o'clock on Monday morning.

An ordinary manx gobbler at the sale of Ernest Manahan, of near Gettysburg, last week, for \$7.16 while, a horse sold for \$2.50.

Guyon A. Smith, of Hanover street, held the lucky number that drew the large chocolate rabbit, disposed of at the West End restaurant.

Miss Nina Sherman, of Littlestown, has resigned her position in the Strevig store and will pursue a course of training at the York City Hospital.

The Rev. E. Bruce Jacobs, son of E. E. Jacobs, of Abbotstown, has been elected to a charge at Thomville, Ohio, and will enter upon his duties there in May.

W. R. Sammel, a senior at Gettysburg college, has developed a case of measles and is quarantined in his home. Mr. Sammel is the leader of the college orchestra.

Mrs. Irene Dudgeon, of York, has purchased the good will and fixtures of the Union Hotel in McSherrytown, and will take possession of the hotel on April 1st.

Mrs. John H. Brown, who resides along the Chambersburg turnpike, near Gettysburg, had the misfortune to fall down a flight of stairs at her home on Tuesday night, and break her arm.

David Hartman, who for several years has been employed by W. J. Miller in the butchering business, has removed from the J. F. Rieckrode house on Hanover St., to his mother's farm, near Cashtown.

Samuel Altland, of East Berlin, employed at the Aaron Siegrist mills, met with a painful mishap, recently, when he had a finger of his left hand mashed while making some repairs to the large mill truck.

Tripping over an object at the head of a flight of stairs at her home near Seven Stars, on Tuesday evening, Mrs. John Brown fell down the steps, breaking one of her arms between the elbow and wrist.

Sheriff Howard Hartman has issued executions on the theatre property of John F. Walter and wife, in Gettysburg, and the date of sale is set as April 15th. The theatre property was sold at assignee sale about a year ago.

Gloyd Long, of South Water street, an employee of the Livingston Shoe Factory, will have public sale of household goods on April 15th, when he, with his family, will move to Lancaster, where he has secured employment.

H. C. Brinton, proprietor of the Bala Fruit Farm, near Abbotstown, has had an electric lighting system installed in his buildings. The power for operating the plant is secured through a small stream of water near the buildings.

About forty relatives and friends, tendered Michael Livingston a surprise party at his home on Lincoln Way, West, on Thursday evening. A very enjoyable time was had by the participants. Refreshments were served in abundance.

Guy the youngest son of Joseph Bevenour, of near Kohler's school-house, while at play on Sunday at his home, fell from the roof of the wagon shed, dislocating the elbow of his right arm. A local physician gave necessary attention.

While Paul Miller was trimming a rose bush at his home on Carlisle street, on Saturday afternoon, the knife which he was using slipped and cut a gash to the bone in the index finger of his left hand. A local physician dressed the wound.

The name of Dr. C. P. Gettler has been substituted for Dr. Elmer Buckley's for the appointment as postmaster of the Littlestown postoffice. President Wilson has withdrawn Buckley's name and recommended Gettler for the appointment to the Senate.

Harry Smith has removed from the tenement house at the New Oxford Flouring Mills, to the farm of John Kellenberger, near Irishtown. Walter H. Beamer, residing on the H. W. Hoffnagle farm, Mt. Pleasant township, will occupy the house vacated by Mr. Smith.

The dates for the big reunions at Pen Mar the coming season have been arranged by the parties and the Western Maryland Railroad Company. The dates are as follows: Reformed—July 20; Lutheran—July 27; Presbyterian—August 3; Odd Fellows—August 10.

Adison Leer, of Straban township, will move to Cumberland county in the near future. Mr. Leer owned several farms in this county and recently disposed of them. He, in turn, purchased a large farm near Newville and will go there with his family within a short time.

One of the worst stretches of road on the Lincoln Highway, between Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, is claimed to exist right here in New Oxford, and it is located between The Tread building and Eastern borough limits. A number of autos were stuck in the mud here on Sunday.

Linus Smith, an employee of the Livingston shoe factory, has removed from Lincoln Way, West, to the John Gulden farm, near Brush Run schoolhouse, succeeding John W. Herman, who removed to the old Ginter property along the Bonneauville road, which he recently purchased from George Osborne.

The Cumberland Valley State Normal School at Shippensburg closed on Wednesday for the Spring vacation of ten days. Over 150 pupils have enrolled for the spring term. Four new teachers will be secured. The stockholders of the institution are considering a proposition to sell the place to the State.

To make arrangements for the annual county convention and to plan the work for the coming year, the executive committee of the Adams County Sabbath School Association met in Gettysburg in an important business session on Friday evening. The executive committee is composed of the county officer and the district presidents.

Thieves visited the premises of three prominent farmers, in the vicinity of Black's schoolhouse, recently, and took from William Crouse's stable a calf, weighing about 200 pounds, and a calf from William Brown, about two weeks old, and a calf from Charles Maus, weighing about 200 pounds. The stealing was done on Sunday night.

In the case of Eline against the Western Maryland Railway Company, the Supreme Court on Monday morning handed down an opinion reversing the lower court, and allowing a verdict.

The suit was transferred from York to Adams County and involves the claim of Annie K. Eline on account of the killing of her husband at a railroad crossing near York.

W. F. Oswald, manager of the Gettysburg plant of the Auburn Shale Brick Co., and secretary and treasurer of the company since its organization 13 years ago, stated Monday morning that he had severed his relations with the concern, the resignation to take effect April 1. He has a number of other interests and will continue to reside in Gettysburg.

To announce the gift of a new pipe organ to the Gettysburg Theological Seminary, Mr. and Mrs. William Grecht, of Baltimore, entertained at a dinner on Thursday evening the members of the seminary and college faculties with their wives. In announcing the gift at banquet he said that he would give \$1000 for the purpose, or \$1200 if needed. "I wouldn't mind making it even more than that," he commented.

The social entertainment and supper by members and friends of W. C. No. 22, P. O. S. of A., held in the Camp room, in the Livingston building on Friday night was a grand success. About 250 persons participated. Music was a feature of the entertainment. Among the invited guests were the Revs. C. W. Becker and W. E. Garrett, both of whom delivered short but appropriate addresses. The menu consisted of soup, oysters, celery, pickles, cakes, coffee, brick ice cream, etc., prepared by Mrs. J. H. Plymire and assistants.

The duplicate of county tax and tax on money at interest have been completed the various districts by Clerk Yohe and have been placed in the hands of the various collectors. These taxes form the principal source of income for the county and are levied on real estate, live stock, etc., for the county tax and on various forms of investments. The rate in each case is four mills. The total tax for county purposes is \$54,760.74 this year, as compared with \$54,297.97 last year. The total of tax on money at interest is increased from \$16,726.90 last year, to \$17,010.99.

Dry goods merchants now hear of an impending linen famine. It is caused by the war, and if conditions reach a point predicted by dealers in the big cities, it will practically bring about a "cotton age" in this country. It is said that the war has worked such havoc with the linen industry that imports now amount to a "mere nothing." Before the conflict the imports ran into the millions. France, Belgium, Ireland, Germany, Russia and Austria have heretofore supplied the United States with linen, but these countries are so busy fighting that the production of flax has dwindled almost to a standstill. It is predicted that it will be two or three years after the close of the war before the linen industry regains its normal standing. During this period makers of fabrics must fall back upon cotton.

Death Follows

Second Operation. Wilmore, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Deatrick, of Tyrone township, beyond New Chester, died at the West Side Sanatorium, York, at 10:45 o'clock on Monday morning. Young Deatrick underwent an operation for appendicitis at his home at 3 o'clock on Friday morning, March 17th. The operation, performed by Dr. Meisenholder, of the West Side Sanatorium, was apparently successful, and the boy seemed to be improving. However, peritonitis set in and he was removed to the hospital, in E. C. Livingston's car, accompanied by the family physician, Dr. Geo. H. Seaks, on Sunday morning and the second operation followed, but the patient failed to rally and death ensued at the time stated. The body was brought to the undertaking establishment of W. A. Feiser in the afternoon where it was prepared for burial and removed to his late home in the evening. Wilmore, who was aged 15 years, 8 months and 17 days, was an intelligent and promising young man, a studious and obedient son, and had a wide circle of friends, who join in their sympathies with the bereaved parents. Besides his parents he is survived by two brothers: George and Gates, both at home. The funeral will be held at 11 o'clock this Thursday, services at house, after which interment will be made in the New Oxford cemetery.

A Strenuous Moving.

The Jarboe Bros. moving van, of Baltimore, with a load of household effects had a strenuous time on Saturday and Sunday. A Mr. Plank, not yet married, recently purchased the farm of Leo Smith, close to the old Johns mill site, in Mt. Pleasant township, and the load of household effects of his intended bride and mother-in-law, were being moved from the Monumental City to the property on which they intend to start housekeeping. The van, containing about 6 two-horse loads, left Baltimore on Saturday morning, but stuck in the mud on the pike near Manchester, Md., where they were obliged to remain until Sunday morning. The truck passed thru New Oxford about 11:30 o'clock, and going out the Hanover road, stuck in the mud near the Rudisill farm ¼ mile from town. Here they worked until 6 o'clock in the evening, when the driver managed to pull out and run the heavy load backwards to town, and proceeded to the C. P. Smith machine shops on Lincoln Way, West, where it was unloaded and placed in the sheds, from which place Mr. Plank had it removed to its destination by teams, the early part of the week, and the truck returned to Baltimore on Sunday night.

Removed to Lancaster Home.

Miss Anna Camp, who has been ill at her home on Berlin avenue, for some weeks, was on Sunday afternoon, removed to St. Joseph's Home and Hospital in Lancaster. She was taken there in the Rev. Fr. Stock's auto, who, with W. H. Carbaugh, and Mrs. C. H. Robinson, accompanied Miss Camp to the home. Miss Anna is the last member of the late John and Elizabeth Camp, was born and resided on the old Camp farm along the Hanover road, now owned by Spencer Myers, up to about 25 years ago, since which time she has been living in town. She is the last member of the family and has no close relatives in this section, a sister-in-law, Mrs. Joseph Camp, and several nieces and nephews reside in Baltimore. She is now past 78 years of age.

New Engine Received.

The work of relaying tracks of the old East Berlin Branch railroad for the new East Berlin Railroad company is completed as far as Abbotstown, where the switch was laid. The company received the new engine on Saturday, which was purchased from the Emmitsburg Railroad company. The three and a half miles of track remaining to be laid, between Abbotstown and East Berlin, before traffic to these towns is resumed, will require about 15 working days to complete, it is stated. It is expected that the line will be in operation about May 1.

Met With Accident.

Clayton E. Eicholtz, residing on the farm of his father-in-law, A. C. Hoffheins near New Chester, met with a painful accident on Thursday evening. Mr. Eicholtz was throwing down cornfodder in his barn when he tripped and fell from a beam to the floor below, a distance of about 10 feet. Several ligaments in his neck were torn, one arm badly sprained besides sustaining bruises to his body. At latest reports he was improving under the care of a physician.

Pohlman Bros. of Mt. Rock, have purchased a 14 H. P. traction engine from the Geiser Co., at Waynesboro, and the stone crusher from Geissman Bros. of Mt. Rock, and will at once open a quarry and go into the stone crushing business on a large scale at that place. They have an order from the supervisors of Conewago township for 1750 tons of crushed stone to be used in macadamizing the road from McSherrytown to the Conewago Mill, better known as the O'Bold Mill, near Mt. Rock. They also expect to fill a number of other orders during the summer, and will give from 8 to 10 men constant employment.

Howard, the 14-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Shanabrook, of near Guldens Station, is ill with diphtheria. Grace, a young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. E. Deardorff, of near the Pines Church, is also reported to be a sufferer with diphtheria.

Meets Untimely Death Under Heavy Timber.

A most horrible and distressing accident whereby one of Adams county's young citizens met an untimely death, occurred about 10:30 o'clock on Saturday morning, when Edwin E. Mummert, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel S. Mummert, of near Pine Run schoolhouse, Hamilton township, was caught beneath the weight of a heavy timber. The unfortunate young man, with his brother, George, and their father, were cutting wood on the farm of G. Allen Yohe, Clerk to the County Commissioners, which adjoins the Mummert home. An exceptionally large spruce pine tree had been felled, and the two sons were engaged at trimming the branches from the trunk, while the father trimmed a grape vine close by. Some distance from the stump the main trunk divided into a fork, one of which lay close to the ground while the other stood skyward. When a number of the branches were cut from the trunk, the remainder unexpectedly broke away, which allowed the tree to turn. Edward, in his effort to get out of harm's way, tripped and fell and as he endeavored to regain his feet the heavy upturned portion of the trunk bore down upon him, catching him across the back, and pressing his chest down upon his knee, his other leg being turned under him, and in this manner his life was crushed from his body. He called to his father and brother "For God's sake get this tree off me," but these were the last words and death soon followed. The frantic father and brother were obliged to saw off the heavy timber before the body could be released, and before this could be done the unfortunate young man had ceased to breathe. The family physician, who was called, upon examination, found that there was no fracture of any bones about the body. He was aged 23 years, 2 months and 5 days.

Edwin E. Mummert, was one of the county's most promising young men. He was a stalwart youth of fine physique, and mental powers, and an honor to his parents and his township. He was graduated from Abbotstown High School in the class of 1915, and as a teacher of Oakwood school, in Reading township, ended a very successful term on Thursday. He attained considerable prominence last spring by riding on his bicycle from Abbotstown to Gettysburg and return through inclement weather, at the time of the county spelling match, and was rewarded when he won first prize in the final spell-down.

Besides his parents, he is survived by the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. Alice Sterner and Miss Minnie Mummert, of Hanover; Misses Sarah Jane and Nettie Mummert, and Mrs. Guy A. Staub, of New Oxford; George, Andrew, Beulah, Daniel and Martha, at home.

The funeral was held from his late home at 10 o'clock on Tuesday, with services in Emanuel's Reformed church, at Abbotstown, and interment made in the church cemetery at that place, the Rev. W. E. Garrett officiating. The deceased had but recently become a member of the local Camp P. O. S. of A., a large delegation of which organization attended the funeral.

Death Result of Injury in Fall

Mrs. Catharine, widow of Leo J. Staub, died at her home on Berlin Junction, at 8 o'clock on Thursday morning, aged 88 years, 2 months and 20 days. About six weeks ago Mrs. Staub, whilst descending a flight of stairs at her home, had the misfortune to trip when near the bottom and in the resultant fall broke her left hip and bone. Later gangrene developed, and death resulted. Mrs. Staub was a daughter of the late John and Theresa Gilbert, and her entire life was spent in this vicinity. About 60 years ago she was married to Leo Staub, who, for many years, conducted a brick manufacturing plant at Berlin Junction, and who died on March 27th, seventeen years ago. Mrs. Staub was a devout christian lady and was held in the highest regards by all. She is survived by the following children: Mrs. John S. Weaver of New Oxford; William E. Staub, of Hanover; James A., and Leo J. Staub, of Berlin Junction, and John Staub, at home. Forty-seven grandchildren and thirty-three great-grandchildren also survive. One brother, Frank P. Gilbert, is living in Columbus, Ohio. The funeral was held at 9 o'clock on Saturday morning, interment being made in the Catholic cemetery, after a High Mass of Requiem in the Church of the Immaculate Conception, the Rev. Fr. Mark Stock officiating. Mrs. Emma Sterner, a daughter of Mrs. Staub, died about four weeks ago.

Removals.

J. F. Blair and wife, removed from the Schnell house on Hanover street, to the home of Miss Mary Stough Carlisle street. F. B. Sellers from the Lough house to place vacated by Mr. Blair. Mrs. E. G. Lough to house vacated by Mr. Sellers. H. E. Lough from East High street, to the property recently purchased from his father's estate. Butcher Ziegler from the Mrs. Wolf house on West High street, to place vacated by Mr. Lough. Wm. Yingling from East High street, to the J. C. Geissman house on West High street.

Fractured Rib.

Our worthy townsman, Mr. Joseph Holtz, of Lincoln Way West, met with a painful mishap on Saturday. Mr. Holtz was out at his farm near New Chester, when he in some manner tripped and fell in the horse stable and in striking the trough sustained a fracture of one of his ribs on the right side. A local physician gave necessary attention.

Taken by Death.

Mrs. Martha E. Hoppel, well known by residents of the western portion of Adams county died Tuesday morning at 10:30 o'clock, at her home, at Blue Ridge Summit, aged 78 years. She had been confined to her bed for the past eight weeks.

Charles Weikert, aged 63 years, who died in Little Rock, Arkansas, recently, and whose relatives the Brotherhood of Painters, Paperhangers and Decorators of Arkansas city, sought by communicating with Burgess Eicholtz, of Gettysburg, was a native of Greenmount, and a son of the late John Weikert, formerly a storekeeper in that town. A letter from Mrs. David R. Schriver, of Philadelphia, to Burgess Eicholtz informed him that she was a sister of the deceased and that the surviving member of a family of four children.

William P. McCartney, a former Gettysburg business man, died at his home in Punxsutawney on Wednesday afternoon, aged about 70 years. He was married to Miss Margaret Kendeheart, of Gettysburg, who survives him with four sons and one daughter. The body was brought to Gettysburg on Friday evening. Interment was made in Evergreen cemetery.

Stewart O. Starnier died at his home in Tyrone township at 4:40 o'clock on Thursday morning, after a four month illness from tuberculosis, aged 21 years, 11 months and 3 days. He had been confined to his bed for the past month. Mr. Starnier was son of Mrs. Andrew Starnier, of Mt. Tabor. He leaves his wife, who, before marriage, was Jessie Melhorn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Melhorn, of Aspers. He also leaves two children, Lester and Warren, at home, a sister and two brothers, Wilhelmina, Russell and Ernest Starnier, all of Mt. Tabor.

Mrs. Catharine E. Starnier, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Brougher, of this county, and widow of Jeremiah Starnier, Mrs. William Frost, near Hunters Run, at 4:30 on Wednesday afternoon after a lingering illness, aged 63 years, 4 months, and 5 days. She leaves three children, Mrs. William Frost, near Hunters Run; Wilson Starnier, of Harrisburg, and Albert Starnier, of Tyrone township. She also leaves three brothers.

Amy Olive Bittiger, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Bittiger, died at the home of her parents, near Arendtsville on Sunday night, aged 5 weeks and 1 day.

John M. Gardner, a native of York Springs, died at his home in Millfintown, on Saturday, after a lingering illness, aged about 70 years. He was born and lived at York Springs for many years. He leaves his wife, one son and one daughter. The funeral took place on Tuesday, with interment at Millfintown.

Albert Sharer, of Hampstead, Md., formerly of East Berlin, died on Saturday evening, after a short illness from pneumonia. He is survived by his aged mother, Mrs. Margaret Sharer, and the following brothers and sisters. Mrs. Worley, Chas. and Harry, of Baltimore; Mrs. Ezra Jacobs, of Paradise Township, and Mrs. Elizabeth Weikert, of East Berlin.

After an illness dating from last July, when she was stricken with paralysis, Mrs. Josephine H. Karcher, widow of the Rev. John K. Karcher, of Philadelphia, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John C. Felty, in Gettysburg, on Friday morning. She was in the 80th year of her age. Rev. Mr. Karcher, an Episcopal clergyman, died about fifteen years ago and she leaves two children, Mrs. John C. Felty, of Gettysburg, and George H. Karcher, of Chicago.

Mrs. Calvin Bishop died suddenly at her home in Orrtanna on Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock from Bright's disease, aged 52 years, 4 months and 23 days. She is survived by her husband, one son, Leslie, and one daughter, Grace, both at home; also five brothers and one sister: William Miller, of Ohio; Daniel and Thomas Miller, of Virginia; Samuel and Edward Miller, of Maryland; and Mrs. Sarah Richardson, of Waynesboro.

After a week's illness following a stroke of paralysis, Aaron Freed, a Civil war veteran, who was present at the surrender of General Lee at Appomattox Court House died in Arendtsville, Sunday morning about 5:45. His age was 72 years and 10 days. Mr. Freed was a well known citizen of the upper end of the county having been a resident of Franklin township for many years, prior to his removal to Arendtsville three years ago. His wife, who was formerly Miss Sarah Knouse and four children survive him as follows: Harry E. Freed, Philadelphia; Mrs. Sherman Cone, York; Sherman Freed, Seven Stars, and Edward Freed, Barker, N. Y. Two brothers George Freed, Bendersville and David Freed, Mt. Alto, are living.

Samuel Asbury Reed, a respected colored citizen of Gettysburg and Civil war veteran, died at his home in that place at 7:15 Sunday morning from the effects of a stroke of apoplexy which he sustained about 10 months ago. He was aged 73 years, 2 months and 25 days. He is survived by his wife, a brother and two sisters.

Hannah J. Lyles, of Gettysburg, died Sunday evening at a hospital in Baltimore from a form of stomach trouble, aged 25 years, 2 months, and 6 days. She is a

daughter of Rev. and Mrs. O. W. Lyles, of Gettysburg. She was a graduate of Gettysburg High School and of Morgan College. After her graduation from the latter institution she engaged in teaching school in Virginia. She was taken ill about 5 weeks ago and had been undergoing treatment in a Baltimore hospital. She leaves her parents, one sister and 2 brothers, Mrs. Daisy Clay and Pinkney Lyles, at home; Harry and Reuben Lyles, of Baltimore.

Adam C. Miller, a retired farmer and well known resident of Hampton, died at his home in that place at 6 o'clock on Monday evening after a prolonged illness from a complication of diseases, aged 73 years, 3 months and 4 days. He is survived by his wife and three daughters: Mrs. Peter Brown and Mrs. W. C. Weaver, of near Hampton, and Mrs. K. W. Rieckrode, of York. Six brothers and one sister also survive: Solomon and Daniel Miller and Mrs. Cornelius Brown, of York; Jacob Miller, of Gettysburg; Tempest, of Niagara Falls; John, of Abbotstown, and Cornelius, in the west. The funeral will be held at 9:30 o'clock this Thursday, with services in the Hampton Reformed church and interment in the Hampton cemetery, the Rev. I. S. Ditzler officiating.

Thomas J. Sheppard, a veteran of the Civil war and a former shoemaker, died at the home of John Billman, near Hanover, on Monday morning from a complication of diseases, aged 86 years, 1 month and 3 days.

After a lingering illness of several months, Daniel L. Fidler died at 12:30 o'clock on Monday afternoon at his home near Plainview. He was aged 65 years, 9 months and 5 days. Mr. Fidler was born in this county and has made his home here all his life. Besides his wife he leaves the following children: Mrs. Emanuel Haverstick, of York; Mrs. James Noel and Mrs. Lettie Deardorff, of Straban township; David Fidler, of Troy, Ohio; Evan, of York, and George, of Plainview. Two brothers, Jacob Fidler, of St. Louis, and John W. Fidler, of Butler township, also survive.

Died Without Regaining Consciousness

From the results of a stroke of paralysis sustained on March 14th, John Trostle, a retired farmer and highly respected citizen of East Berlin, died at his home in that place, on Friday night. On the evening of March 14th, Mr. Trostle was found in an unconscious condition at the stable in the rear of his home, by his daughter, Miss Minerva Trostle. Since that time the family physician had been in attendance, but Mr. Trostle never regained consciousness. He leaves the following children: Mrs. Edward Boyer, of Hanover; Mrs. Jennie Staub, of Paradise township, and Miss Minerva, at home. He also leaves one brother, H. A. Trostle, of Harrisburg. The funeral was held on Monday morning, services in Mummert's meeting house, by the pastor, the Rev. Chas. Baker. Interment in the cemetery adjacent to the church.

College Orchestra.

The Gettysburg College Orchestra of 23 students, will appear in the Crystal Theatre under the auspices of the Lyceum committee, on Friday evening, March 31st, among amateurs this orchestra next to the highest in the state. "The Chambersburg Valley Spirit" says "Their entertainment is simply grand." Admission: Children under 14 years of age, 15 cts.; Adults, 25 cts. Go hear them.

March 21st six samples of water was sent from the New Oxford Pumping Station, to the Philadelphia laboratories, and after making the test, the same was returned here and pronounced as almost absolutely pure.

John F. Miller, agent, Carlisle street, on Monday received a carload of Dodge automobiles.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Hampton Lutheran church, will hold a Chicken Supper in the Jr. O. U. A. M. Hall, that place, on April 8th. Price of supper, 15 cents. At the same time and place a name-quilt and other articles will be sold.

For SALE.—A Jenny Lind buggy, but little used. Will be sold cheap. Apply to JOHN WOLF, New Oxford.

WANTED.—Solicitor in New Oxford for a large Fraternal Organization. Address: D. E. MARTIN, D. G. C., Reading, Pa.

For RENT.—Six room frame house on Poplar street; water in house; good garden. Immediate possession given. Apply to N. LINGG.

Any watches, clocks or jewelry to be repaired, will receive prompt and careful attention if left at Klingel's Barber Shop, on Hanover street. C. A. BLOCHER, Gettysburg, Pa.

For SALE.—Ever-bearing Raspberry Plants; 10 cents each. Apply to Brook Side Farm, New Oxford.

THE MARKETS.

New Oxford—by J. H. Dutta

Choice Wheat	\$1 10
No. 2	95
Rye	40
Oats	30
Corn	70

Western Maryland Railway.

Effective February 1, 1918.
Subject to Change Without Notice.
Trains leave New Oxford as follows:
9:18 a. m. (Week Days) Hanover, York, and intermediate points.
9:34 a. m. (Daily) Gettysburg, Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hancock, Cumberland, Pittsburgh, and West Virginia points.
5:25 p. m. (Week Days) Gettysburg, Hagerstown, and intermediate points.
6:38 p. m. (Daily) Hanover, Baltimore, and intermediate points.
S. ENNES, C. F. STEWART,
Gen'l Manager Gen'l Passenger Agent

Quality Meats.

For Choice Fresh and Salt Meats at all times go to the Centre Square Meat Market.

A full supply to meet your wants always on hand, at lowest prices.

ICE
In connection with the meat market we are prepared to supply you with Pure Ice in any quantity desired.
W. J. MILLER,
N. W. COR. CENTRE SQUARE,
NEW OXFORD, PA.



The Superb, Exquisite Deliciousness of our

Home-Made Chocolates
can only be proven by YOUR trying a pound.
Try a pound today.

40c and 50c,
The Hanover Candy Kitchen.
11-15 CARLISLE STREET.

NOTICE
—TO—
FARMERS!
The proprietors of the New Chester Flouring Mill (known as the Holtz mill) desire to inform the public that they will purchase all kinds of

GOOD GRAIN
also have for sale at all times
High Grade Flour,
and All Kinds of Mill Feed at bottom prices. Give us a trial and be convinced that we give you square treatment.
Also handle fertilizers and grass seeds
D. H. SHARRER & SONS,
11-1 Route 4, New Oxford.

Furniture!

The complete line of good that fill our large rooms of fers you a choice of every thing needed to make your home comfortable and attractive. We not only show a big line of Furniture and Home Furnishings, but we are quoting
Special Low Prices.

UNDERTAKING
in all its branches, a Specialty. Both Phone.
W. A. FEISER,
Phila. St., New Oxford, Pa.

Typewriters

ALL MAKES—ALL PRICES
Over 100 machines in stock.
"The Typewriter Man,"
NEW OXFORD, PENN'A.

J. L. WILLIAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
All legal matters given careful and prompt attention.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

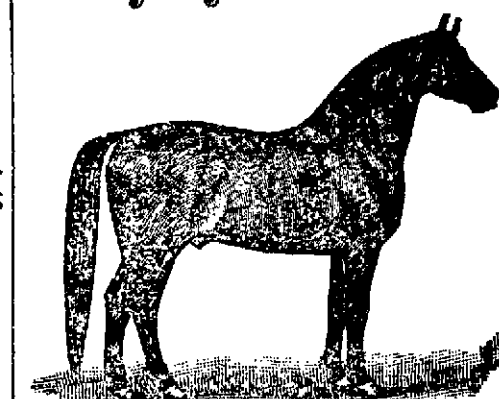
DR. J. L. SHEETZ,
Physician and Surgeon.
NEW OXFORD, PA.
Calls answered night or day

For the Best of Accommodations Stop at
The Hotel Oxford
Pitt St., midway between W. M. Depot and Center Square, New Oxford
G. F. GROVE, Proprietor.

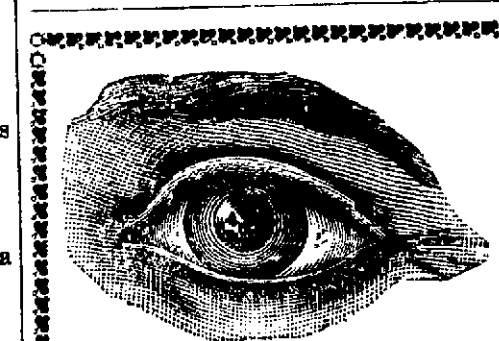
Travelling Men's Headquarters. Charges moderate. Choice wines, liquors and cigars. House furnished throughout. All modern conveniences—steam heat, bath, room, telephone, etc. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Ample stabling.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry.
Watchmaker and Engraver.

MARK E. TRONE,
JEWELER,
42 1/2 BALTIMORE STREET, HANOVER, PA.

HORSES WANTED.

Will pay top notch prices for horses ranging in age from 5 to 10 years and weighing from 950 to 1400 lbs. Bring your horses to
H. W. PARR, Hanover, Pa.



Peace Declared
With your eyes when you wear Fortney's perfect fitting glasses.

Many people with eye troubles have found quick, permanent relief. Fortney's Modern Optical Store and skilled services means EFFICIENCY, ACCURACY AND COMFORT, and it costs no more than ordinary service.

W. D. Fortney,
OPTOMETRIST
Local Phone 77-Z. 119 1/2 Broadway
HANOVER.

OLD DR. THEEL'S OFFICE INC.
1719 SPRING GARDEN ST., Phila. 607
Dr. Theel's "German Treatment" is the best, most reliable, and most successful treatment for all kinds of skin diseases, including eczema, psoriasis, and other chronic conditions. It is a complete cure for all skin ailments, and is guaranteed to work. The treatment is simple, and can be done at home. It is a great relief for all who suffer from skin diseases. The treatment is a complete cure for all skin ailments, and is guaranteed to work. The treatment is simple, and can be done at home. It is a great relief for all who suffer from skin diseases.

Read the "Item" and get all the news.

OHIO & KENTUCKY HORSES!

Monday, March 4, 1918.
The undersigned will receive one car load of Ohio and Kentucky Horses—workers and drivers—for sale or exchange. Call and see them. Also carload of mules. Will also buy all kinds of Fat Horses and Mules suitable for the Southern market.
H. W. PARR, Hanover, Pa.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary on the estate of John Golden, late of the County of York, Penn'a., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent are requested to make the same known, and all persons indebted to the decedent to make payment to the undersigned without delay.
HENRY GOLDEN, Executor.
New Oxford, Pa., R. 1
J. L. Williams, Atty. Gettysburg, Pa.

Harry J. Sneeringer

Somewhere in France.
Harry J. Sneeringer, who was reared by his grandfather, the late Henry J. Hemler, at Brush Run schoolhouse, now located somewhere in France, a member of the Ice Plant Squadron, writes to his mother, Mrs. Mattie Stough, in York, as follows:

Dear Mother and Dad:
This is some place allright, allright. We arrived safely this morning and all the boys are in fine spirits. We had a most wonderful voyage coming across. I won't say very much about it because I want a whole lot to talk about when I get home again. I happened to be near some Frenchmen this morning and by the sound of that conversation, I find I'll have some job until I can learn to understand it. George Altine said, "Gee! they all look alike and that stuff sounds like h—l." It's a lot warmer here than back home and you can just bet we are all thankful for it. You should see me writing this letter, I am sitting on a bunk and have my paper on the bottom of a mess kit. When I started this letter I thought I could write a book, but I find it impossible at the present time as I must get out side. Just a few words of advice before I close. Please don't waste a moment worrying because we are all feeling fine and I must say no one could pay me to leave this life at the present time. Hoping I can write you a little more next time. I remain your loving son,
Harry.

Worry over the war is believed to have been the cause of the suicide of William Y. Stoppard, 50 years old, a farmer of Chanceford township, York county, who shot himself thru the head with a small rifle Wednesday morning. Death was instant. Stoppard is said to have declared several days ago his belief that unless the United States should supply food to France, Germany would win the war in a month. He was also oppressed by the fear that the government might find it necessary to seize money in the banks for the period of the war or longer.

THE PNEUMONIA SEASON.—The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumonia often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation, ask a 15000 who has used it.

Winters may come and winters may go, but a report just made by Elsie Lee, acting vice president of the Pennsylvania railroad, and in charge of operation, to Samuel Res, president, shows there never was such a winter as that of 1917-1918, which demoralized the traffic of the road. The report tells of "seven weeks of arctic weather, with 15-foot drifts on tracks, below zero temperature, blizzards and blinding gales that made regular running of trains impossible and at times stopped movement altogether.

A BILIOUS ATTACK.—When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and terrible headaches. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter.

Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, commissioner of the state department of health, who is credited with having placed Pennsylvania among the foremost states in public health matters and in the treatment of tuberculosis, died at the University of Pennsylvania hospital Tuesday afternoon after a long illness. He was 66 years old. Dr. Dixon suffered from anaemia. He had been ill since last summer and entered the University Hospital in the fall.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY A FAVORITE FOR COLDS.—J. L. Baeley, of Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sisters' favorite medicine for colds on the lung. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly."

"Goodbye, Russia; Hello, America," is being sung by the crowds in London as the people realize that now, more than ever before, the existence of democracy and of civilization itself depends upon the power which the United States exerts in the war.

DESPONDENCY DUE TO CONSTIPATION.—Women often become nervous and despondent. When this is due to constipation it is easily corrected by taking an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets are easy to take and pleasant in effect.

Ruth Kauffman, the 3-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Kauffman, of York, died on Thursday morning at the York hospital from spinal meningitis. To date 24,000 pounds of excess flour have been placed at the disposal of Food Administrator Hersh by householders of York and vicinity.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicinal Treatment, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicinal Treatment fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, etc.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

WENTZ BROS. & FREY,

HANOVER, PENN'A.

New Spring Style

Wool Dress Goods and Silks

Are what we are now showing in all the newest weaves and colorings. They are too numerous to mention but you are sure to find what you are looking for if you give us a call.

Also Cotton Wash Goods

in a large variety, such as Poplins, Ginghams, Garbardines, Percales, Ulsters Linens, and Galetea Clothes of various styles.

Table linens, napkins, bed sheets and sheetings, cotton and silk hosiery for men, women and children; Underwear of all sorts in union suits and separate pieces.

Ladies' and Children's Coats.

A large selection of ladies' and children's coats, silk and cotton waists, silk dresses, dress skirts, and petticoats; wrappers and house dresses, children's dresses.

Room size rugs and small rugs, linoleum, oil cloth, carpets, window shades, etc.

Give us a call and be convinced.

33 Baltimore Street, Hanover, Pa.

Brown Surety Stamps on all cash purchases.

Local 'phone 77-X.

Bell 'phone 77-R.

Read "Over the Top," by an American Soldier who saw more actual fighting than any war correspondent.

FISCHER'S

FOR BOOKS, STATIONERY & ENGRAVING

MEET ME AT FISCHER'S
21-23 Centre Sq., Hanover, Pa.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR
A SACK OF

White
Loaf
Baking
Flour.

Grain & Produce.

The undersigned, having taken charge of the warehouse on Pitt Street (formerly conducted by A. Sheely), desires to conduct the public that he will pay Highest Cash Prices for all kinds of GRAIN, &c. Will also handle all kinds of MILL FEED, Salt, Potatoes and the Best Brand of Flour. All orders for feed, etc., will be delivered free to any part of borough.

LUMBER AND COAL.

Will also at all times have a full supply of LUMBER & COAL of all kinds which will be sold at bottom prices.

J. H. Dutera, Jr.,
New Oxford, Pa.

4-23

Groceries.

We Carry the MOST COMPLETE LINE of Groceries In Town.

Our Stock is Replenished Fresh Daily.

We Guarantee That You Will Come Again if You Give Us a Call.

Our Customers Are Our BEST ADVERTISERS.

J. F. Rickrode,
Centre Square, New Oxford

George A. Elicker, Spring Grove dealer in live mice, has been notified that an embargo has been placed on the shipment of live mice for a week or ten days. Last week Mr. Elicker shipped 5,900 live mice.

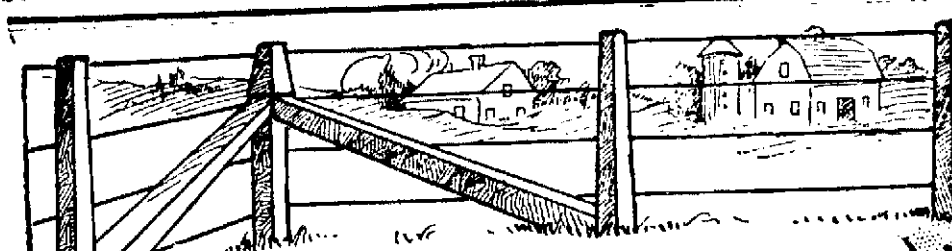
SIX PER CENT FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

Free of State and Income Tax.

For full particulars

W. P. STONER
HANOVER, PA.

Real Estate, Insurance, Stocks, Bonds and Investments.

**Concrete Fence Posts**

Every farmer who has any considerable fencing to do, such as is always necessary on the average farm, knows what an amount of time must be spent every spring in straightening up fences and putting them in first class condition.

Concrete fence posts will last indefinitely, are indestructible and can be made in winter as well as in summer if certain precautions are observed.

In cold weather concrete develops its strength slowly and forms should be left on a longer time. The strength will come, however, unless it is allowed to alternate freeze and thaw.

Send for our free booklet "Concrete Fence Posts" and "Concrete in the Country."

Concrete for permanence—SECURITY—The Permanent Portland Cement.

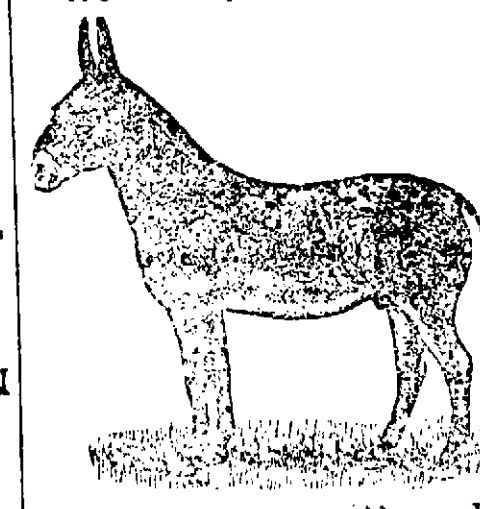
Ask Your Dealer

SECURITY CEMENT AND LIME CO.
Hagerstown, Md.

Sold By
GILBERT & SON,
New Oxford, Pa.

Horses! Mules!

Wednesday, February 20,



I will receive at my stables on East Chestnut Street, Hanover, one carload of Horses, and one carload of Mules, 3 to 8 years old. Come see them.
H. A. SMITH, Hanover, Pa.

Coach Repairing.

WHEELS RE-TIRED.

I am prepared to do all kinds of coach repairing as well as build new work to order. Replacing of New Rubber Tires and other wheel work a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed.

ALEX. BYER,
Berlin Ave., adjoining Taughinbaugh's Stable, New Oxford.

WALDHEIM
ROLLER MILLS,
THE HOME OF
White Pearl FLOUR

THE "WHITE PEARL" FLOUR will be manufactured and QUALITY KEPT UP TO STANDARD at the new location.

We beg for a continued patronage; We are also paying highest cash price for good milling wheat; also corn, rye and oats. All kinds of Mill Feed at bottom prices.
P. O. address: Route 1, New Oxford. Bell 'Phone.

J. R. Hartman,
PROPRIETOR.

If you want the news subscribe for and read THE ITEM.

GEO. A. MILLER,
PAPER HANGER
AND DECORATOR

Lincoln Way, East, - New Oxford, Pa.
All Kinds of Wall Hanging at Moderate Prices. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

The Gusher

By George Elmer Cobb

(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

Oil, nothing but oil—all leases, oil royalties, oil indications, oil gushers, dry holes, prospects—the air was charged with it, people thought, dreamed, talked of little else.

Even the name of the little town had been changed. Once it was Rosaline, now it was Oil City. Strange men invaded it. Queer machinery rigs came lumbering into town. A saloon sprang up, two of them—an old warehouse was transformed into a temporary hotel, eggs were scarce at any money, board and lodging brought all kinds of fancy prices, provisions had fabulous values, and land—anything near the newly discovered field—was bid for, bartered for, surrounded by a constantly increasing crowd of speculators.

Jim Colby at the little town caught fire with the rest of them. An "Exchange" had been opened by a shrewd lawyer where investors could be supplied with maps, charts, abstracts and guides.

"Think they hit the pick of the earth, eh?" remarked Jim in his easy, dubious way.

"Don't you, Jim?" inquired a friend. "Well, I've got two forty-acre pieces down at Glasgow creek and never fancied there was oil there. You can have them cheap."

"How cheap? Get your papers, I'll deal on the nail head for cash," engaged Jim.



"You've Bored in the Wrong Place."

erly spoke up Harley Grove. He was a man Jim Colby did not like—and for a reason—but Jim said equably enough:

"I suppose you can bid if you want to," and went home to get the papers covering his two forties.

But something changed Jim's purpose he had not anticipated. When he got home he found a note under the door of the little cabin, undoubtedly left by some wagoner or special messenger from the creek settlement. He flushed and his breath came quick as he read the signature, and he passed his lips to the scrap of paper with a fervent:

"Dear little lady! Only a cold 'Dear Mr. Colby,' but maybe she's changed her mind." The "mind" of Janice Wetherell, a widow of twenty-two, with a little three-year-old child, and who lived at the little settlement at Glasgow creek, was that twenty times she had refused to marry Lovellorn Jim Colby. She was wistful, stern, sometimes harsh, when Jim approached her, but he never could fathom her motive in turning him away.

"I'll do it!" cried Jim, influenced suddenly by some strong impulse. "I've always believed that what Janice had against me was my shiftless, roving ways. I dabbled in mines, horses, land, and never got anywhere. If this oil fever gets me I'll waste time and money, and the steady going little hardware business I've worked up will go to pot. No, sir-ree! I'll keep steadily plodding along, patiently, and see if that helps me any with Janice."

Jim Colby went back downtown. He had a deed to one forty-acre tract made out to Janice Wetherell. The other he put up at auction and Harley Grove, gambler, speculator, had man generally when aroused, bid it in for one thousand dollars, and his sinister eyes glowed as he realized the bargain he had made.

Then with all eagerness Jim saddled a horse and got down to the creek settlement. The young widow occupied a neat little cottage with her mother and child. She greeted Jim pleasantly, yet with a certain constraint.

"I have sent for you for your own good, Mr. Colby," she said, as they were seated. "Your dead sister was my closest schoolboy chum. I have known you and your folks for years. I want to be your friend. They have found oil down the creek. That man Grove year here with experts, who were tramping all over your land. For once, Mr. Colby, don't throw away

your chances. They will try to get the land cheap."

"They have already," announced Jim undisturbedly. "I sold one forty to Grove this morning."

"Oh, Mr. Colby!"

"The other I decided to you."

"Why! I cannot accept it."

"It's on record. If it amounts to anything it's in safe hands. Everything slips through my poor fingers."

"Even you," he added, mournfully.

Her lips trembled, her eyes seemed to pierce his very soul, but she did not speak the wild thought consuming her.

"Go away," she almost sobbed. "Oh, that I have to say it!"

"What's the answer?" communed poor Jim with himself, returning to town. "It seems as if at times she is just going to throw herself in my arms and then again I feel as if she was judging me. What for? I never wronged a single human being that I know of."

And then came a happening that carried the whole township off its feet, and for a time even Jim forgot his love sorrows. At midnight a group of mad, excited horsemen dashed through the town, arousing people from their beds with the thrilling announcement that oil had been struck on Glasgow creek and a two thousand barrel "gusher" was inundating Jim Colby's forty acres.

Jim was at the scene at daylight. Grove was there with a rig gang and friends. Opulence stared him in the face and he could scarcely contain himself. "It was a fair deal. I took the risk in buying," he said to Jim, in his own selfish way believing Jim's mind to be filled with envy of his good luck.

"Oh, yes, the deal was all fair," responded Jim quietly, "only you've made a mistake."

"How is that?"

"You've bored in the wrong place. That gusher is on the land I have made over to Mrs. Wetherell."

The rage, chagrin, bitterness, disappointment of Grove were frightful in their expression. Jim hired some men to confine the flow, then he sought out Mrs. Wetherell.

"You are a rich woman," he told her. "You have heard the news?"

"Yes," she said, "but I am rich only so far as I am your trustee."

"Oh, you think you can sustain that attitude, eh?" rallied Jim.

"I shall, in all justice," declared Janice resolutely.

"Well, I'm glad I've done one kind act in the world," said Jim, turning to depart. "Little Janice and the old folks will never want."

"Jim!"

He had reached the door. That name, for the first time spoken by Janice, electrified him like a pistol shot. He turned in a flash. She was wavering where she stood, her heart seemed bursting. Her arms were outstretched, yet she was shrinking.

"Only Norma Richards," she wailed. "Oh, if she could be banished from my memory. Her cruel abandonment, her miserable death! Oh, Jim!"

He seemed to grow taller, nobler. The truth had suddenly flashed upon him.

"Janice," he said, "do you mean to tell me that all these years you believed it was I who lured poor Norma Richards to elope, married her, and then left her to wretchedness and poverty to die in the great city?"

"You were with her in the city."

"Yes; when I discovered her destitute, dying. It was I who took her to her mother. It was I who buried her, the deserted wife of that heartless scoundrel, Harley Grove."

"Oh, Jim, the cruel years! And I doubted you! No, I am unworthy of you!"

But he had her in his arms, and held her there.

An Editor's Fondest Hope.

On the twenty-seventh anniversary of the founding of the New York Tribune its editor expressed himself in a paragraph that begins like a veritable quotation from "Poor Richard" and in its conclusion shows Horace Greeley at his best:

"Fame is a vapor, popularity an accident, riches take wings, the only earthly certainty is oblivion. No man can foresee what a day may bring forth, while those who cheer today will often curse tomorrow. And yet I cherish the hope that the Journal I projected and established will live and flourish long after I shall have moldered into forgotten dust, being guided by a larger wisdom, a more unerring sagacity to discover the right, though not by a more unflinching readiness to embrace and defend it at whatever personal cost; and that the stone which covers my ashes may bear to future eyes the still intelligible inscription, 'Founder of the New York Tribune.'"

Joke Was on Artist.

It is related that the late Phil May, the famous black-and-white artist, was once staying at a well-known resort near Sydney, N. S. W., and he and the proprietor of his hotel, an enormously stout man, who was quite a local celebrity, had a slight quarrel. The artist thought he would get even by drawing a frightful caricature, which he stuck in a window just before leaving the place. Later on, however, he heard that the hotel proprietor had scored heavily by having the caricature reproduced and selling thousands of copies of it at sixpence each. Phil May's drawing figured also in the future on the land-lord's cards and circulars, and proved a magnificent advertisement.

To the Point of Sacrifice.

"Have you given up anything to buy Liberty bonds?"

"No, but I've bought several bonds."

"Well, you haven't bought enough."

BOILS SON'S BODY IN A SOAP VAT

Colorado Farmer Accused of Trying to Cover Up Evidence of Crime.

KILLED FOR STEALING

Aged Mother of Inhuman Father Assists in Disposing of Boy's Remains, Declaring Son Forced Her to Help.

Olathe, Colo.—Dismissing the body of his 11-year-old son with an ax, John O. Bush, a well-known farmer residing near here, coolly prepared a large soap vat, filled it with water and lye, and then placed the mutilated remains of the body in the vessel after kindling a fire beneath it. The farmer was assisted in his brutal act by his aged mother, Mrs. Nancy J. Bush, eighty-four years old, who later told officers that she had afterward killed her son and disposed of his body in like manner. Her story is not believed, and vigorous search is being made for Bush, who is thought to be in hiding in the vicinity.

Mrs. Bush, the officers claim, confessed assisting in the work of destroying her grandson's body, saying Bush held a rifle at her head and threatened her with death until she agreed to do his bidding. After the boy's body had been boiled, Bush lay down to sleep, and his mother, fearing lest he might attempt her life, picked up an ax he had carried to his bedside and struck him on the head. "He never moved again," she said, "and I disposed of his body like we did the boy's." In reciting all the details of the murder, the aged woman remained cool and collected.

Boy's Killing Accidental.

According to Mrs. Bush, her son sought to chastise the boy for theft of a small amount of money. He called the boy outdoors and returned a few minutes later with the news that something had happened. "I hit him too hard, I guess," he told his mother. "You will have to help me out of this scrape."

After being threatened with death unless she aided him, Mrs. Bush said she assisted in chopping the dead boy's body to pieces and placing it in the vat. The couple kept the gruesome affair a secret until a sister of Bush visited the house and found bones scattered about.



Was Assisted by His Aged Mother.

tered about the yard and blood smeared on the walls of a shed. She notified the police and they conducted a search, which revealed the boy's clothing and buttons. Then the aged mother or of the slayer confessed, and in order to protect her son, added the story that she killed him. Officers could find no traces of the man's body, and when Mrs. Bush was confronted with this fact, she repudiated in part her first story.

SOUGHT IDEAS, NOT A SHAVE

Innocent Customer Never Knew Why He Almost Swallowed Brushful of Lather.

Oklahoma City, Okla.—A tall, gloomy looking man walked into a Broadway barber shop and sat down. The place was crowded, but soon his turn came.

"You're next!" shouted a short, fat barber.

The tall, gloomy man made no move. When the next chair was vacant, still the stranger made no move to get into a chair.

After this happened a half dozen times the head barber stepped up to the tall stranger and asked if anything was wrong.

"Well, brother," drawled the tall man. "I'm a freshman in this here barber college down the street, and I thought I'd kinder drop in here to get a few professional pointers. Good day."

An entirely innocent customer in the head barber's chair never knew why he almost swallowed a brushful of lather.

BOY TELLS AWFUL TALE OF CRUELTY

Shocking Story of Inhumanity—Outrivals the Experience of Oliver Twist.

Morris, Ill.—Paul Hatcher, through his sister, Mrs. Caroline Sparr, has filed suit against his father, Frank Hatcher, asking separate guardianship and alleging a tale of cruelty outrivalling that of Oliver Twist fame. The allegations, in brief, follow:

"Forced to arise at four, do chores until nine, and then run to school; stepmother lied about him to father, induced latter to beat him, denied him same food as other members of family,



Was Whipped Until Water Was Red With Blood.

gave him food inferior to that supplied servants and permitted him to sit at table only at evening meal.

"Was given meat only on Sunday and then only half a chicken's wing; when he refused to permit stepmother to bathe him, she told his father and he was whipped until water in tub was red with blood; forced to wear long, toeless stockings although was wearing long pants; forced to keep clothes and dress in basement without sufficient toilet articles.

"Received dollar a week for summer weeks, but payments were evaded by imposition of fines."

The boy is under care of a physician and feeling against the boy's father and stepmother runs high.

WILL ROB 20; THEN LEAVE

Jersey City Highwayman Defiantly Notifies Police of Proposed Depredations.

Jersey City, N. J.—Jersey City is reluctantly hiding a highwayman who has given his word as to the number of his intended victims and who apparently proposes to keep it.

"I'll rob twenty before I escape from this town," he defiantly notified the police.

He has seventeen victims to his credit and it is very probable the New Jersey police will draw a breath of relief after the report of the twentieth robbery.

LOSES THREE LEGS, YET HOLDS ORIGINAL TWO

Bristol, Conn.—How Sergeant "Billy" Thompson of this place, who went over to France with the One Hundred and Second Regiment, lost three legs and is still able to walk is explained in a letter which he has just sent home to his folks. Sergeant Thompson writes:

"It is real enjoyment to watch the fellows when the mail from home comes in. One man opens a letter and reads to me that 'Billy' Thompson has lost his left leg and will be home as soon as they can send him. A little later another man comes up and shows me a letter from home which says that Sergeant Thompson has lost both legs, and is expected to live. Still another letter said I was seriously wounded, according to reports from home. Well, after losing the three legs, I still have the two I brought over with me."

FELON QUARTERS NOW EMPTY

For the First Time in Many Weeks Those in Yolo Jail Are Unoccupied.

Woodland, Cal.—For the first time in many weeks the felon quarters at the Yolo county jail were empty recently. With the departure of Joe Guerrero, convicted of bean thefts, for San Quentin, went the last of the prisoners in the felons' department.

There are but two men and one woman left in the jail. The two men are "vags" and the woman is Kate Frost, murderess, who is waiting the outcome of an appeal taken to the higher court.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

From the maple a voice from the willow a sign.
From the marshes soft odors that bring
To the eyes that can see, to the ears that can hear
The news of the coming of spring.

WAYS WITH MEAT.

A dish which will take the place of meat and is most nourishing is Philadelphia scrapple. Take a cleaned pig's head and boil until the flesh slips easily from the bones. Remove all the bones and chop the meat. Set aside the liquor in which the head was cooked until cold, then take off the fat. Return the liquor to the heat and add cornmeal to make a mush and cook until well done, then stir in the chopped meat and any seasonings desired. Some like a little sage with the pepper and salt. Pour the mush into a mold which will form nice-shaped slices and set away to become firm. Slice and fry for any meal. This makes a very popular Southern breakfast dish. One may use any bits of chopped meat, or pork scraps left from trying out pork rather than the pig's head if preferred.

Chopped Steak.—Put two pounds of round steak twice through the meat chopper, season with pepper and onion juice, form into a flat cake and place in a greased baking pan over a hot fire. Brown and then salt well the browned side and quickly brown the other. Set in a hot oven to finish cooking and serve with a brown sauce made from the liquor in the pan.

Leg of Mutton Cooked in Cider.—Buy the leg of mutton several days before using it. Wipe and rub with the following mixture of spices: A half teaspoonful of cinnamon, the same of allspice and cloves, pepper, nutmeg and ginger. Rub these into the meat well, making pockets to hold them under the skin in places. Let stand two days. When wanted to roast place in a large pan with four chopped onions and a cupful of seedless raisins. Pour over it two quarts of sweet cider and cover with oiled paper or another pan. Put into a hot oven and when the meat is well browned reduce the heat, basting and cooking slowly for two hours. Add salt a teaspoonful to the pound as it goes into the pan to roast. Be sure it is well rubbed in. Serve with the sauce boiled down until thick. Strain, remove the fat and turn into a sauceboat.

Eggs and "they says" are brittle; beware. For an egg once broken, and a "they say" once spoken, Will never, no never, become whole by repair.

AN ONION A DAY.

The good old odoriferous bulb when it is digested and enjoyed should appear often (at least twice a week in some form) on our tables. The onion contains a richness of mineral matter and acids most healthful in keeping the body in condition. Steak smothered in onions is a dish well liked by most. Slice the onions and crisp them in cold water and dry quickly in a cloth, then drop them into a frying pan with a little hot suet; put in the steak and cover it after both sides are well browned with the onions. Cover and let cook a few minutes and serve piping hot with the onions.

Onions on Toast.—Chop six onions fine, then boil them 20 minutes in a little salted water. Drain and add a tablespoonful of butter and serve on buttered toast in tiny mounds, the top of each garnished with a sprig of parsley.

Onions unpeeled, thrown into a bed of coals, covered and allowed to roast until tender, may be peeled without loss, seasoned with salt, pepper, cream or butter, and served, making a dish especially tasty.

Deviled Onions.—Mince six boiled onions and add a thick white sauce, using a tablespoonful of each of butter and flour with three-fourths of a cupful of milk; to this add the minced onion, the finely mashed yolks of two hard-cooked eggs, one tablespoonful of minced parsley and a seasoning of salt and pepper. A little lemon juice may also be added. Butter scallop shells or small ramekins, fill with the mixture, sprinkle with buttered crumbs, and brown.

Onions With Cheese.—This is a dish which will take the place of meat, as it is highly nutritious. Place a layer of cheese, finely minced, and a layer of rich white sauce in a baking dish; repeat until the dish is full, and cover with a thick layer of buttered crumbs. Bake until thoroughly hot. A rich cheese should be used, as the heating will often make an inferior cheese stringy.

Cabbage may be served in the same way.

Better Than an Alarm Clock.

Excuse—"Why not have Bridget shut the kitchen door mornings? One can smell the breakfast all over the house." Mrs. Excuse—"Shut the kitchen door? I guess not. The smell is all that gets the family up."—Boston Evening Transcript.

WHY NOT UTILIZE YOUR SPARE TIME

And Sell Our Fertilizers in Your Locality. A large, pleasant and profitable business can be worked up with a small effort on your part. We will assist you if you wish in the sale of our brands not only by undertaking an advertising campaign but also by sending one of our representatives to help you. Write us immediately if interested, before your territory is taken.

THE HUBBARD FERTILIZER COMPANY
602-3-4-5-6 Keyser Building Baltimore, Maryland
BRANCH: SEASPORT, ME.

HAVE YOU BARREN COWS?

Are your cows or sows troubled with Abortion? Or do you lose calves or pigs by feeding?

BREEDING TONIC PRICE \$1.00
It acts on the organs of reproduction and puts the animal in better breeding condition.

Read the Practical Home Veterinarian, sent for free booklet on abortion in cows and pigs. No dealer in your town, write Dr. Davis Roberts, 100 Grand Avenue, Westchester, Wis.

American Dollar Flag

Sun fast, rain proof, 3x5 ft. 6 ft. long, double-stitched sewed stripes; free delivery by parcel post on receipt of factory price, \$1.00, including post, ball and guaranteed holder, \$1.50. Send for free catalogue of flags and decorations. We make more and better flags than any other in the world. Prices named before the war.

AMERICAN FLAG MFG. CO., EASTON, PA.

FORMULA for making artificial coal, apple butter without apples and cereal coffee, sent postpaid for clump. A. Seaside, Woodford, Wis.

True to Tradition.

An English, Irish and Scottish soldier were returning to camp after a stroll. They were footsore and tired, and a kindly farmer on his way home from market gave them a lift on the road.

The soldiers were very grateful and wished to reward the farmer for his kindness.

Said the Englishman: "Let's stand him a drink!"

"Sure," said Pat, "that is again the law. Let's give him some baccy!"

"Hoot, ma laddies!" interjected the Scot. "Don't be extravagant. Let's shake hands with the man and wish him good night."—TIT-BITS.

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

will quiet your cough, soothe the inflammation of a sore throat and lungs, stop irritation in the bronchial tubes, insuring a good night's rest, free from coughing and with easy expectoration in the morning. Made and sold in America for fifty-two years. A wonderful prescription, assisting Nature in building up your general health and throwing off the disease. Especially useful in lung trouble, asthma, croup, bronchitis, etc. For sale in all civilized countries.—Adv.

Retribution.

R. D. Cooper, president of the Dairy-men's League, said at a banquet in New York:

"Farmers should marry. A bachelor farmer is a solecism. No farmer, though, should marry a wife as he buys a tractor—for the work he can get out of her."

Mr. Cooper smiled.

"The farmer who marries," he ended, "thinking he can do nothing without a wife, is apt to discover afterward that he can do nothing with her."

Catarh Cannot Be Cured

by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarh. It is taken internally and acts through the blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions.

Druggists 75c. Postals free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Not Good Boon Companions.

I'd never accept an invitation to drink with a doctor.

"Why not?"

"Because even when they treat a man they make him pay for it."

Garfield Tea, by purifying the blood, eradicates rheumatism, dyspepsia and many chronic ailments. Adv.

A forestry service is to be established in China with the hope of bringing down the price of lumber.

Files Cured in 6 to 14 DAYS
Druggists refund money if PAIN OINTMENT fails to cure itching, burning, itching or protruding files. First application gives relief. 50c.

A large percentage of pencils is being made from California incense cedar.

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

Canada has handled \$1,000,000,000 in bullion for the Bank of England since the war began.

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy
No Smarting—Just Free Comfort. 50 cents at Druggists or mail order. Write for free Brochure. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

Public Sale!**On Tuesday, March 12, 1918.**

The undersigned, having rented his farm, will sell at public sale at his residence in Mt. Pleasant township, along the state highway between Gettysburg and Hanover, close to Square Corner, the following:

5 Horses and Mules

One pair dark bay Kentucky mules, 16½ hands high, work anywhere, 9 years old, fearless of all road objects; gray mare, 10 years old, works anywhere, safe for women or children to drive; bay horse rising 5 years old, fine worker, not broken to lead; bay mare rising 4 years, off-side worker.

13 Head of Cattle

Roan cow, to have 5th calf by time of sale; white cow to have 3rd calf in April; red cow to have 2nd calf in April; roan cow to be fresh by time of sale; red heifer to be fresh in April; Holstein heifer 16 months old; Holstein bull 16 months old; Jersey bull 15 months old; 3 roan bulls 10 mos. old, red bull 15 months old, red bull 6 months old.

30 Head of Hogs

Three brood sows, 2 to have pigs by time of sale, 1 due to farrow in April; 1 boar, 16 months old, weigh about 250 lbs.; the balance are shoats ranging in weight from 30 to 70 lbs. These hogs are all Berkshire stock.

Farming Implements

New Owego 3½ in. tread wagon, 2½ to 3 tons capacity, 1 Acme 3 1-2 in. tread wagon, capacity 2 tons, 1 road cart, W. A. Wood binder, Deering mower, H. & D. Jr. sulky cultivator, No. 12 Mountville plow, 60 tooth spike harrow, 17 tooth spring harrow, land roller, 17 ft. hay carriage, set hay carriage beams, Cyclone No. 10 fender cutter, bag wagon, grain fan, bl. spraying pump, 4 sets front-gears, set Yankee harness, set buggy harness, 5 bridles, 8 collars, 5 halters, cruppers for double harness, buggy and check lines, triple, double and singletrees, cow and other chains, set manure plank, 200 egg incubator, Nangle make, forks and rakes; 2 turkey hens. One 8-day clock, No. 8 Loran range, apples and potatoes by the bushel, 400 bu. corn on cob, and other articles. The above machinery is practically as good as new. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock sharp. Eleven months credit, or 4 per cent. off for cash.

I. V. NOEL.

G. R. Thompson, Auct.

Public Sale!**On Monday, March 25, 1918.**

The undersigned, intending to quit farming will sell at public sale, at his residence on the J. V. Stanb farm 4 mile northeast of New Oxford, the following valuable personal property:

7 Horses and Mules

1 pair of mules 8 years old, 17 hands high, 1 No. 1 wagon leader, the other a good off-side worker; 1 dun horse 8 years old, 16½ hands high, can't be hitched wrong; 1 bay horse 9 years old, 17 hands high, a leader and safe driver, 1 bay mare 8 years old, 16 hands high, a good leader and driver; 2 colts, one 2 years old the other 1 year old. The above mules and horses are fearless of all road objects.

11 Dehorned Cattle

7 milch cows, 3 will be fresh by time of sale, 1 in April, 2 in July, the other a fall cow; 2 heifers, 2 bulls fit for service.

Eleven Hogs

2 brood sows, 1 due to farrow about the middle of April; 9 shoats, will weigh about 45 pounds each.

Farm Machinery

1 Acme wagon 4 in. tread, with 1 in. tires, 4 tons capacity; 1 Auburn wagon, 4 in. tread, 2½ tons capacity, good as new; 2 wagon beds, good as new, will hold 60 bu. and 100 bu. respectively, one a home made bed the other a western bed; 2 sets of hay carriages 18 and 20 ft. long; 1 spring wagon, Clover Leaf manure spreader in good condition; 1 McCormick binder, 6 ft. cut; 1 McCormick mower, 5 ft. cut, in good order 1 self dump hay rake, Superior grain drill with phosphate attachment, as good as new; 1 Spangler single row corn planter with fertilizer attachment, 2 sulky corn workers, 1 a Buckeye nearly new, the other an H. & D. with spring snags; 1 land roller, 1 disc harrow, 1 17 tooth lever spring harrow nearly new, 1 18 tooth Perry harrow, 1 horse cultivator, shovel plow, 2 long plows, Syracuse and Oliver Chilled, sleigh, manure sled, 2 sets manure planks, 2 grain fans, bag, truck, jackscrew, grain cradle, hay fork, rope and pulleys, scythe and snath, 2 stretchers, triple, double and singletrees, corn sheller, 3 jockeysticks, log, cow, breast and butt chains, wheelbarrow, maddock, shovel, digging iron, 2 grain shovels, hog box, hog trough.

HARNESSES—4 sets frontgears, good as new, 1 set Yankee harness, 1 set spring wagon harness, 5 bridles, good as new, 5 collars, 5 flynets, 2 pairs check lines, plow lines, 6 horse lin., 5 halters.

Potatoes by the bu., tea-plate stove, Standard washing machine, corner cupboard and many other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock; 11 months credit; or 4 per cent. off for cash.

JOHN GLASS.

Abram Roth, Auct.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims for or against the estate of Anna F. Myers, deceased, late of the Borough of New Oxford, Adams County, Pa., will present them for settlement to

WILBUR N. MYERS,

324 Holliday St., Baltimore, Md.

Receiver's Notice.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, In equity:

C. J. Weaver having been appointed receiver of the New Oxford Pure Feed Company on December 15, 1917, with order directing all property of said corporation to be turned over to him and restraining interference, hereby gives notice to all creditors of the above corporation to immediately file a statement and proof of their claims with the undersigned receiver.

C. J. WEANER, Receiver, New Oxford, Pa., Dec. 19, 1917.

Public Sale**On Thursday, March 21, 1918.**

The undersigned will sell at public sale at his residence in Mt. Pleasant Township, 2 miles west of Mt. Rock, ½ mile east of Brush Run school-house, near Storm's store, on what was formerly known as the Flesman farm, the following:

SIX HORSES AND MULES

One bay horse, 13 years old, good saddle horse and leader; bay horse, 14 years old, works anywhere and a good driver; black horse, 5 years old, a good off-side worker; dark bay horse, 6 years old, work wherever hitched; pair dark bay mules, 10 years old, one a good leader, the other good off-side worker.

20 DURHAM CATTLE

Eight milch cows, 3 to be fresh by time of sale, 3 in April, and 2 in May—these cows are all young, carrying from 2nd to 4th calf; 3 heifers; 4 bulls, 1 fat bull, 3 fit for service.

35 HEAD OF HOGS

Two brood sows, balance are shoats ranging in weight from 40 to 100 pounds.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Home made 4-in. tread wagon and bed, 4 ton capacity; 6 in. tread low-down wagon, 3 ton capacity; 4-in. tread Acme wagon, 2 ton capacity, with 10½ ft. bed, nearly new; 2 buggies, sleigh, surrey, spring wagon pole, McCormick binder, McCormick mower, Thomas grain drill, H. & D. double row corn planter, Daisy single row corn planter, McCormick self-dump hay rake, 2 pair 20-ft. hay carriages, 2 H. & D. sulky cultivators, 5 shovel cultivator, 1 shovel plow, 2 No. 10½ Mountville plows, with 2 shares; No. 10 Mountville plow, 25-tooth spring harrow, nearly new; 17-tooth spring harrow, land roller, manure sled, stable hook, hay fork, 120 ft. rope and 4 pulleys, 2 set of manure plank, hog crate, lever scales, Scientific chopping mill, 1 Auchey grain separator, good as new, 80 ft. 6-in. endless canvas belting, 1 cream separator, 2 incubators, 120 and 160 egg capacity; coal-burning brooder stove, 1, 000 chick capacity; 8 hives of bees, some new hives, 1 bl. goose, 4-horse, triple and doubletrees, 30 singletrees, jockey sticks, breast, halter and cow chains, 3 log chains, block and tackle, blacksmith tools, tongs, hammers, sledges, anvil, Whirlwind forge; 6 sets of frontgears, 6 bridles, 6 collars, 2 sets of buggy harness, 5 flynets, 2 pair hames and traces, 3 pair check lines, 2 lead reins, 2 plow lines, hitching straps, 8 halters, riding saddle, blanket and bridle, butter churn, five 50 lb. milk cans, lot of ear corn, and many other articles.

Sale to begin at 12 o'clock sharp. 12 months credit will be given on sums of \$5 and upwards by purchasers giving notes with approved security. Further terms at sale by

ELMER J. ALTLAND.

G. R. Thompson, Auct.

No Smoking allowed around barn.

Public Sale!**On Tuesday, March 19, 1918.**

The undersigned, intending to discontinue housekeeping, will sell at public sale at his residence at the New Oxford cemetery, adjoining New Oxford Borough, the following personal property:—Two white enameled beds, 1 wood bedstead, 4 bed springs, 3 mattresses, bed clothes, 1 dressing bureau, chiffonier, 3 washstands, buffet, 6 ft. extension table, 1 combined desk and book case with glass doors, 2 desks, chest, trunk, 15 cane seat chairs, 3 plank-seat chairs, Morris chair, willow rocker, cobbler seat rocker, 4 other rockers, 1 unit gun sectional book case, center table, 4 stands, sewing stand, umbrella stand, parlor stove and pipe, Albion cook stove and pipe, 2 other stoves, egg stove and pipe, 1 kitchen cabinet walnut loose top table, 1 combined sink and cupboard, 40 yards of carpet, 40 yards matting, 12 yards linoleum, rugs, 1 oil heater, 2 burner oil cook stove, drop-leaf spring couch, book case, picture frames, standard key-board Remington typewriter, International dictionary and holder, lot of books, 100 lbs. cured ham, shoulder and bacon, lard, lot jarred fruit, 6 or 8 bu. Irish potatoes, meat benches, 1900 washer, Empire wringer, 2 tubs, step ladder, cellar cupboard, iron kettle and stand, wash boiler, lard cans, 3 stone jars and crocks, glass, queens and earthen ware, aluminum, tin and granite ware cooking utensils, pots, pans, buckets, tea kettle, knives, forks, spoons, Miller lamp, other lamps, family scales, 3 smoothing irons, good work bench with two vices, lot of carpenter tools, 3 planes, 3 hand saws, rip saw, 2 levels, squares, try and mitre; 1 steel miter box, hand axe, brace and bits, augers, ax, adze, drawing knives, pliers; cement edgers and groovers, tool box, 2 tin cupboards, bench iron, flower stand, pin tooth cultivator, concrete block molds, garden seed drill, garden plow and cultivator, or attachments, hand feed mill, hoes and rakes, one-man saw, bicycle, double barrel shot gun, and other articles. These goods were bought new 11 years ago and therefore are worth the attention of buyers. Ten months credit given, or 4 per cent. off for cash. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock M.

HARRY TIEMAN.

Public Sale!**On Saturday, March 16, 1918.**

The undersigned will sell at public sale at the residence of G. S. Maring, in Mt. Pleasant township, on Kilpatrick road, 1 mile east of Guldens Station, 1 mile north of Sugartown, and 2½ miles south-west of New Oxford, the following:

FOUR HORSES AND MULES

Two horses, sound and allright, and fearless of all road objects; 1 pair of fine mules, coming 2 years old, quiet and gentle.

15 HEAD OF CATTLE

Six milch cows, close springers, carrying 3rd and 4th calf, good milkers; five heifers, 1 to be fresh in June; 1 steer, 3 bulls, fit for service.

40 HEAD OF HOGS

Four brood sows, 2 with pigs by their sides day of sale, 1 Berkshire, entitled to registry; balance are shoats ranging in weight from 40 to 100 pounds.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Two-horse wagon and bed, in good condition, 2 spring wagons, 1 good mower, 1 self dump hay rake, 2 cutting boxes, 2 horse Mountville plow, buggy pole, 2 good falling top buggies, 2 runabouts, 1 trap, set of good Yankee harness, set of frontgears, good as new; 2 bridles, 2 collars, and many other articles not mentioned. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock sharp. 12 months credit will be given or 5 per cent. off for cash.

SHULTZ & MARING.

G. R. Thompson, Auct.

If you want neat and up-to-date print ed work patronize the Item Office.

Large Public Sale**On Monday, March 18, 1918.**

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at public sale at his residence in Mt. Pleasant township, Adams County, on what was formerly known as the Judge J. L. Jenkins farm, midway between Conewago Chapel and Lilly's mill, 4 miles west of Hanover, and 5 miles south of New Oxford, the following personal property:

10 Horses and Mules

Pair of dark bay mules, 6 years old, one an extra fine leader; pair of black mules, coming 3 years old, good size and well broken; red roan mare, 6 years old, good saddle beast, heavy built; gray mare, 14 years old, works anywhere; sorrel mare, 14 years old, works anywhere; bay mare, 4 years old, good worker and driver; bay mare, 6 years old, good off-side worker and fine driver; sorrel colt, 2 years old.

22 Durham and Hereford Cattle

Nine milch cows, 3 fresh by time of sale, 2 close springers, 3 fall cows, and 1 with calf just sold off. These cows are mostly young and good milkers. Three Durham and 1 Hereford heifers, some of them with calf; 4 stock bulls, 6 Durham and 3 Herefords, all fit for service and all good stock.

15 Head of Hogs

Four young brood sows, due to farrow in May; balance are shoats.

Farming Implements

Milbourne 4 in. tread wagon, 4 ton capacity, with 14 ft. home-made bed, used one season; two 3½ in. tread 4 horse wagons, in good condition; Deering 8 ft. cut binder, with tongue truck, used one season; Deering 5 ft. cut mower, Hoosier 8 hoe grain drill, 1 New Eagle double row corn planter, with phosphate attachment; 1 Spangler single row corn planter, Thomas 10 ft. hay rake, 2 H. & D. cultivators, land roller, 2 lever harrows, 25 tooth and 17 tooth; 3 plows, 1 No. 10½ Mountville, 2 Bireh; 2 pair 18 ft. hay carriages. This machinery and farming implements are nearly all new. Spring wagon, cutter sleigh, 4 horse, triple, double and single trees, hay forks, rope and pulleys, log, cow, and breast chains. HARNESSES: 2 sets of breechbands, 6 sets of front gears, 8 bridles, 8 collars, 10 halters, lead reins, check and plow lines, hitching straps, set buggy harness, hames and traces, jockey sticks, farm belt, forks and shovels, milk cans, chickens by the pound, and many articles not mentioned.

Sale to begin promptly at 12 o'clock. Twelve months credit will be given on sums of \$5 and upwards by purchasers giving their notes with approved security or 4 per cent off for cash. Further terms at sale by

FRANK T. MILLER.

G. R. Thompson, Auct.

Lingg & Smith, Clerks.

Public Sale!**On Tuesday, March 19, 1918.**

The undersigned, intending to move on a smaller farm, the undersigned will sell at public sale at his residence on the Brobeck farm, at the stone bridge along the Carlisle pike, 1 mile south of Hampton, the following personal property:

Six Head of Mules

One pair of black mare mules, 5 years old, 16 hands high, both leaders and work wherever hitched, safe for any child to handle; 1 pair black horse mules, 4 years old, 16 hands high, both leaders; and safe; 1 pair black mules, this pair are my wheel mules, they are 16½ hands high, 8 years old, and sound and allright.

15 Head of Cattle

Durham and Holstein stock; 8 cows, five of which will be fresh by day of sale, 2 to be fresh in April, the other in May; several fine heifers, with calf; 5 red and roan Durham bulls, and 1 Holstein bull bred from a grade cow and registered bull, all large enough for service.

Four Head of Hogs

Three brood sows, 1 to have pigs by time of sale, the other two are due to farrow in May; 1 boar, fit for service, O. I. C. stock.

Farming Implements

Three wagons, one 4-in. tread steel axle Acme wagon, 4 ton capacity, and bed; 1 4-in. tread home-made wagon, 6 ton capacity; 1 low down truck wagon; H. & D. 20th Century corn worker with planter attachment; 1 walking cultivator, Champion mower, 30 tooth Perry spring harrow, 18 tooth lever harrow, 2 pair hay carriages, 17 and 18 ft. long; steel land roller, 3-horse spreader, frontgears, breechbands, collars and bridles, halters, plow lines, triple, double and singletrees, jockey sticks, log, cow and halter chains, forks, manure hook, cutting box, and many other articles not mentioned.

Sale to begin at 12 o'clock M. Eleven months credit will be given, or 4 per cent. off for cash. Further terms at sale by

BECK T. FEESER.

Roth & Ensor, Aucts.

Smith & Chronister, Clerks.

Public Sale!**On Saturday, March 23, 1918.**

The undersigned, having sold her small farm and intending to quit housekeeping, will sell at public sale at her residence in Irishtown, Oxford Township, the following personal property:

TWO GOOD COWS

one to be fresh about the middle of May, the other in June, both good milkers;

TWO NICE HOGS

weigh about 100 pounds each; about 130 chickens, by the pound; 2 wheelbarrows, grain fan, carpenter tools of all kinds, and in good condition; grain cradle, 2 grass scythes, digging iron, 2 drills, 3 manure forks, 2 shovels, maddock and pick, corn sheller, 2 rakes, 2 hoes, 14 ft. ladder, 1 corn cultivator; about 30 bushels of oats, 15 bushels of potatoes, 5½ ft. cross-cut saw, 2 axes, 2 cook stoves, 1 parlor stove, 2 sinks, 2 tables, iron kettle; pot racks, 4 rocking chairs, 6 cane seat chairs, nearly new; 9 good kitchen chairs, conches, 4 bedsteads, 2 chests, 1 trunk, large glass corner cupboard, 2 other cupboards, tubs, 1 bureau, washing machine, about 65 yards of carpet, 2 stands, mirrors, about 100 lbs. of lard, about 200 lbs. cured hams, shoulder and bacon, butter churn, crocks, barrels, 1 clock, flour chest, doughtray, hanging lamp, 4 other lamps, dishes of all kinds, knives, forks, ladles, cooking utensils, griststone, radiator, two 8 gal. jars, coffee mill, about 20 window shades, and a large lot of articles not mentioned. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock, when terms will be made known by.

MRS. MARGARET NARY.

Chas. Kinehart, Auct. C. Lingg, Clerk.

FRENCH WOMEN IN 1,000 TASKS

Girls Help in Mending of 30,000 Pairs of Soldiers' Boots a Week.

DO ALL KINDS OF LABOR

Old and Young Rendering Good Service in the War Industries—Only 30 Per Cent of Waste is Ever Salvaged.

Paris.—French women, old and young, are nobly performing their tasks in war industries, thousands working in all kinds of industries within the sound of German guns.

They are praised for their intelligence and industry, from the little girl from the lycee to the old woman who has come back to work because she wants to see the Boche punished for what he did to France in 1870.

The French workers formerly had been lacemakers, and a few of them fisher girls. Of the former there were a few who were the children or grandchildren of English people from the great English lace centers at Nottingham, who had settled in France many years before and been absorbed into the life of the French people.

In the salvage centers at an ordnance base I saw them working in the biggest boot repair shop in the world, where 80,000 pairs of boots are repaired a week; and here I saw old uppers cut into disks, which in their turn were made into boot laces. These salvaged boots, swept up from the debris at the front, emerge finally in three classes: 1, those that can be used again by men at the front, and are often preferred to new, as they are softer in wear; 2, those for men on the lines of communication; and, 3, for prisoners and colored laborers.

Only 30 Per Cent Salvaged.

While I was going round these repairing shops I noticed an American officer being taken round also, and heard his clerone giving him information on the importance of salvage—all of which he was carefully noting. There were Frenchwomen cleaning old web and leather equipment by revolving brushes; French girls sorting salvaged ammunition, the "empties" being sold to the French government; there were girls washing discarded haversacks, cleaning rifles, picking through masses of horseshoes to see if there was any wear left in them; there were girls sorting out old helmets and picking the few good ones to be washed, sandpapered and "camouflaged." All of these things had been swept up from the debris of the recent fighting. Yet only 30 per cent of waste is ever salvaged from the fighting lines.

They were repairing and riveting spurs; they were making wooden sticks for Watson's signaling fans; they were sharpening blades of horse-clippers; they were repairing wheels and cleaning the bolts and hubs of the wheels, and doing a thousand other curious routine things. Most of them sang at their work. I heard little French songs, which occasionally changed to the defiant "Marseillaise" when they saw a stranger near them. Industry means happiness in France, where all who eat must work, even the dogs.

In the textile factory there were girls handling over five tons a day of old tents; others were repairing them upstairs at the rate of hundreds a week. They cut out disks for signaling, and the tabs for soldiers' greatcoats; they were making up the parcels that go in Tommy's greatcoat pocket, buttons, thread, etc., each one at a great table having her share in the process.

Help in Clerical Work.

There are French girls also helping in the clerical section of ordnance, working side by side with W. A. A. C.'s, filing papers, though they know no English, by numbers, and becoming very skilled and quick at a monotonous job.

The pay is that prevailing in the town in which they work and arranged with the French authorities. One of the great advantages of employing French women is, in addition to their quickness and skill, the fact that they live close at hand, thus saving the need for importing English people for unskilled work.

The French woman's labor has one characteristic that is recognized by the military employer. It is a little erratic. Six francs a day is the usual pay, and if a woman does not choose to work a consecutive number of days she stays away, and no one says anything. They are also a mobile labor, and if a group decide to move elsewhere owing to air raids and other causes, they depart with all their goods and chattels. Always they please themselves in purely personal matters while remaining on the best of terms with their employers. Of their strict honesty I heard constant praise.

Kaiser Changes His Name.

New Haven, Conn.—"Is Mr. Kaiser in?" queried a business acquaintance of the traveling manager of a chain of stores, as he entered the local branch here recently.

"Sh!" warned the local manager "No such party here."

Then he confidentially informed the visitor that Mr. Kaiser was there, but for business and patriotic reasons he had changed his name to Kingden.

Olympia Restaurant

When in Hanover don't forget to visit the
New Eating Place
ON BROADWAY.

There you will find what you wish served.

Regular Dinner

from 11 A. M. to 2:30 P. M.

FIRST-CLASS SERVICE.

All That a Baker Needs

1—Is to be a good baker.

2—196 lbs of *White Loaf Flour* which will make from 300 to 310 one pound loaves of the finest bread.

White Loaf Flour is the economy flour. Put the cost of it against what you pay for bread. *White Loaf Flour* is sold by all dealers. Deliveries a specialty. Try us.

Manufactured by

The New Oxford Milling Company
MILL FEEDS

OF ALL KINDS, CORN MEAL, ETC.

All kinds of custom chopping on short notice. Satisfaction Guaranteed. A liberal share of your patronage respectfully solicited. Deliveries will be made at any time and any place within reasonable distance.

Highest Market Prices paid for all kinds of grain.

Both Phones; Bell Phone, 28-R2; United Phone, 8T.

5 10.

Hanover Electrical Supply Co.,

(Successors to Stough & Lucas.)

HANOVER, PA.

We can save you money on electrical equipment be it

Wiring, Fixtures or Supplies.

The high prices of material need not discourage you from installing electricity for your comfort or convenience.

Do not fail to get our prices for we will
SAVE YOU MONEY.

Address:—130 Baltimore Street, Hanover, Pa.

Local Telephone 15-w.

1-4-3m

Everything That an Automoblist Needs.

Our Tires Are the Best.
Our Accessories Will Please You.
Our Gasoline is Pure and the Price is Right.
Our Repair Department Gives Satisfaction.
All Parts of Ford Cars Constantly on Hand.

Car Storage a Specialty.

TRY US

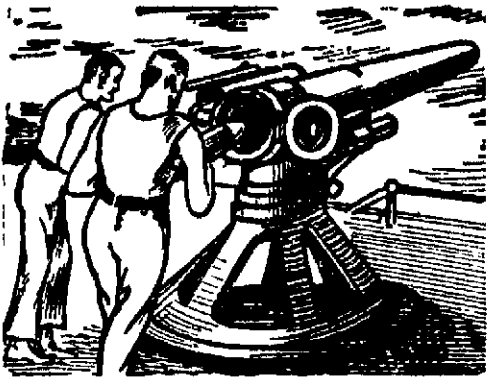
NEW OXFORD GARAGE,

R. M. WOLF, Proprietor,

Rear Lincoln Way, West. Bell Phone 3-R4. Night Call 31-R4.

Samuel LaRue, of New Freedom, the York county farmer whose selective service act has attracted wide attention, now is in the army to stick.

LaRue is undergoing training at Camp Meade suitable for "conscientious objectors" and with his last appeal thrown out will stay there until he goes to France or the war is over. LaRue's friends, disappointed by the failure of his ten appeals for exemption, learned that the last straw has failed them. President Wilson has refused to intervene. Under the rules a drafted man may appeal



TURN TO BOWDITCH

Book by Salem Man, Long Dead,
Has Become War Factor.

Young Officers of the United States
Merchant Marine Are Poring Over
"American Navigator," Famed
as Sailor's Guide.

No American of today is exercising so potent an influence in the country's present extraordinary development in seagoing as Nathaniel Bowditch, who has been in his grave for more than eighty years, and whose name is unrecognized by millions of his fellow countrymen.

Persons who follow the rise and decline of the "best sellers" among books may be surprised to know that Bowditch was the author of one of the best-selling books ever produced, which has run through hundreds of editions, in all civilized languages, has been selling steadily for more than a hundred years, and since the great war began has been in greater demand than ever.

This book is known as the "American Practical Navigator." It is the guide of every keel that sails the Seven Seas, and is familiarly known to sailors of the world over as "Bowditch," or "Bowditch's Epitome."

With America's entry into the war, the demand for Bowditch's "Navigator" became so great that a special edition of the book was published to meet it, by the United States hydrographic office, notwithstanding that editions had been as recently issued as in 1916, and also in 1914. For a time it was difficult to obtain a copy of the "Navigator." Since the appearance of the 1917, edition, however, all demands for the book can be met.

The increased demand for the book was caused chiefly by the stimulus given the study of navigation among young Americans by the training service of the United States shipping board, which is schooling hundreds of young men to serve as officers on the ships of the new merchant marine.

Bowditch was called by his contemporaries "an intellectual prodigy." He has since been termed "the Ocean Pathfinder." On receipt of the news of his death, in 1836, vessels in the chief ports of the world half-masted their flags. His book was then said by one eulogist to be "in practical utility second to no work of man ever published."

Of the personality of the man who achieved this great distinction very little is recalled today, in spite of the vital influence of his work in the present development of his country.

He was born in the old shipping town of Salem, Mass., in 1773. His people were poor, and he was obliged to leave school when but twelve, to serve in a ship chandler's shop.

There, while selling rope and marlin-spikes, the youth fell in with men from far voyages. One was an old British sailor, who taught the lad navigation. Algebra so fascinated the boy he "could not sleep after a first glance at it."

It chanced that about this time a privateer came into Salem with the booty of a cruise that included a library of philosophical works, the property of Dr. Richard Kirwan, an Irish scientist, taken from a freighter captured off the Irish coast.

The books were sold at auction, and bought by Salem citizens as the nucleus of a library. Young Bowditch had access to them, read them eagerly, and copied most of them for further use.

When twenty-two, Bowditch made his first voyage to sea, as captain's clerk on a Salem ship. He sailed nine years in all, one voyage being on the Astrea, the first American ship to visit Manila harbor.

Every man in the Astrea's crew soon learned they had a genius among them. Bowditch looked the scholar and devoted many hours a day to study. He made every man aboard a navigator, and it was said, each of them "could work a lunar observation as well as Sir Isaac Newton."

When not studying young Bowditch paced the deck in deep thought. At such times nobody spoke to him, knowing that in due course he would dash into his cabin to set down the results of his concentration, as he rarely failed to do.

It is related that one day the ship was attacked by a privateer, and Bowditch was assigned to pass powder from the magazine. The gun crews got no powder, and investigation showed Bowditch seated on a powder keg, working out a difficult problem on his slate.

On arriving in Boston harbor from a voyage in 1802, Bowditch attended the commencement at Harvard college, and was surprised to find himself named for an honorary degree as bachelor of arts, his work as an authority on navigation having won him recognition.

Retiring from the sea in 1804, Bowditch became president of a fire insurance company. He declined professorships at Harvard, the Military academy at West Point and the University of Virginia.

His life was devoted largely to perfecting his "Navigator," and to the translation from the French and annotation of La Place's "Celestial Mechanics," a colossal work on astronomy showing great erudition by the translator, but now known only to a few astronomers.

Even a Stranger.
"An indorsement for office means little."
"Well, we get so we indorse a man (as we hand out a match—on request.)"

TO ALL WOMEN WHO ARE ILL

This Woman Recommends
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Her Personal Experience.

McLean, Neb.—"I want to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all women who suffer from any functional disturbance, as it has done me more good than all the doctor's medicine."



Since taking it I have a fine healthy baby girl and have gained in health and strength. My husband and I both praise your medicine to all suffering women."

Mrs. JOHN KOPELMANN, R. No. 1, McLean, Nebraska.
This famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has been restoring women of America to health for more than forty years and it will well pay any woman who suffers from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues" to give this successful remedy a trial.

For special suggestions in regard to your ailment write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its long experience is at your service.

Not a Hero.
"A fellow came into my office this morning and persuaded me to give him a dollar. He said he had seen service on a British tank."

"That's interesting. Did he tell you about his experiences at the front?"
"No, and for a good reason. I discovered later that he had merely helped to paint the thing before it left the factory."

Lesson in Pronunciation.
Harry Laidler told a story at a Robert Burns dinner in Chicago.
"A new minister preached his first sermon in a little Scottish village," he began, "and at the end of the services the preacher came to him and said: 'So ye call 'em Savans, do ye? Losh, noo, we never knew what to make of that there P' hereabouts. We always called 'em Spasms!'"

Why Bald So Young?
Dandruff and dry scalp usually the cause and Cuticura the remedy. Rub the Ointment into scalp. Follow with hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. For free sample address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston. At druggists and by mail, Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

Easy.
Brown (who is engaging a parlor maid during his wife's absence)—And why did you leave your last place?
Comely Applicant—Well, it—it—was for letting master kiss me, sir.
Brown—Ahem! You—h'm—may consider yourself engaged.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect Head.
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, Laxative Bromo Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine," Dr. W. GROVE'S, signature is on box. 30c.

One seldom meets a strong-minded thinker who is capable of whistling a popular tune correctly.

A torpid liver condition prevents proper food assimilation. Tone up your liver with Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. They act gently and surely. Adv.

In time of peace the Transvaal mines are the largest consumers of explosives in the world.

Whenever there is a tendency to constipation, sick headache or biliousness, take a cup of Garfield Tea. All druggists. Adv.

A merchant can get along without advertising and so can a wagon without grease—but it goes hard.

HEALTH RESTORED

Serious Kidney Trouble Was Removed by Doan's and Result Has Been Permanent.

"Kidney trouble put me in a bad way," says Thomas A. Knight, 624 N. Ninth St., East St. Louis, Ill. "It came on with pain across my back and the attacks kept getting worse until I had a spell that laid me up. Morphine was the only relief and I couldn't move without help. The kidney secretions were scanty, painful and filled with sediment."

"I was unable to leave the house, couldn't rest and became utterly exhausted. The only way I could take ease was by bolstering myself up with pillows. For three months I was in that awful condition and the doctor said I had gravel. Doan's Kidney Pills brought me back to good health and I have gained wonderfully in strength and weight."

Sworn to before me, A. M. EGGMAN, Notary Public. ALMOST THREE YEARS LATER, May 24, 1917, Mr. Knight said: "The cure Doan's brought me has been permanent."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

CHILDREN'S COUGHS

may be checked, and more serious conditions of the throat with often avoided by promptly giving the child a dose of

PISO'S



OUT OF THE WAY.



"Does George get along well with your father?"
"Well, George gets along when he sees father coming."

Not the People's Gift.
"A good man is gone."
"Who is that?"
"Hon. John Spoonfington. He could have had any office in the gift of the people."
"But he didn't aspire to office?"
"Oh, yes. The job he wanted was controlled by a political machine and the party boss simply couldn't see him."

Lucky Indeed.
"Did you have any luck in your stock market speculations?"
"Yes, indeed. I escaped with part of my money."

Good Reason.
Wife—This article says that the ball is the oldest toy in the world.
Husband—Yes, and a ballhead must be the oldest joke in the world.

Not That District.
He—They say the woman's vote in this district is very light.
She—Nothing of the sort. Nearly every woman registered is a brunette.

Benefit.
"I hope you felt like a better man after hearing my speech."
"I did. I needed just that two hours' sleep."

Doesn't Care Who Is Stuck.
"Is he good to his wife?"
"Very. He lets her have everything and anything the stores will trust him for."

Appropriate Remark.
"What did the fallen jockey say when they pulled him from under his prostrate mount?"
"He said, 'That is a horse on me!'"

Educated.
Hoity—I'm told she speaks several languages.
Hoity—Yes, golf, polo and horse.—Town Topics.

APPROPRIATE.



Special Writer—I have an article on the kind of milk the farmers give the summer boarders.
Editor—Oh! condense it.

Intellectual Desperation.
How often we investigate
Until at last we sadly vow,
Our grammar can't be kept in a straight;
There ain't no answer, anyhow!

Good Night.
Mistress—So you are leaving to be married, Nora?
Nora—Yes, ma'am; an' I'll be leaving now.
Mistress—Well, I hope you are getting a good husband.
Nora—If he ain't any better than the one you've got I'll be back.

Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada
CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY
TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

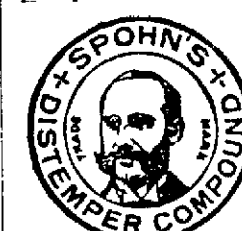
To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than April 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR



STRANGLES

Or Distemper in stallions, brood mares, colts and all others is most destructive. The germ causing the disease must be removed from the body of the animal. To prevent the trouble the same must be done.

SPOHN'S COMPOUND
Will do both—cure the sick and prevent those "exposed" from having the disease. 50 cents and \$1 a bottle; \$5 and \$10 the dozen. All druggists, harness houses and meat markets. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Manufacturers, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

CHRONIC CONSTIPATION IS A CRIME AGAINST NATURE

Stop it or you never can keep well. If you wake with a bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, perhaps headache, your liver is torpid. A torpid liver deranges the whole system, produces dyspepsia, constipation and piles. There is no better remedy for these disorders than DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS. Try them just once and be eternally convinced. For sale by all druggists.

Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills

As They Say in the Army.
Overheard in the car:
Bella—Hullo, Peter, where did you spring from?
Peter—Ach, I'm out of work.
Bella—Out of work, are ye? What are ye gunn to do?
Peter—I havena settled yet. I'm thinkin' of applyin' for a job as valet to a munition worker.

AND NOW THEY ARE COOKING TOBACCO TO MAKE IT BETTER

For a good many years The American Tobacco Company have been conducting a series of experiments having as their object the improvement of smoking tobaccos.

And it is interesting to know that one of the greatest of their discoveries was one of the simplest, and that was, that cooking or toasting tobacco improved it in every way, just as cooking most foods improves them.

They took a real Burley tobacco, grown in this country; toasted it as you would toast bread; moistened it to replace the natural moisture driven off by toasting; made it into cigarettes, called them "LUCKY STRIKE, the toasted cigarette," and offered them to the public.

Theresult has been the greatest demand ever created for any tobacco product in a similar length of time.

The change produced by toasting is not only most wholesome, but the flavor is greatly improved, just as cooking improves meat, for example.—Adv.

Like All Men.
Hokus—"I like a girl who is reserved."
Pokus—"So do I, if she is reserved for me."—Life.

It is believed that the polka was originally a Serbian war dance.

The needle goes through its work—but not until it is hard pushed.

To Prevent Grip

Fortify the System Against Winter Cold

The strong withstand the Winter Cold Better than the Weak. If your Blood is not in a healthy condition and does not circulate properly, your system will not be able to withstand the Winter Cold. Old people who are feeble and younger people who are weak, will be strengthened and enabled to go through the cold weather by taking regularly

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic

Contains the well-known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system, thus fortifying the system against colds and grip. Price 60c.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic
Take Grove's

Public Sale!**On Tuesday, March 12, 1918.**

The undersigned, having rented his farm, will sell at public sale at his residence in Mt. Pleasant township, along the state highway between Gettysburg and Hanover, close to Square Corner, the following:

5 Horses and Mules

One pair dark bay Kentucky mules, 16½ hands high, work anywhere, 9 years old, fearless of all road objects; gray mare, 10 years old, works anywhere, safe for women or children to drive; bay horse rising 5 years old, fine worker, not broken to lead; bay mare rising 4 years, off-side worker.

13 Head of Cattle

Roan cow, to have 5th calf by time of sale; white cow to have 3rd calf in April; red cow to have 2nd calf in April; roan cow to be fresh by time of sale; red heifer to be fresh in April; Holstein heifer 16 months old; Holstein bull 16 months old; Jersey bull 15 months old; 3 roan bulls 10 mos. old, red bull 15 months old, red bull 6 months old.

30 Head of Hogs

Three brood sows, 2 to have pigs by time of sale, 1 due to farrow in April; 1 boar, 16 months old, weigh about 250 lbs.; the balance are shoats ranging in weight from 30 to 70 lbs. These hogs are all Berkshire stock.

Farming Implements

New Owego 3½ in. tread wagon, 2½ to 3 tons capacity, 1 Acme 3 1-2 in. tread wagon, capacity 2 tons, 1 road cart, W. A. Wood binder, Deering mower, H. & D. J. sulky cultivator, No. 12 Mountville plow, 60 tooth spike harrow, 17 tooth spring harrow, land roller, 17 ft. hay carriage, set hay carriage beams, Cyclone No. 10 fodder cutter, bag wagon, grain fan, bl. spraying pump, 4 sets front-gears, set Yankee harness, set buggy harness, 5 bridles, 8 collars, 5 halters, cruppers for double harness, buggy and check lines, triple, double and singletrees, cow and other chains, set manure plank, 200 egg incubator, Naugle make, forks and rakes; 2 turkey hens. One 8-day clock, No. 8 Loran range, apples and potatoes by the bushel, 400 bu. corn on cob, and other articles. The above machinery is practically as good as new. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock sharp. Eleven months credit, or 4 per cent. off for cash.

I. V. NOEL.

G. R. Thompson, Auct.

Public Sale**On Thursday, March 21, 1918.**

The undersigned will sell at public sale at his residence in Mt. Pleasant Township, 2 miles west of Mt. Rock, ½ mile east of Brush Run school-house, near Storm's store, on what was formerly known as the Freshman farm, the following:

SIX HORSES AND MULES

One bay horse, 13 years old, good saddle horse and leader; bay horse, 14 years old, works anywhere and a good driver; black horse, 5 years old, a good off-side worker; dark bay horse, 6 years old, work wherever hitched; pair dark bay mules, 10 years old, one a good leader, the other good off-side worker.

20 DURHAM CATTLE

Eight milk cows, 3 to be fresh by time of sale, 3 in April, and 2 in May—these cows are all young, carrying from 2nd to 4th calf; 8 heifers; 4 bulls; 1 fat bull, 3 fit for service.

35 HEAD OF HOGS

Two brood sows, balance are shoats ranging in weight from 40 to 100 pounds.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Home made 4-in. tread wagon and bed, 4 ton capacity; 6 in. tread low-down wagon, 3 ton capacity; 4-in. tread Acme wagon, 2 ton capacity, with 10½ ft. bed, nearly new; 2 buggies, sleigh, surrey, spring wagon pole, McCormick binder, McCormick mower, Thomas grain drill, H. & D. double row corn planter, Daisy single row corn planter, McCormick self-dump hay rake, 2 pair 20-ft. hay carriages, 2 H. & D. sulky cultivators, 5 shovel cultivator, 1 shovel plow, 2 No. 10 Mountville plows, with 2 shares; No. 10 Mountville plow, 25-tooth spring harrow, nearly new; 17-tooth spring harrow, land roller, manure sled, stable hook, hay fork, 120 ft. rope and 4 pulleys, 2 set of manure plank, hog crate, lever scales, Scientific chopping mill, 1 Auchey grain separator, good as new, 50 ft. 6-in. endless canvas belting, 1 cream separator, 2 incubators, 120 and 100 egg capacity; coal-burning brooder stove, 1-000 chick capacity; 8 hives of bees, some new hives, 1 bl. good vinegar, 60 grain sacks, forks of all kinds, 4-horse, triple and doubletrees, 30 singletrees, jockey sticks, breast, halter and cow chains, 3 log chains, block and tackle, blacksmith tools, tongs, hammers, sledge, anvil, whirlwind forge; 6 sets of frontgears, 6 bridles, 6 collars, 2 sets of buggy harness, 6 flynets, 2 pair hames and traces, 3 pair check lines, 2 lead reins, 2 plow lines, hitching straps, 8 halters, riding saddle, blanket and bridle, butter churn, five 50 lb. milk cans, lot of ear corn, and many other articles.

Sale to begin at 12 o'clock sharp. 12 months credit will be given on sums of \$5 and upwards by purchasers giving notes with approved security. Further terms at sale by

ELMER J. ALTLAND.

G. R. Thompson, Auct.

No Smoking allowed around barh.

Large Public Sale**On Monday, March 18, 1918.**

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at public sale at his residence in Mt. Pleasant township, Adams County, on what was formerly known as the Judge J. L. Jenkins farm, midway between Conecago Chapel and Lilly's mill, 4 miles west of Hanover, and 5 miles south of New Oxford, the following personal property:

10 Horses and Mules

Pair of dark bay mules, 6 years old, one an extra fine leader; pair of black mules, coming 3 years old, good size and well broken; red roan mare, 6 years old, good saddle beast, heavy built; gray mare, 14 years old, works anywhere; sorrel mare, 14 years old, works anywhere; bay mare, 4 years old, good worker and driver; bay mare, 6 years old, good off-side worker and fine driver; sorrel colt, 2 years old.

22 Durham and Hereford Cattle

Nine milk cows, 3 fresh by time of sale, 2 close springers, 3 fall cows, and 1 with calf just sold off. These cows are mostly young and good milkers. Three Durham and 1 Hereford heifers, some of them with calf; 4 stock bulls, 6 Durham and 3 Herefords, all fit for service and all good stock.

15 Head of Hogs

Four young brood sows, due to farrow in May; balance are shoats

Farming Implements

Millbourne 4 in. tread wagon, 4 ton capacity, with 14 ft. home-made bed, used one season; 2 3½ in. tread 4 horse wagons, in good condition; Deering 8 ft. cut binder, with tongue truck, used one season; Deering 5 ft. cut mower, Hoosier 8 hoe grain drill, 1 New Eagle double row corn planter, with phosphate attachment, 1 Spangler single row corn planter, Thomas 10 ft. hay rake, 2 H. & D. cultivators, land roller, 2 lever harrows, 25 tooth and 17 tooth; 3 plows, 1 No. 15 Mountville, 2 Birch; 2 pair 18 ft. hay carriages. This machinery and farming implements are nearly all new. Spring wagon, cutter sleigh, 4 horse, triple, double and singletrees, hay fork, rope and pulleys, log, cow and breast chains. HARNESS: 2 sets of breechbans, 6 sets of front gears, 8 bridles, 8 collars, 10 halters, lead reins, check and plow lines, hitching straps, set buggy harness, hames and traces, jockey sticks, farm bell, forks and shovels, milk cans, chickens by the pound, and many articles not mentioned.

Sale to begin promptly at 12 o'clock. Twelve months credit will be given on sums of \$5 and upwards by purchasers giving their notes with approved security or 4 per cent off for cash. Further terms at sale by FRANK T. MILLER.

G. R. Thompson, Auct.

Lingg & Smith, Clerks.

Public Sale!**On Tuesday, March 19, 1918.**

The undersigned, intending to move on a smaller farm, the undersigned will sell at public sale at his residence on the Brodbeck farm, at the stone bridge along the Carlisle pike, 1 mile south of Hampton, the following personal property:

Six Head of Mules

One pair of black mare mules, 5 years old, 16 hands high, both leaders and work wherever hitched, safe for any child to handle; 1 pair black horse mules, 4 years old, 16 hands high, both leaders; and safe; 1 pair black mules, this pair are my wheel mules, they are 16½ hands high, 8 years old, and sound and allright

15 Head of Cattle

Durham and Holstein stock; 8 cows, five of which will be fresh by day of sale, 2 to be fresh in April, the other in May; several fine heifers, with calf; 5 red and roan Durham bulls, and 1 Holstein bull bred from a grade cow and registered bull, all large enough for service.

Four Head of Hogs

Three brood sows, 1 to have pigs by time of sale, the other two are due to farrow in May; 1 boar, fit for service, O. I. C. stock.

Farming Implements

Three wagons, one 4-in. tread steel axle Acme wagon, 4 ton capacity, and bed; 1 4-in. tread home-made wagon, 6 ton capacity; 1 low down truck wagon; H. & D. 20th Century corn worker with planter attachment; 1 walking cultivator, Champion mower, 30 tooth Perry spring harrow, 17 tooth lever harrow, 2 pair hay carriages, 18 and 18 ft. long; steel land roller, 3-horse spreader, frontgears, breechbans, collars and bridles, halters, plow lines, triple, double and singletrees, jockey sticks, log, cow and halter chains, forks, manure hook, cutting box, and many other articles not mentioned.

Sale to begin at 12 o'clock M. Eleven months credit will be given, or 4 per cent. off for cash. Further terms at sale by

BERT R. FEESER.

Roth & Enser, Aucts

Smith & Chronister, Clerks.

Public Sale!**On Saturday, March 23, 1918.**

The undersigned, having sold her small farm and intending to quit housekeeping, will sell at public sale at her residence in Irishtown, Oxford Township, the following personal property:

TWO GOOD COWS

one to be fresh about the middle of May, the other in June, both good milkers;

TWO NICE HOGS

weigh about 100 pounds each; about 130 chickens, by the pound; 2 wheelbarrows, grain fan, carpenter tools of all kinds, and in good condition; grain cradle, 2 grass scythes, digging iron, 2 drills, 3 manure forks, 2 shovels, mattock and pick, corn sheller, 2 rakes, 2 hoes, 14 ft. ladder, 1 corn cultivator; about 30 bushels of oats, 15 bushels of potatoes, 5½ ft. cross-cut saw, 2 axes, 2 cook stoves, 1 parlor stove, 2 sinks, 2 tables, iron kettle; pot racks, 4 rocking chairs, 6 cane seat chairs, nearly new; 9 good kitchen chairs, couches, 4 bedsteads, 2 chests, 1 trunk, large glass corner cupboard, 2 other cupboards, tubs, 1 bureau, washing machine, about 65 yards of carpet, 2 stands, mirrors, about 100 lbs. of lard, about 200 lbs. cured hams, shoulder and bacon, butter churn, crocks, barrels, 1 clock, flour chest, doughtray, hanging lamp, 4 other lamps, dishes of all kinds, knives, forks, ladles, cooking utensils, grindstone, radiator, two 8 gal. jars, coffee mill, about 20 window shades, and a large lot of articles not mentioned.

Sale to begin at 12 o'clock, when terms will be made known by

MRS. MARGARET NARY.

Chas. Klinehart, Auct. C. Lingg, Clerk.

FRENCH WOMEN**IN 1,000 TASKS**

Girls Help in Mending of 30,000 Pairs of Soldiers' Boots a Week.

DO ALL KINDS OF LABOR

Old and Young Rendering Good Service in the War Industries—Only 30 Per Cent of Waste is Ever Salvaged.

Paris.—French women, old and young, are nobly performing their tasks in war industries, thousands working in all kinds of industries within the sound of German guns.

They are praised for their intelligence and industry, from the little girl from the lycee to the old woman who has come back to work because she wants to see the Boche punished for what he did to France in 1870.

The French workers formerly had been lacemakers, and a few of them fisher girls. Of the former there were a few who were the children or grandchildren of English people from the great English lace centers at Nottingham, who had settled in France many years before and been absorbed into the life of the French people.

In the salvage centers at an ordnance base I saw them working in the biggest boot repair shop in the world, where 30,000 pairs of boots are repaired a week; and here I saw old uppers cut into disks, which in their turn were made into boot laces. These salvaged boots, swept up from the debris at the front, emerge finally in three classes: 1, those that can be used again by men at the front, and are often preferred to new, as they are softer in wear; 2, those for men on the lines of communication; and, 3, for prisoners and colored laborers.

Only 30 Per Cent Salvaged.

While I was going round these repairing shops I noticed an American officer being taken round also, and heard his clericone giving him information on the importance of salvage—all of which he was carefully noting. There were Frenchwomen cleaning old web and leather equipment by revolving brushes; French girls sorting salvaged ammunition, the "empties" being sold to the French government; there were girls washing discarded haversacks, cleaning rifles, picking through masses of horseshoes to see if there was any wear left in them; there were girls sorting out old helmets and picking the few good ones to be washed, sandpapered and "camouflaged." All of these things had been swept up from the debris of the recent fighting. Yet only 30 per cent of waste is ever salvaged from the fighting lines.

They were repairing and riveting spurs; they were making wooden stocks for Watson's signalling fans; they were sharpening blades of horse-clippers; they were repairing wheels and cleaning the bolts and hubs of the wheels, and doing a thousand other curious routine things. Most of them sang at their work rebald little French songs, which occasionally changed to the defiant "Marsellaise" when they saw a stranger near them. Industry means happiness in France, where all who eat must work, even the dogs.

In the textile factory there were girls handling over five tons a day of old tents; others were repairing them upstairs at the rate of hundreds a week. They cut out disks for signaling, and the tabs for soldiers' greatcoats; they were making up the parcels that go in Tommy's greatcoat pocket, buttons, thread, etc., each one at a great table having her share in the process.

Help in Clerical Work.

There are French girls also helping in the clerical section of ordnance, working side by side with W. A. C.'s, filing papers, though they know no English, by numbers, and becoming very skilled and quick at a monotonous job.

The pay is that prevailing in the town in which they work and arranged with the French authorities. One of the great advantages of employing French women is, in addition to their quickness and skill, the fact that they live close at hand, thus saving the need for importing English people for unskilled work.

The French woman's labor has one characteristic that is recognized by the military employer. It is a little erratic. Six francs a day is the usual pay, and if a woman does not choose to work a consecutive number of days she stays away, and no one says anything. They are also a mobile labor, and if a group decide to move elsewhere owing to air raids and other causes, they depart with all their goods and chattels. Always they please themselves in purely personal matters while remaining on the best of terms with their employers. Of their strict honesty I heard constant praise.

Kaiser Changes His Name.

New Haven, Conn.—"Is Mr. Kaiser in?" queried a business acquaintance of the traveling manager of a chair of stores, as he entered the local branch here recently.

"Sh!" warned the local manager "No such party here."

Then he confidentially informed the visitor that Mr. Kaiser was there, but for business and patriotic reasons he had changed his name to Kingdon.

Olympia Restaurant

When in Hanover don't forget to visit the
New Eating Place
ON BROADWAY.

There you will find what you wish served.

Regular Dinner

from 11 A. M. to 2:30 P. M.

FIRST-CLASS SERVICE.**All That a Baker Needs**

1—Is to be a good baker.

2—196 lbs of *White Loaf Flour* which will make from 300 to 310 one pound loaves of the finest bread.

White Loaf Flour is the economy flour. Put the cost of it against what you pay for bread. *White Loaf Flour* is sold by all dealers. Deliveries a specialty. Try us.

Manufactured by

The New Oxford Milling Company**MILL FEEDS**

OF ALL KINDS, CORN MEAL, ETC.

All kinds of custom chopping on short notice. Satisfaction Guaranteed. A liberal share of your patronage respectfully solicited. Deliveries will be made at any time and any place within reasonable distance. Highest Market Prices paid for all kinds of grain. Both Phones; Bell Phone, 28-R2; United Phone, 8T. 5 10.

Hanover Electrical Supply Co.,

(Successors to Stough & Lucas.)

HANOVER, PA.

We can save you money on electrical equipment be it
Wiring, Fixtures or Supplies.

The high prices of material need not discourage you from installing electricity for your comfort or convenience.

Do not fail to get our prices for we will
SAVE YOU MONEY.

Address:—130 Baltimore Street, Hanover, Pa.

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1-4-3m

Everything That an Automobile Needs.

Our Tires Are the Best.
Our Accessories Will Please You.
Our Gasoline is Pure and the Price is Right.
Our Repair Department Gives Satisfaction.
All Parts of Ford Cars Constantly on Hand.

Car Storage a Specialty.**TRY US****NEW OXFORD GARAGE,**

R. M. WOLF, Proprietor,

Rear Lincoln Way, West. Bell Phone 3-R4. Night Call 31-R4.

Samuel LaRue, of New Freedom, the York county farmer whose selective service act has attracted wide attention, now is in the army to stick. LaRue is undergoing training at Camp Meade suitable for "conscientious objectors" and with his last appeal thrown out will stay there until he goes to France or the war is over. LaRue's friends, disappointed by the failure of his ten appeals for exemption, learned that the last straw has failed them. President Wilson has refused to intervene. Under the rules a drafted man may appeal in some instances to the President. The President Tuesday informed the district appeal board

that their ruling sending LaRue to camp stands.

Governor Brumbaugh has called on the people of Pennsylvania to go hungry so that American soldiers and sailors can have enough to eat. It is disloyal to feast in a day when famine awaits, says the governor, in a proclamation dealing with the gravity of the food situation abroad. He calls attention to the fact that it is necessary to get 75,000,000 bushels of wheat to the allies immediately. Then he remarks that Americans are prodigally wasteful and are consuming vastly more food than is necessary.

Public Sale!**On Monday, March 25, 1918.**

The undersigned, intending to quit farming will sell at public sale, at his residence on the J. V. Staub farm 4 mile northeast of New Oxford, the following valuable personal property:

7 Horses and Mules

1 pair of mules 8 years old, 17 hands high, 1 a No. 1 wagon leader, the other a good off side worker; 1 dun horse 8 years old, 16½ hands high, can't be hitched wrong; 1 bay horse 9 years old, 17 hands high, a leader and safe driver, 1 bay mare 8 years old, 16 hands high, a good leader and driver; 2 colts, one 2 years old the other 1 year old. The above mules and horses are fearless of all road objects.

11 Dehorned Cattle

7 milk cows, 3 will be fresh by time of sale, 1 in April, 2 in July, the other a fall cow; 2 heifers, 2 bulls fit for service.

Eleven Hogs

2 brood sows, 1 due to farrow about the middle of April; 9 shoats, will weigh about 45 pounds each

Farm Machinery

1 Acme wagon 4 in. tread, with 1 in. tires, 4 tons capacity; 1 Auburn wagon, 4 in. tread, 2½ tons capacity, good as new; 2 wagon beds, good as new, will hold 50 bu. and 100 bu. respectively, one a home made bed the other a western bed; 2 sets of hay carriages 18 and 20 ft. long; 1 spring wagon, Clover Leaf manure spreader in good condition; 1 McCormick binder, 6 ft cut; 1 McCormick mower, 5 ft cut, in good order 1 self dump hay rake, Superior grain drill with phosphate attachment, as good as new; 1 Spangler single row corn planter with fertilizer attachment, 2 sulky corn workers, 1 a Buckeye nearly new, the other an H. & D. with spring snaps; 1 land roller, 1 disc harrow, 1 17 tooth lever spring harrow nearly new, 1 18 tooth Perry harrow, 1-horse cultivator, shovel plow, 2 long plows, Syracuse and Oliver Chilled; sleigh, manure sled, 2 sets manure planks, 2 grain fans, bag, truck, jackscrow, grain cradle, hay fork, rope and pulleys, scythe and snath, 2 stretchers, triple, double and singletrees, corn sheller, 3 jockey-sticks, log, cow, breast and butt chains, wheelbarrow, mattock, shovel, digging iron, 2 grain shovels, hog box, hog, trough

HARNESS—4 sets frontgears, good as new, 1 set Yankee harness; 1 set spring wagon harness, 5 bridles, good as new, 5 collars, 5 flynets, 2 pairs check lines, plow lines, 6 horse lugs, 6 halters

Potatoes by the bu., ten-pole stove, Standard washing machine, corner cupboard, and many other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock; 11 months credit; 4 per cent off for cash.

JOHN GLASS.

Abram Roth, Auct.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims for or against the estate of Anna F. Myers, deceased, late of the Borough of New Oxford, Adams County, Pa., will present them for settlement to

WILBUR N. MYERS,

324 Holliday St., Baltimore, Md.

Receiver's Notice.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, In equity:

O. J. Weaver having been appointed receiver of the New Oxford Pure Food Company on December 15, 1917, with order directing all property of said corporation to be turned over to him and restraining interference, hereby gives notice to all creditors of the above corporation to immediately file a statement and proof of their claims with the undersigned receiver.

O. J. WEAVER, Receiver,
New Oxford, Pa., Dec 19, 1917.

Public Sale!**On Tuesday, March 19, 1918.**

The undersigned, intending to discontinue housekeeping, will sell at public sale at his residence at the New Oxford cemetery, adjoining New Oxford Borough, the following personal property:—Two white enameled beds, 1 wood bedstead, 4 bed springs, 3 mattresses, bed clothes, 1 dressing bureau, chiffonier, 3 washstands, buffet, 6 ft. extension table, 1 combined desk and book case with glass doors, 2 desks, chest, trunk, 15 cane seat chairs, 3 plank seat chairs, Morris chair, willow rocker, cobbler seat rocker, 4 other rockers, 1 unit gun sectional book case, center table, 4 stands, sewing stand, umbrella stand, parlor stove and pipe, Albion cook stove and pipe, 2 other stoves, egg stove and pipe, 1 kitchen cabinet, walnut loose top table, 1 combined sink and cupboard, 40 yards of carpet, 40 yards matting, 12 yards linoleum, rugs, 1 oil heater, 2 burner oil cook stove, drop-leaf spring couch, book case, picture frames, standard key-board Remington typewriter, International dictionary and holder, lot of books, 100 lbs. cured ham, shoulder and bacon, lard, lot jarred fruit, 6 or 8 bu. Irish potatoes, meat benches, 1900 washer, Empire wringer, 2 tubs, step ladder, cellar cupboard, iron kettle and stand, wash boiler, lard cans, 3 stone jars and crocks, glass, queens and earthen ware, aluminum, tin and granite ware, cooking utensils, pots, pans buckets, tea kettle, knives, forks, spoons, Miller lamp, other lamps, family scales, 3 smoothing irons, good work bench with two vices, lot of carpenter tools, 3 planes, 3 hand saws, rip saw, 2 levels, squares, try and miter; 1 steel mit box, hand axe brace and bitts, augers, ax, adze, drawing knives, pliers; cement edgers and groovers, tool box, 2 top cupboards, bench iron, flower stand, pin tooth cultivator, concrete block molds, garden seed drill, garden plow and cultivator attachments, hand feed mill, hoes and rakes, one-man saw, bicycle, double barrel shot gun, and other articles. These goods were bought new 11 years ago and therefore are worth the attention of buyers. Ten months credit given, or 4 per cent. off for cash. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock M.

HARRY THIEMAN.

Public Sale!**On Saturday, March 16, 1918.**

The undersigned will sell at public sale at the residence of G. S. Maring, in Mt. Pleasant township, on Kilpatrick road, 1 mile east of Guldens Station, 1 mile north of Sugartown, and 2½ miles south-west of New Oxford, the following:

FOUR HORSES AND MULES

Two horses, sound and allright, and fearless of all road objects; 1 pair of fine mules, coming 2 years old, quiet and gentle

15 HEAD OF CATTLE

Six milk cows, close springers, carrying 3rd and 4th calf, good milkers; five heifers, 1 to be fresh in June; 1 steer, 3 bulls, fit for service

40 HEAD OF HOGS

Four brood sows, 2 with pigs by their sides day of sale, 1 Berkshire, entitled to registry; balance are shoats ranging in weight from 40 to 100 pounds

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Two-horse wagon and bed, in good condition, 2 spring wagons, 1 good mower, 1 self dump hay rake, 2 cutting boxes, 2 horse Mountville plow, buggy pole, 2 good falling top buggies, 2 runabouts, 1 trap, set of good Yankee harness, set of frontgears, good as new; 2 bridles, 2 collars, and many other articles not mentioned. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock sharp. 12 months credit will be given or 5 per cent. off for cash.

SHULTZ & MARING,
G. R. Thompson, Auct.

If you want neat and up-to-date printed work patronize the Item Office.

New Oxford Item

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

BY H. I. SMITH.

TERMS.—\$1.00 per annum in advance—\$1.50 if not paid within the year. No subscription discontinued unless at the option of the publisher and all arrears are paid. A failure to order a discontinuance at the expiration of time paid for will be considered a new engagement. ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at reasonable rates—liberal reduction to those who advertise by the year.

FOR PRINTING of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster.

THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1918.

Parcel Post Changes.

Postmaster T. E. Warner has received notice of a change in the fourth class mail which becomes effective March 15th. The new ruling provides that the maximum weight of mail be increased to 70 pounds for parcels mailed within the first, second and third zones, while parcels for all other zones may not exceed 50 pounds in weight. It is pointed out that this increased weight should prove particularly advantageous in marketing of products of the farm in these days of conservation and will bring the farm and home closer together. This ruling however does not apply to parcels sent to the Expeditionary Forces in Europe. Parcels for such shipment may not exceed 7 pounds in weight. Fourth class mail embraces all other matter including farm and factory products and books not now in the Third, Second or First classes. The size of a package may not exceed 84 inches in length and girth combined.

A dairyman's league was organized by a number of Adams County farmers in the Court House on Friday evening. John Bream, of Highland township, was elected president; T. Marshall Mehling, of Cumberland township, vice president; and Allen Redding, of Cumberland township, treasurer. An organizer was present to represent the Dairyman's League of Pennsylvania and New York.

A Golden Rule Spirit Is Mrs. Gaven's Guide

Marshwood Lady Would Thank Any One for Advice That Restores Health.

"I am a different woman since taking Tanlac," declared Mrs. S. Gaven, a highly respected lady of Marshwood, near Scranton.

"I suffered from stomach trouble. My stomach was so weak that nothing I ate agreed with me. I used to get spells of indigestion that took all the energy out of me, and I would have to go to bed for a week at a time.

"I would have splitting headaches, and finally I felt like a nervous wreck. One of the worst experiences I had was the loss of sleep. The sleep I did get did not seem to rest me as it should, because I would get up more tired than when I went to bed. Tanlac was worth many dollars to me. I am a different woman since taking it.

"Just think, I can eat anything now without discomfort. I sleep sound throughout the entire night. I enjoy my meals with a relish. I recommend Tanlac because I believe in doing unto others as you would have others do unto you and I would thank any one that would recommend anything that would bring back health to any half sick or nervous run-down woman."

Tanlac is sold here by Ed. T. Aaker, druggist—adv.



The Season's Newest Designs

A large variety of patterns to select from.

TWO PIECE SUIT

Made To Order

Perfect Fit Guaranteed

\$15



A. P. WAGNER, Carlisle St., New Oxford.

Marriages.

On Thursday afternoon the Rev. Paul R. Pontius married Miss Sarah Cluck and Harry Brown, both of Fairfield.

Miss Mary Bollinger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Bollinger, of near Sell's Station, and Stanley Humbert, son of Granville Humbert, of near Silver Run, Md., were married Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. The ceremony was performed at Silver Run, by the Rev. C. G. Wolf.

J. Chester Lawver, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Lawver, of Biglerville, and Miss Fay M. Slaybaugh, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Slaybaugh, of Centre Mills, were married at 12 o'clock Saturday, by the Rev. W. D. E. Scott, at the home of the bride's parents.

Miss Bernice M. Bowers, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bowers, of Hanover, became the bride of Eugene L. Lindsay, also of Hanover, at Silver Run, on Sunday. The Rev. Mr. Wolf officiated.

Moving Here and There.

John Kuhn and wife have moved from Hanover to the home of Mrs. Kuhn's mother, Mrs. Jos. H. Hemler, in McSherrytown.

C. Tilden Myers and family, who moved from New Oxford to Hampton, about a year ago, have leased the Henry Menges house, Lincoln Way, East, recently vacated by Geo. A. Miller's family, and will return to New Oxford.

Latimore Baker and family have moved from York to the Miller farm, near Abbottstown.

J. W. Feiser and family have moved from Baltimore to East Berlin.

L. H. Miller, of near Swift Run schoolhouse, on Tuesday moved to the small property he recently purchased from Augustus Shorb, at Irishtown. Mr. Shorb, who purchased Mr. Miller's farm, also took charge of the same on Tuesday.

John Miller and family moved Thursday, from the property Mr. Miller recently sold to Uriah Becker, of York, in Abbottstown, to his property on the Carlisle pike, near Bittingers. On the same day Mr. Becker and family moved into their new home.

Norman Berkheimer, manager of the Harris Bros. store, will move his household effects and family from the Olinger house, on Pleasant street, to the M. D. Feiser property, West High street, this Thursday.

Ammon Bupp, telegraph operator, will today move from the Miller house, Carlisle street, to the property of E. C. Bond, West High street.

Real Estate Sales.

F. J. Wolf has sold his property, consisting of 12½ acres of land, with improvements, along the Lincoln Highway, near Brush Run station, to Mrs. John Morrison, of Straban township, on private terms. Possession, April 1st. Mr. and Mrs. Wolf will make their home with their children and will have public sale of all personal property on March 23rd.

J. L. Garretson, of York Springs, R. D., has purchased the property owned by Oliver Weaver and Mrs. Garretson, at Dillsburg.

H. M. Huff, of Littlestown, has purchased the property of Joseph Altland, at Jacobs Mill, York county. Mr. Huff's son-in-law, A. F. Simpson and family, of Hanover, will occupy the property.

Hospital Patients.

Mrs. Rebecca Prowell, of Hanover, who recently underwent a surgical operation at the York hospital, was discharged from that institution last week. Nevin Reinhardt, of Hanover, formerly of Guldens, and Benjamin Davis, Midway, medical patients were also discharged from the hospital.

S. K. Sowers, of Abbottstown, who was operated upon at the Polyclinic hospital, Philadelphia, last Saturday for neuralgia of the optic nerve, returned home Tuesday evening. He is now under the care of Dr. T. C. Miller and is slowly improving.

Harry Bair, of Littlestown, who has been a patient at the West Side Sanatorium, York, returned home Monday.

Mrs. James Shildt, of Littlestown, was taken to the West Side Sanatorium, York on Monday, for an operation.

On Sunday Dr. Lindaman took Mrs. John Krug, of Germany township, to the York Hospital, for an operation.

The condition of Mrs. Elmer H. Redding of Hanover, who underwent an operation for internal trouble at the Hahnemann Hospital, Philadelphia, last week, is reported to be improved.

G. Roy Swartz, of Hanover, who recently underwent a surgical operation at the U. S. Marine hospital, Baltimore, is improving.

Earl Flickinger, 18-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Flickinger, of near Kohler's schoolhouse, left on Tuesday morning for St. Louis, Mo., where he will undergo treatment for a deformity of the spine, at an Orthopedic institution. The young man has been a pupil at the New Oxford High school for the past two years.

That the people of Adams county who invest money on April 1st should receive some or all of it for the Third Liberty Loan is urged in a preliminary call issued by Dr. W. A. Granville, chairman of the county committee.

Governor Brumbaugh has appointed Edw. E. Epplenman, of Menallen township, a Justice of the Peace.

Gettysburg Pa.

Gettysburg, Pa.

Gettysburg, Pa.

G. W. Weaver & Son,

Dry Goods Department Store.

THE fiscal year just closed (January 31, 1917) has shown us the greatest volume of business ever done in one year by any Dry Goods Store in Adams County, it being an increase of one-third over our own best year. This can, of course, be attributed in part to the general prosperity of our community and the higher prices of the same bulk of goods, but we feel that this *Great* increase for us has been brought about in a greater measure by our large buying at a time before these greater price advances had gone fully in effect, and by giving our customers the benefit of our forethought. We have continued this practice of early contracts and purchases for our Spring business, having loaded up with thousands of dollars worth of staples, and stored them against these later price advances we know must come, and where styles and colors make for value we contracted for larger lots and lines months ago, to be shipped when styles were fixed, and these goods are coming in daily. We are showing the *Largest Stock of Dry Goods* to be found anywhere outside the larger city stores, at prices in most every case less than the market of today.

Beautiful Line of New Silks.

In Satins (wonderful vogue) in all the desirable weaves and colors at same prices as last Fall. Tatetas, Georgettes, Crepe de Chines, Shirting Silks, Foulards, Fancy Skirting Silks, Etc.

The soldier needs wool and cotton for clothing, and munition. Dress in silk and be patriotic.

BUY W. S. S. CERTIFICATES.

New Wool Dress Goods

All the sturdy, sensible weaves for Dresses and Coats, Serges, Poplins and a dozen others at a price-saving that will allow you to buy a Thrift Stamp on every yard. Never a larger variety to choose from, but we cannot duplicate them at these prices and most of them not at all.

As was said by the immortal Lincoln, of the Civil war and which applies now, "War is terrible and this war of ours in its magnitude and duration is one of the most terrible." Let us do our part in our best way towards a successful termination.

BUY THRIFT STAMPS.

New Cotton Dress Goods

The variety is legion. We are showing now from our early purchases some of the most beautiful things that have ever been made out of cotton—white and colored. It would take a page of this paper to give even a partial description or to give brands. If you have heard of any particular Dress or Waist fabric, ask us, we have it.

Even if there was a probability of failure in the great struggle we are engaged in it ought not to deter us to help in every way to strengthen our great government to win.

BUY A LIBERTY BOND.

Household Dry Goods

Sheets, Pillow Cases, Counterpanes, Table Damask, Domestic Goods of every character, all at a saving of from 15 to 25 per cent. over the wholesale price of today. Stock sufficient to last a considerable siege, but after these are gone, then what? When we pay more we will have to charge more, to stay in business.

Don't forget that while the dreadful war falls on all classes of people, that falls hardest on the soldier in the field. Help him by keeping the wheels of trade and manufacturing going at home. Use the wealth the war has given you by circulating it.

PAY YOUR WAR TAX CHEERFULLY.

THE LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR STOCK

Style Improvements--which make for beauty.

Quality Improvements--which make for service.

Intrinsic Value Improvements--which make for savings.

Our optimism for a large Spring business is probably most noticeable in our preparation in this department. Additional salespeople---additional help in many ways--to facilitate handling a larger stock and more customers.

G. W. WEAVER & SON,

The Leaders. Gettysburg, Pa.

Election Notice.

There will be a meeting of the lot holders of the New Oxford Cemetery Association held in the directors room of the Farmers & Merchants Bank, New Oxford, Pa. on Saturday, the 16th day of March, 1918, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock P. M., at which time the annual report of the president, and managers for the fiscal year will be presented; after which an election will be held for a president and four managers to serve for the ensuing year.

H. G. WEBLER, Sec'y

Cigar manufacturers have been notified, that an embargo has been placed on all cigar shipments, until further notice. The cigar business in this locality, manufacturers say, is as good as can be expected at the present time and should the embargo continue for any length of time, the business would be greatly interrupted.

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

Slab Wood & Uncut Tree Tops

On Saturday, March 16, 1918.

The undersigned will sell at public sale near Turkey Pit schoolhouse, 1 1/2 miles west of Hampton, a lot of Slab Wood and 7 Acres of Uncut Tree Tops, in lots to suit purchasers. Sale at 1 o'clock.

Terms by

A. C. LEINART.

Public Sale!

On Saturday, March 23, 1918.

The undersigned will sell at public sale at his residence in Straban township, on what was formerly known as the Hulick farm, along the New Oxford and New Chester road, 2 1/2 miles from the former place and 1/2 mile from the latter, the following personal property:

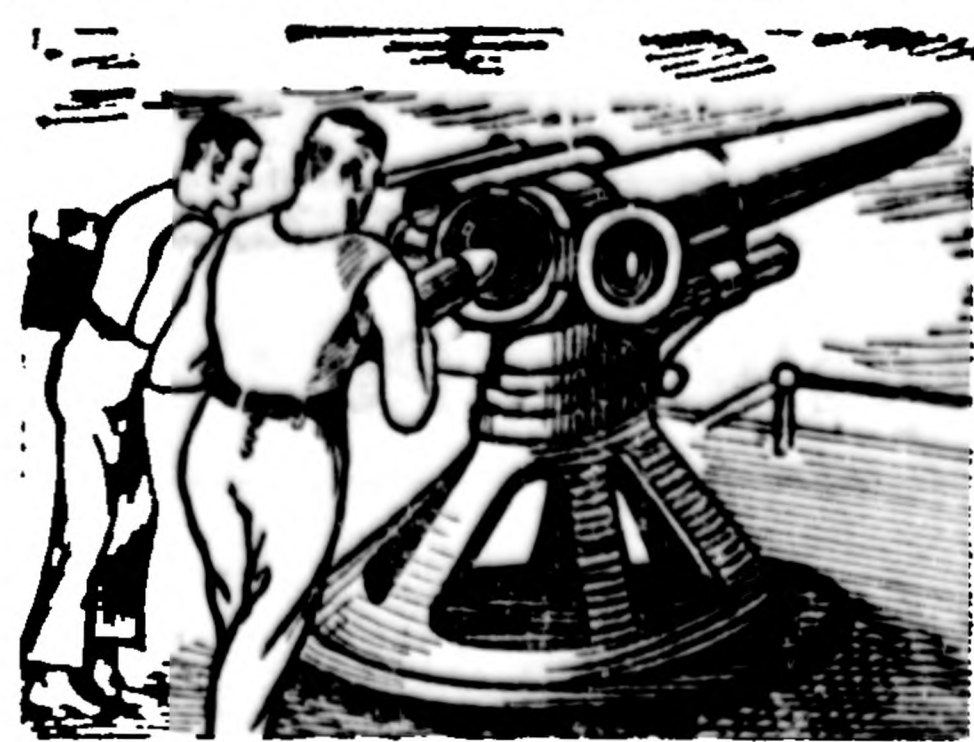
ONE SORREL HORSE coming 9 years old, weighs 1150 pounds, good worker and driver with plenty of speed; 1 buggy, 1 surrey, sleigh, buggy harness, bridle, 150 chickens, 100 White Leghorns, the balance are mixed.

ONE FAVORITE RANGE, only used two years; 2 bedsteads, stand

chest, lot of chairs, rocking chairs, table, cupboard, sink, drugget, bed clothes, consisting of quilts, blankets, comforts, sheets, pillows, featherbed, chaffbag, lot of home-made linen; baskets, 2 milk cans, butter churn, applebutter by the crock, steam cooked; iron kettle and ring, wood saw, ax, and many articles not mentioned. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock, when terms will be made known by

HOWARD H. TREIBER, G. F. Trimmer, Auct. S. J. Cashman, Clerk.

Mr. and Mrs. Ephraim Shely, of Ardentville, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary at their home Monday evening when they entertained their relatives and most intimate friends.



TURN TO BOWDITCH

Book by Salem Man, Long Dead,
Has Become War Factor.

Young Officers of the United States
Merchant Marine Are Poring Over
"American Navigator," Famed
as Sailor's Guide.

Our boys are defending this country on the high seas and on the land. Our own defense against a common enemy is to keep the system clean by ridding the body of the toxins, or poisons, which are bred in the intestines. When you feel tired, sleepy, headachy, when your breath is offensive, or pimples appear on the face and neck, it is time to recognize the danger and protect your bodily health by taking something for the liver such as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

The machinery of the body needs to be oiled, kept in good condition, just as the guns or machinery of a ship. Why should a human person neglect his own machinery more than that of his automobile or his guns? Yet most people do neglect themselves. Their tongue has a dark brown color, skin sallow, breath bad, yet they fail to see that their machinery needs attention.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets have been known for nearly half a century. They are made of May-apple, leaves of aloe and jalap, made into a tiny pellet and coated with sugar. They are standard and efficacious. You can obtain them at any drug store in vials for twenty-five cents. Ask for Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets—and get no other!

Stops Neuralgia Pains

Why suffer from excruciating neuralgia pains when an application of Yager's Liniment will give quick relief?

This liniment is good too, for rheumatism, sciatica, headache, pain in chest or side, sprains, cuts and bruises.

35¢ BOTTLE AT ALL DEALERS

Each bottle contains more than the usual five bottles of liniment.

YAGER'S LINIMENT RELIEVES PAIN

GILBERT BROS. & CO., Baltimore, Md.

Children Who Are Sickly

When your child cries at night, tosses restlessly in his sleep, is constipated, feverish or has symptoms of worms, you feel worried. Mothers who value their own comfort and the welfare of their children, should never be without a box of

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children

for use throughout the season. They tend to break up colds, relieve feverishness, constipation, teething disorders, move and regulate the bowels and destroy worms. These powders are pleasant to take and easy for parents to give. They cleanse the stomach, act on the liver and give healthful sleep by regulating the child's nervous system.

Used by mothers for 31 years. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Be sure you ask for and obtain Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

Cold Breezes Cause Sneezes

and warn you that you are taking cold. Don't let it settle in your head or throat. Drive it out with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Clears head and throat and relieves coughs and hoarseness. All druggists, 25c. a bottle.

When it aches again—try Pike's Toothache Drops

One Treatment with Cuticura Clears Dandruff

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

Let Me See Your Verses

Lyrics, words—Good and new ideas, will get them to music personally.

KERRY MILLS, 345 Highland Avenue, Montclair, N. J.

Writer of "Red Wing," "Georgia Campmeet Song," "Meet Me in St. Louis, Louis," "Good Bye Sweet Marie," "Longest Way Round Sweetest Way Home," "Kerry Mills Barn Dance," etc.

REFINED LADY

Pleasing personality, extensive acquaintance, as exclusive representative for complete line of Ladies' Toilet Requisites. A money making proposition.

MARGARETTA P. HOWE CO.

Box 3226 Philadelphia, Penna.

Wanted—Men or Women Salesmen. No canvassing. Sales come easily with our plan and your assistance. Selling Operola Cabinet Talking Machines from your home. Adv. furnished free. One salesman each county. Write quick. Wm. John & Co., Dept. 2, Cincinnati, O.

PINKETTS HAIR BALM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and \$1.00 at Druggists.

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 8-1918.

No American of today is exercising so potent an influence in the country's present extraordinary development in seagoing as Nathaniel Bowditch, who has been in his grave for more than eighty years, and whose name is unrecognized by millions of his fellow countrymen.

Persons who follow the rise and decline of the "best sellers" among books may be surprised to know that Bowditch was the author of one of the best-selling books ever produced, which has run through hundreds of editions, in all civilized languages, has been selling steadily for more than a hundred years, and since the great war began has been in greater demand than ever.

This book is known as the "American Practical Navigator." It is the guide of every keel that sails the Seven Seas, and is familiarly known to sailors the world over as "Bowditch," or "Bowditch's Epitome."

With America's entry into the war, the demand for Bowditch's "Navigator" became so great that a special edition of the book was published to meet it, by the United States hydrographic office, notwithstanding that editions had been as recently issued as in 1916, and also in 1914. For a time it was difficult to obtain a copy of the "Navigator." Since the appearance of the 1917, edition, however, all demands for the book can be met.

The increased demand for the book was caused chiefly by the stimulus given the study of navigation among young Americans by the training service of the United States shipping board, which is schooling hundreds of young men to serve as officers on the ships of the new merchant marine.

Bowditch was called by his contemporaries "an intellectual prodigy." He has since been termed "the Ocean Pathfinder." On receipt of the news of his death, in 1836, vessels in the chief ports of the world half-masted their flags. His book was then said by one eulogist to be "in practical utility second to no work of man ever published."

Of the personality of the man who achieved this great distinction very little is recalled today, in spite of the vital influence of his work in the present development of his country.

He was born in the old shipping town of Salem, Mass., in 1773. His people were poor, and he was obliged to leave school when but twelve, to serve in a ship chandler's shop.

There, while selling rope and marlin-spikes, the youth fell in with men from far voyages. One was an old British sailor, who taught the lad navigation. Algebra so fascinated the boy he "could not sleep after a first glance at it."

It chanced that about this time a privateer came into Salem with the booty of a cruise that included a library of philosophical works, the property of Dr. Richard Kirwan, an Irish scientist, taken from a freighter captured off the Irish coast.

The books were sold at auction, and bought by Salem citizens as the nucleus of a library. Young Bowditch had access to them, read them eagerly, and copied most of them for further use.

When twenty-two, Bowditch made his first voyage to sea, as captain's clerk on a Salem ship. He sailed nine years in all, one voyage being on the Astrea, the first American ship to visit Manila harbor.

Every man in the Astrea's crew soon learned they had a genius among them. Bowditch looked the scholar and devoted many hours a day to study. He made every man aboard a navigator, and it was said, each of them "could work a lunar observation as well as Sir Isaac Newton."

When not studying young Bowditch paced the deck in deep thought. At such times nobody spoke to him, knowing that in due course he would dash into his cabin to set down the results of his concentration, as he rarely failed to do.

It is related that one day the ship was attacked by a privateer, and Bowditch was assigned to pass powder from the magazine. The gun crews got no powder, and investigation showed Bowditch seated on a powder keg, working out a difficult problem on his slate.

On arriving in Boston harbor from a voyage in 1802, Bowditch attended the commencement at Harvard college, and was surprised to find himself named for an honorary degree as bachelor of arts, his work as an authority on navigation having won him recognition.

Retiring from the sea in 1804, Bowditch became president of a fire insurance company. He declined professorships at Harvard, the Military academy at West Point and the University of Virginia.

His life was devoted largely to perfecting his "Navigator," and to the translation from the French and notation of La Place's "Celestial Mechanics," a colossal work on astronomy showing great erudition by the translator, but now known only to a few astronomers.

Even a Stranger.
"An indorsement for office means little."
"Well, we get so we indorse a man as we hand out a match—on request."

TO ALL WOMEN WHO ARE ILL

This Woman Recommends
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Her Personal Experience.

McLean, Neb.—"I want to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all women who suffer from any functional disturbance, as it has done me more good than all the doctor's medicine."



Since taking it I have a fine healthy baby girl and have gained in health and strength. My husband and I both praise your medicine to all suffering women."

—Mrs. JOHN KOPPELMANN, R. No. 1, McLean, Nebraska.

This famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has been restoring women of America to health for more than forty years and it will well pay any woman who suffers from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues" to give this successful remedy a trial.

For special suggestions in regard to your ailment write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its long experience is at your service.

Not a Hero.
"A fellow came into my office this morning and persuaded me to give him a dollar. He said he had seen service on a British tank."

"That's interesting. Did he tell you about his experiences at the front?"
"No, and for a good reason. I discovered later that he had merely helped to paint the thing before it left the factory."

Lesson in Pronunciation.
Harry Launder told a story at a Robert Burns dinner in Chicago.

"A new minister preached his first sermon in a little Scottish village," he began, "and at the end of the services the precursor came to him and said: 'So ye call 'em Sawins, do ye? Losh, noo, we never knew what to make o' that there P' hereabouts. We always called 'em Spasms.'"

Why Bald So Young?
Dandruff and dry scalp usually cause the cause and Cuticura the remedy. Rub the Ointment into scalp. Follow with hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. For free sample address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston. At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

Easy.
Brown (who is engaging a parlor maid during his wife's absence)—And why did you leave your last place?
Comely Applicant—Well, it—it—was for letting master kiss me, sir.
Brown—Ahem! You—hm—may consider yourself engaged.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect Head.
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, Laxative Bromo Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 50c.

One seldom meets a strong-minded thinker who is capable of whistling a popular tune correctly.

A torpid liver condition prevents proper food assimilation. Tone up your liver with Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. They act gently and surely. Adv.

In time of peace the Transvaal mines are the largest consumers of explosives in the world.

Whenever there is a tendency to constipation, sick headache or biliousness, take a cup of Garfield Tea. All druggists. Adv.

A merchant can get along without advertising and so can a wagon without grease—but it goes hard.

HEALTH RESTORED
Serious Kidney Trouble Was Removed by Doan's and Result Has Been Permanent.

"Kidney trouble put me in a bad way," says Thomas A. Knight, 624 N. Ninth St., East St. Louis, Ill. "It came on with pain across my back and the attacks kept getting worse until I had a spell that laid me up. Morphine was the only relief and I couldn't move without help. The kidney secretions were scanty, painful and filled with sediment. I was unable to leave the house, couldn't rest and became utterly exhausted. The only way I could take ease was by bolstering myself up with pillows. For three months I was in that awful condition and the doctor said I had gravel. Doan's Kidney Pills brought me back to good health and I have gained wonderfully in strength and weight."

Sworn to before me,
A. M. EGGEMANN, Notary Public.
ALMOST THREE YEARS LATER,
May 24, 1917, Mr. Knight said: "The cure Doan's brought me has been permanent."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

CHILDREN'S COUGHS
may be checked, and more serious conditions of the throat will be often avoided by promptly giving the child a dose of

PISO'S



OUT OF THE WAY.



"Does George get along well with your father?"
"Well, George gets along when he sees father coming."

Not the People's Gift.
"A good man is gone."
"Who is that?"
"Hon. John Spoonfington. He could have had any office in the gift of the people."
"But he didn't aspire to office?"
"Oh, yes. The job he wanted was controlled by a political machine and the party boss simply couldn't see him."

Lucky Indeed.
"Did you have any luck in your stock market speculations?"
"Yes, indeed. I escaped with part of my money."

Good Reason.
Wife—This article says that the ball is the oldest toy in the world.
Husband—Yes, and a baldhead must be the oldest joke in the world.

Not That District.
He—They say the woman's vote in this district is very light.
She—Nothing of the sort. Nearly every woman registered is a brunette.

Benefit.
"I hope you felt like a better man after hearing my speech."
"I did. I needed just that two hours' sleep."

Doesn't Care Who Is Stuck.
"Is he good to his wife?"
"Very. He lets her have everything and anything the stores will trust him for."

Appropriate Remark.
"What did the fallen jockey say when they pulled him from under his prostrate mount?"
"He said, 'That is a horse on me!'"

Educated.
Hoity—I'm told she speaks several languages.
Hoity—Yes, golf, polo and horse.—Town Topics.

APPROPRIATE.



Special Writer—I have an article on the kind of milk the farmers give the summer boarders.
Editor—Oh! condense it.

Intellectual Desperation.
How often we investigate
Until at last we sadly vow,
Our grammar can't be kept in a straight;
There ain't no answer, anyhow!

Good Night.
Missus—So you are leavi'g to be married, Nora?
Nora—Yes, ma'am; an' I'll be leavi'g now.
Missus—Well, I hope you are gettin' a good husband.
Nora—If he ain't any better than the one you've got I'll be back.

Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada
CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY
TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than April 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

STRANGLES

Or Distemper in stallions, brood mares, colts and all others is most destructive. The germ causing the disease must be removed from the body of the animal. To prevent the trouble the same must be done.

SPOHN'S COMPOUND

Will do both—cure the disease and prevent the "exposed" from having the disease. 60 cents and \$1 a bottle; \$5 and \$10 the dozen. All druggists, harness houses, or manufacturers. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Manufacturers, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

CHRONIC CONSTIPATION IS A CRIME AGAINST NATURE

Stop it or you never can keep well. If you wake with a bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, perhaps headache, your liver is torpid. A torpid liver deranges the whole system, produces dyspepsia, constipation and piles. There is no better remedy for these disorders than **DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS**. Try them just once and be eternally convinced. For sale by all druggists.

Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills

As They Say in the Army.
Overheard in the car:
Bella—Hullo, Peter, whaur did you spring frae?
Peter—Ach, I'm oot o' work.
Bella—Oot o' work, are ye? Whit are ye gann to dae?
Peter—I havena settled yet. I'm thinkin' o' applyin' for a job as valet to a munition worker.

A Decalogue of War.
Don't chatter nor tell and you know; listen to no alarmists or fears of the worst; be neither spendthrift nor sordid; encourage home industries; do not look upon departure for "over there" as an abandonment of a complaint over sacrifice and deprivation; be usefully busy; keep your courage; be strong and patient in the hope of victory; bear your bereavements nobly in tribute to the heroes for whom you mourn. —Dr. Anna H. Shaw.

AND NOW THEY ARE COOKING TOBACCO TO MAKE IT BETTER

For a good many years The American Tobacco Company have been conducting a series of experiments having as their object the improvement of smoking tobaccos.

And it is interesting to know that one of the greatest of their discoveries was one of the simplest, and that was, that cooking or toasting tobacco improved it in every way, just as cooking most foods improves them.

They took a real Burley tobacco, grown in this country; toasted it as you would toast bread; moistened it to replace the natural moisture driven off by toasting; made it into cigarettes, called them "LUCKY STRIKE," the toasted cigarette, and offered them to the public.

Therewith has been the greatest demand ever created for any tobacco product in a similar length of time.

The change produced by toasting is not only most wholesome, but the flavor is greatly improved, just as cooking improves meat, for example.—Adv.

Like All Men.
Hokus—"I like a girl who is reserved."
Pokus—"So do I, if she is reserved for me."—Life.

It is believed that the polka was originally a Serbian war dance.

The needle goes through its work—but not until it is hard pushed.

To Prevent Grip

Fortify the System Against Winter Cold

The strong withstand the Winter Cold Better than the Weak. If your Blood is not in a healthy condition and does not circulate properly, your system will not be able to withstand the Winter Cold. Old people who are feeble and younger people who are weak, will be strengthened and enabled to go through the cold weather by taking regularly

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic

Contains the well-known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system, thus fortifying the system against colds and grip. Price 60c.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic
Take Grove's

New Oxford Item.

THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1918.

Local Happenings.

George W. Peters, of Bendersville, a rural mail carrier, reports that he sleighed every day for 77 days, or eleven weeks, this winter.

Joseph Felty, Lincoln Way, West, who has conducted a milk route in town for some time, discontinued the business on Friday.

Mrs. Daniel Staub, of near town, lost a valuable horse recently from indigestion.

Several good used cars for sale cheap. Inquire of W. McC. Gilbert, New Oxford.

Seven hundred and fifty automobiles are owned by Adams county farmers according to figures given out by the State Department of Agriculture.

Eleven members of the Adult Bible class, taught by Curtis Sponseller, were entertained at a chicken supper Wednesday evening at Dicks' restaurant.

The Alwine brothers started operating their brick plant at Berlin Junction, on Wednesday.

Wm. A. Bortner, of Round Hill, killed a porker last week that dressed 485 lbs.

New line of Ladies Spring Coats and swell Shirt Waists, at Wagner's. Adv.

Prince the faithful old horse that has been used in the livery of W. C. Herman, for the past 12 years, died from indigestion, on Friday morning.

Robert Shetter, an East Berlin butcher was in town on Friday morning soliciting orders for meat.

It was not the Mite Society of the Lutheran church that held a Washington Birthday party at the home of Mrs. Jacob Hulick, but the C. E. Society.

W. McC. Gilbert appeared on the streets Monday morning with a new two-ton Republic truck.

The Rev. D. W. Leetone, of Davidsville, Somerset county, preached a trial sermon in the three churches of the New Chester Charge of the Lutheran church on Sunday.

Charles R. Altland, of Abbottstown, recently slaughtered three large hogs, the heaviest weighing 476 pounds.

Spring Millinery Opening, Saturday, March 15th. All welcome. Wagner's.

During the month of February Postmaster James B. Carns, of Abbottstown, sold \$285.45 worth of thrift and saving stamps.

Prof. Samuel A. Johnston, principal of the Abbottstown schools, has announced that he will test seed corn free for all farmers who submit ten ears to him.

The luncheon given by the Junior Christian Endeavor society, Abbottstown, on Saturday evening, netted nearly \$10 which will be given to the Red Cross.

J. A. Ring and A. H. B. Ring, formerly of Gettysburg, conducting the hotel business in York and Shamokin have been adjudicated voluntary bankrupts by the United States district court at Scranton.

Wednesday night thieves made a forcible entry into Valentine Haas's granary, at Abbottstown, and stole about 10 bushels of wheat and rye. The intruders left no clue.

W. McC. Gilbert, local agent, has sold an Overland touring car to John C. Nace, of Hanover. He has also sold a model 90 Overland touring car to J. V. Staub, of near town.

Jay D. Johnson, son of C. W. Johnson, of McKnightstown, had one of his legs broken at two places between the knee and the ankle when a playmate fell on him while they were enjoying a game of base ball at school.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerome J. Martin, of Gettysburg, celebrated their 59 wedding anniversary on Saturday. Mr. Martin is in his eighty second year and his wife is in her seventy ninth. Both are enjoying the best of health.

C. H. Hartman, jeweler, and J. M. Kohler, photographer, have leased the Emmert room, formerly occupied by the post-office, on Center Square, and will open for business two days of each week. Full particulars will be given later.

Wagman Bros., contractors of Dallastown, are raising and repairing the large covered bridge across the Conewago creek on road leading from Abbottstown to Hanftown, which was badly damaged by the ice gorge several weeks ago.

Howard H. Treiber, residing on the Charles Bowman farm, formerly known as the Hulick farm, along the New Chester road, who took charge of the place last spring, will have public sale of personal property on March 23rd and return to Hanover.

Patrick Smith, residing midway between Mt. Rock and Conewago Chapel, was accidentally cut on the right thumb by another young man in a tussle at Hanover on Friday. Mr. Smith is employed at the Hanover shoe factory and will be off duty for several days.

The Rev. Fr. Thomas B. Johnson, son of Thomas Johnson, of Hanover, well known in New Oxford, has been transferred as assistant rector of St. Patrick's cathedral, Harrisburg, to the rectorship at Cornwall, Lebanon county. Announcement to this effect was made on Saturday at Harrisburg. Father Johnson will replace the Rev. Harry B. Strickland, who has received a commission as First Lieutenant in the national army.

Sam'l J. Diehl, Lincoln Way, West, who recently purchased the Sowers warehouse at Abbottstown, took charge of the same on Monday morning. Sam'l has entered the business to do business, and the citizens of Abbottstown as well as the farmers of that vicinity will find him a fair and square hustler.

The three congregations of the New Chester Lutheran Charge, will hold an election at the Pines church at 7 o'clock on Sunday evening, March 17th, for the purpose of extending a call to the Rev. Luther Stauffer, of York, who preached a trial sermon in the different churches of the Charge, on Sunday February 17th.

Hanover barbers have announced the following raise in prices commencing March 11th: Hair cutting 25 cents, except Saturdays and all days before holidays, when 35 cents will be charged. Shaving will remain at 10 cents, with 5 cents extra for neck shave.

The eight children of Mr. and Mrs. Verley J. Brown, residing near Brunshtown, who have been ill from scarlet fever, have all fully recovered, and the quarantine was lifted last week. The family had been under quarantine since last December.

Miss Marguerite Hildebrand, 13-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Monroe Hildebrand, of Midway, former residents of near New Oxford, sustained a broken leg near the ankle, when run down by a boy on a small express wagon, on Wednesday.

It will be up to the courts to decide who is the solicitor of Hanover, Attorney T. F. Chrostwaite or Attorney John J. Bollinger. The borough fathers after wrangling over the matter Friday evening came to the conclusion that the question can not be decided by them.

The play held in the Reformed church, Abbottstown, Saturday evening, under the auspices of the Ladies Aid society of the Reformed congregation was largely attended. The proceeds amounted to \$35, which will be given for missionary purposes.

LeRoy Hart, son Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Hart, of Hanover, who fell and sprained his right ankle while walking across the campus at State college, recently, is able to walk with the aid of crutches. Hart is a member of the Freshman class at the state institution.

Fifty Oldsmobile touring cars and roadsters, on their way from Lansing, Mich., to Philadelphia and New York, passed thru town over the Lincoln Highway, on Sunday. The cars were held up for a time at York on account of not having Pennsylvania licenses. Many other large trucks and new touring cars passed thru town.

Thieves stole a carbon brush, two electric bulbs, and a lot of fuse-wire from the saw machines of J. G. Froek, along the Hanover road, near McSherrystown, on Monday night. The value of the articles taken was small, but it caused Mr. Froek a whole day's delay before he could get the sand-sifting machinery started again.

Fred Ellis, of the U. S. Army, who was captured at the home of his father-in-law, Theodore Zepp, at Hanover, on Sunday evening, January 12th, by Chief of Police Crabbs, has been sentenced at Camp Greene, Charlotte, North Carolina, for being a deserter. Upon the conviction, Chief Crabbs has been notified that he will receive the \$50 reward for his capture.

That the Adams County Commissioners mean to enforce the dog law was proven when two Gettysburg men were arrested charged with non payment of their dog taxes. Harry C. Gilbert was fined \$10 and costs on Wednesday before Squire Hill on the charge of owning an unlicensed dog. Benjamin Carter was given the same on a similar charge. These are the first actions to be taken locally under the new law but others are expected to follow very shortly.

That Congressman A. R. Brodbeck is a candidate for congress is set forth in a statement made by him from Washington, on Friday. There are in the field opposing him for the Democratic nomination, James J. Gerry, deputy probonotary, and A. F. Fix, county treasurer. It was said Friday night by friends of former Congressman D. F. Lefean, now state banking commissioner, that he will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for congress in the Twentieth district of Pennsylvania.

Injured In Fall.

While playing hide and seek at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hetrick, along the Lincoln Highway, near Lingg's mill, on Sunday afternoon, Wilbur Hensil, 12 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Hensil, of Berlin Ave., had the ligaments of his left arm torn near the wrist, and sustained other slight injuries, when he fell out the doors from the barn floor to the yard below. A local surgeon gave the necessary attention.

Presented With Watches.

In honor of his appreciation of their services during their employment in his factory, E. C. Livingston, proprietor of the local shoe factory, has presented four of his former employees, now members of the National Army each with a Radio wrist watch. The four men are: Neely Hemler, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hemler, of Iriantown; John E. Kaiser, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kaiser, and Joseph Moore, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Moore, of near Seven Hundred; and Charles Weaver, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Weaver, of near Cedar Ridge. The boys highly appreciate the presents.

Volunteer as Nurses in War.

Miss Pauline Sherman, of Littlestown, and Miss Mary Wagner, of New Oxford, daughter of Mrs. Daniel Wagner, of Carlisle street, are among the nurses from the York Hospital who have offered their services as army nurses, and they will be accepted. It is only a matter of getting ready in time to sail with Base Hospital No. 115, University of Pennsylvania, one of the largest units, with a capacity for 2,000 beds. The base hospital will sail in May. Dr. Frazer, an eminent surgeon, is at the head of the unit. Its services will be confined to surgery of the head and spine. Three pupils of the graduating class of 1918 and three pupils of last year's class, have offered their services and they received a telegram asking them how soon after March 12 they can go. They, of course, took up the matter with their superintendent, Miss Mary A. Smith, and she is planning to have the annual commencement exercises earlier this year so that the members of the class can go. It is expected to permit the class to graduate late this month or early in April.

Purchased Feed Mill.

S. I. Myers, of the Maple Poultry and Fruit Farm, near town, and D. E. Brandt, who conducts a warehouse at East Berlin, were the purchasers of the plant of the New Oxford Pure Feed mill, sold at public sale on Saturday afternoon, by C. J. Weaver, receiver for the Pure Feed Co., for \$5500. Included with the mill was the large engine and boiler, etc. The property consists of large two-story frame and brick buildings, and tract of land on Hanover street, coal and lumber office building, platform scales, stable, two lumber sheds, one railroad siding for the mill and a coal trestle, the W. M. railroad passing thru the land. It is the intention of the purchasers, if the mill is not sold very soon, to conduct a general warehouse business. Mr. Myers also purchased considerable of the machinery, which he is now disposing of at private sale.

88th Birthday Anniversary.

Mrs. Mary Ebrehart, of Lincoln Way, East, who is spending some time at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Agnes Rudisill, at Gettysburg, was tendered an agreeable surprise party by her children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren, of town, together with a number of friends from town and vicinity on last Tuesday evening. The event was in honor of the amiable lady's 88th birthday anniversary. The trip to and from the county seat was made in autos. Mrs. Ebrehart enjoys excellent health and, notwithstanding that she met with a serious accident some time ago by having an arm broken in a fall, she is able to get about as lively as many persons 20 years younger.

Elected Pastor.

The Rev. Wilbert Allison, who now has a charge at Mercersburg, preached a trial sermon in both the New Oxford and McSherrystown churches, composing the New Oxford Lutheran charge. Following the services elections were held to extend Rev. Mr. Allison a call for the position made vacant by the resignation of Rev. C. W. Baker. The election was unanimous at both congregational meetings. The Rev. Mr. Allison graduated from the Gettysburg College and Seminary with the class of 1914, since which time he has been located at Mercersburg. Rev. Allison is a married man. As yet it is not definitely known if he will accept this charge.

Farmers Filling Blanks.

The conduct of the first farm survey of the county by the teachers and pupils of the public schools is now in progress. The supplies were received and distributed last week and the effort will be to get the data on every farm in the county that has more than three acres. The questionnaires will be placed before every farmer with the request that he fill out all blanks. The purpose is to learn where labor will be needed, what farms have lost some of the labor by the army draft, and many other conditions which are then to be tabulated and relief furnished where it can be given.

Before Advisory Board.

Thirty-five more Adams County registrants were sent to Harrisburg on Tuesday morning for further physical examination. The following composed the party: Ivan D. Shanebrook, Dixon, Illinois; Charles F. Miller, New Oxford; Paul J. Lower, Gettysburg; David J. A. Sheely, New Oxford; Kenneth L. McMaster, McSherrystown; Dennis C. Robinson, New Oxford; Howard L. Harner, Gettysburg; Oscar J. Rife, York; Clarence P. Groat, Hanover; Wm. M. Eckert, Hunterstown; Allen W. Plank, Fairfield; Homer F. Rebert, Lancaster; John H. Diehl, Gettysburg; Edward C. Liversberger, Hanover; R5 Edgar A. Miller, York Springs; Edgar E. Steiner, Gettysburg; Wilbur J. Stalsmith, Gettysburg; Henry M. Landis, Fairfield; Ray H. Miller, Gettysburg; R5 Frank R. Mauss, Gettysburg; R6 Ralph Lischy, Gettysburg; Chas. L. Buntz, McSherrystown; Harry J. Abel, Philadelphia; Leroy W. Noert, Gettysburg; R9 Wm. J. Buntz, Hanover; Wm. H. Thomas, Gettysburg; R1 Norbert L. Oyler, Gettysburg; Wm. D. Nicoll, Sylvan; Jesse H. Kimes, Gettysburg; R6 David D. Hindlehart, Gettysburg; Gregory J. Beckman, McSherrystown; John A. Legore, Hanover; Joseph C. Overbaugh, McSherrystown; Royal E. Rice, Bendersville; Atwood B. Hess, Gettysburg.

Board of Trade.

The New Oxford Board of Trade met in Town Hall on Thursday evening February 28th, and, a good attendance. Henry Wehler who had been elected secretary, tendered his resignation, as he felt that the office should be filled by a business man. Resignation was accepted and A. P. Wagner was elected. The membership committee reported about 80 members enrolled and about \$40 in fees paid over. The by-laws committee submitted by-laws which, with a few changes were approved. The President appointed J. N. Hersh, J. E. C. Miller and N. M. Dicks as the finance committee. The president also appointed Jacob Hulick and J. F. Rickrode as additional members of the steering committee. The annual meeting for election was fixed for the first Tuesday evening in January, and the regular monthly meeting on the first Tuesday of each month. The secretary was directed to purchase the necessary books and stationery for the association. Much interest was manifested by those present, and a number of questions discussed. The membership fee was fixed at 50 cents and the annual dues at 50 cents.

The association has had some inquiry for vacant houses. There being nothing further the meeting adjourned until Tuesday evening, March 5th, 1918. II.

Will Help Adams

County Farmers.

Plans are being made by the State Public Safety Committee to place a large number of high school boys from the ages of 16 to 20 on the farms of Adams County. The Philadelphia school authorities have agreed to allow the boys to leave school early and return late in order that they may be of material assistance to the farmers. Individual boys will be placed on farms where needed, being sent out to the number of 24 to a group. The boys will make their homes with the farmers and not live in camps as did the boys last fall. Those interested and desiring further information will please correspond with H. F. Hershey, county agent, Court House, Gettysburg, or B. W. Wright, Arendtsville.

Will Sell York Turnpike.

Stockholders of the York and Gettysburg Turnpike company at a special meeting Thursday afternoon ratified the proposed sale of their 'pike. The property is to be bought jointly by York county commissioners and the state highway department, each paying one-half of the purchase price, which is fixed at \$96,000. The vote of the stockholders, it was stated was unanimous. The meeting of the York and Gettysburg company stockholders was held in York. The company owns about 16 miles of pike. The property begins at Eisenhart's lane, in West Manchester township, and continues to the eastern borough limits of New Oxford.

The Sick.

The York Springs Grammar School has been closed for the past week on account of the serious illness of the principal, W. Roy Stary. Mr. Stary was taken ill with an attack of grip on Friday and was threatened with pneumonia but is now convalescing.

Mrs. Irving Heagy, of Abbottstown, who fell recently injuring herself internally and who was taken to York for treatment at the home of her sister, Mrs. William Hagerman, is reported as slowly improving.

Mrs. B. H. Fanus, Fairmont, West Virginia, the daughter-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Fanus, of Hanover, formerly of near New Oxford, is seriously sick with typhoid fever. For a period of sixteen days her condition has remained unchanged.

Mrs. Amanda Gerring, of Mt. Misery, is reported to be in a very critical condition.

Elmer Jacobs, son of Mrs. Mary Jacobs of East Berlin, located at Camp Lewis Washington, is seriously sick in the base hospital connected with the camp.

The condition of Mrs. H. E. Serff, of East Berlin, who was ill with pleurisy, is improved.

Mrs. John H. Freed, residing with her son, G. M. Freed and family, at Abbottstown, is confined to bed with pleurisy.

Miss Frances Hoffheins, 11-year-old daughter, of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hoffheins, of McSherrystown, who was taken to the home of her aunt, Mrs. Gussie Spatz, at York, by Dr. G. E. Spatz, last week to undergo treatment for stomach trouble, is reported as improving.

The condition of Mrs. Anna Hale, residing with her daughter, Mrs. E. C. Weisenale, at Hanover, who suffered an attack of paralysis, on Friday morning, is reported as improving.

Mrs. Agnes Strausbaugh, is seriously sick from pneumonia, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Small, in McSherrystown. Mrs. Strausbaugh is in her 95th year.

Miss Grace Colgan, of McSherrystown, who had been seriously sick with Bright's disease and diphtheria, is again able to be about.

James A. Lawrence, a veteran of the Civil war, is critically ill at his home in Iriantown, from infirmities and heart trouble.

Mrs. J. E. H. Pottorff, formerly of this place, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer E. Rinehart, of Guldens Station, who has been ill for some time at her home at Coatsville, is reported as improving.

Glady's Fleshman, daughter, of Mr. and Mrs. John Fleshman, of High street, is recovering from an attack of pneumonia.

Taken by Death.

Richard Joseph, son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis W. Smith, of Hanover, died Tuesday afternoon after a brief illness. He was aged 1 year and 23 days.

After an illness of only a few days Wm. J. Stansbury, one of Gettysburg's best known residents, died at his home in that place Wednesday morning. He was aged 69 years and 12 days. On Sunday Mr. Stansbury was stricken with apoplexy and he suffered another attack on Tuesday. A sister, Mrs. John R. Stoner, of Thurmington, died last Friday and was buried on Sunday. Mr. Stansbury was born in Carroll county, and had been a resident of Gettysburg for the past twenty years. On October 21, 1875 Mr. Stansbury married Miss Ellen E. Zentz, of Freedom township. He leaves his wife, a daughter and a son, Mrs. Florence Grindler, and Morris Stansbury of Gettysburg. He also leaves a brother and a sister, N. Philip Stansbury, of near Emmittsburg; and Mrs. Jennie Maxwell, of Emmittsburg.

Amos Klinefelter, a former Hanoverian, died at his home in Baltimore on Thursday morning from infirmities. He was aged 72 years. The deceased was born in York County, and when a young man he conducted a general store at Kingsdale, later coming to Hanover where he conducted a sale and exchange stable. Twenty years ago he moved to Baltimore where he was engaged in the horse business. The deceased was a son of the late George Klinefelter, of Hanover. Besides a widow he is survived by three children, John Klinefelter, of New York City; Mrs. E. H. Markley, of Gettysburg, and Harry Klinefelter, at home.

H. M. Eldred, 68 years old, a former musical instrument dealer of Hanover, died Thursday night at 11 o'clock at his residence in York, after a lingering illness.

After an illness of several weeks from a form of heart trouble and hardening of the arteries, Henry Rinehart, one of Oxford township's aged and highly respected citizens died at his home about 1 1/2 miles south of town at 5:30 o'clock on Thursday afternoon. He was aged 79 years and 2 months. The deceased, who was born in Germany, with his wife who before marriage was Miss Anna Rinehart, came to America in 1865 and located in Oxford township where they had since resided. Mr. Rinehart for many years was employed at the different lime factories near this place, and for this reason was well known by many of the older farmers in the vicinity. That his honesty went without question in his district was shown by reason of the fact that he had been elected and re-elected and served as tax collector of the township for the past 23 years, which office he held at the time of his death. He is survived by his widow and the following children: Miss Lizzie and John Rinehart, at home; Mrs. F. X. Groat, Henry and Charles Rinehart, of Oxford township; Mrs. Anna Gittle and George Rinehart, of Harrisburg. The funeral was held from his late home at 9 o'clock on Monday morning, interment being made in the New Oxford cemetery, after which services were held in St. Paul's Reformed church, the Rev. W. E. Garrett officiating.

Following a sickness of eight weeks of typhoid fever, Chester Sullivan, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Sullivan, of Hanover, died Friday morning at the family residence, Linden avenue, York. He was aged 25 years and 2 months. Five years ago he was married to Miss Marian Melhorn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Melhorn, of Hanover, who survives with one daughter and one son. His parents, two brothers, and one sister, also survive.

Francis R. Culp died at the home of his son, George L. Culp, in Menallen township, on Thursday evening, aged 70 years, 11 months and 17 days. He leaves his wife and one son George L. Culp, with whom he lived.

The body of Robert Grier, formerly of East Berlin, who died at his home in Pittsburgh several days ago, was brought to East Berlin Friday morning. The remains were taken to the home of his uncle Calvin Fohl, from whose residence the funeral was held. Grier, after leaving East Berlin, conducted a shoe store at York. Thirteen years ago he left York and located at Pittsburgh where he has since resided. Mr. Grier was the last member of his family, and death was due to chronic neuralgia. Interment was made in the Arendtsville cemetery on Sunday morning.

Mrs. N. Lingg, of near town, attended the funeral of Mrs. Thomas Trayer, at Frederick on Saturday morning. The deceased was a former resident of New Oxford, and for a time conducted a general store in the building owned by C. A. Diehl and occupied by the families of O. A. and Wm. Ziegler, on Lincoln Way, East. His wife, who died a few years ago, was the first teacher of the local parochial school, more than 50 years ago.

Following a sickness of one week from a complication of diseases, Mrs. Amanda Kreitzer, wife of William Kreitzer, of Hanover, died Saturday morning at 3:30 o'clock. She was aged 65 years and 7 days.

After an illness of three months from complications, Mervin I. Trostle died at his home in Gettysburg Friday evening aged 25 years, 10 months and 21 days.

Mr. Trostle was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Trostle, and spent nearly all of his life in Gettysburg. For some years he was employed by the Gettysburg Light Heat & Power Company, and later went to Biglerville where he conducted a restaurant and pool room. After returning to Gettysburg he established a drayage business in which he continued until ill health compelled him to give it up. He leaves his mother, Mrs. Isaiah Trostle, of Gettysburg; his wife, who before marriage, was Miss Geraldine Raffensperger, and two young children. He also leaves a sister and a brother, Miss Margie Trostle and Charles C. Trostle, of Gettysburg.

Mrs. Jane E. Riggall, wife of William R. Riggall, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. A. Nary, in Franklin township, between Cashtown and Orrtanna, on Sunday morning after a brief illness, aged 78 years and 27 days. She leaves her husband and these daughters and sons: Mrs. Lilla Stockton and Mrs. Ida Wengel, both of Watsonstown, N. J.; Mrs. Effie Applegate of Philadelphia; Mrs. D. P. Riley, of California; Mrs. Fannie Sceptor, of Cedar Crest, N. J.; William H. John, and James Riggall, and Mrs. C. A. Nary, all of Franklin township. She also leaves several brothers and sisters, living in the West.

Samuel H. Witherow died on Saturday in Washington, D. C. He is the last member of his immediate family. Mr. Witherow was a son of William Witherow, formerly of Adams County. He was in his 85th year.

Following a sickness of one week with pneumonia, Christian Miller died on Sunday night at the family residence, at Gitt's Run, near Hanover. He was aged 77 years and 13 days. He is survived by his wife and 3 sons, all of Gitt's Run; 3 brothers, Ezra Miller, of New Baltimore; Jacob and Levi Miller, of Bell's Station, and three sisters, Mrs. John Hershey, of Menges Mills; Mrs. Henry Ferry, Hanover, and Mrs. Annie Sauppe, of York.

Mrs. Georganna Miller, widow of Hiram Miller, died at her home at Highfield from a complication of diseases, at 6:30 o'clock on Tuesday evening, in the 69th year of her age. She is survived by two sons and three daughters, one of whom is Walter Miller, of Catfish street, this place, the others residing near Chambersburg.

Hanover Men Out

For Congress.

Ward C. Haffner, is a candidate for the Republican nomination for congressman. Friends are circulating his petition in Hanover and Gettysburg. John C. Smith, president of the York chapter of the Red Cross, is also a candidate.

Stork News.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Miller, of near Two Taverns, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lerew, of Latimore, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. George Altland, of near East Berlin, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Miller, Harrisburg, a son. Mr. Miller was a former resident of near York Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Pohlman, of Mt. Rock, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Klunk, of McSherrystown, on Monday, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Myers, of Brunshtown, on Sunday, a daughter.

John W. Little, of Littlestown, has formed a partnership with H. B. Bender, a well known undertaker and furniture man of Gettysburg, and the firm to be known as Bender & Little, will open an undertaking establishment in Littlestown.

Harvey Taughnbaugh, Lincoln Way West, recently purchased a Ford touring car from a Hanover agent.

The Mite Society of St. Paul's Reformed church will hold its annual Easter Market and Food Sale on Saturday afternoon and evening, March 23rd, in the Smith building on Hanover street, formerly occupied by Robinson's restaurant.

Spring Millinery Opening, Saturday, March 16th. All welcome. Wagner's.

Several good used cars for sale cheap. Inquire of W. McC. Gilbert, New Oxford.

FOR SALE—One 5-passenger Overland Automobile. Good as new. Reason for selling, bought larger car. For particulars call at Nace's, Hanover.

HORSE CLIPPING—Am prepared to do horse clipping at all times at reasonable prices, at my home on Lincol Way, East, C. G. Sheely.

FOR RENT—Several houses in New Oxford, with or without conveniences. Inquire of J. H. Plymire, at Crystal Theatre.

For Fire Insurance—Call on Geo. A. Klingel, New Oxford, Pa. We write insurance on both Cash and Mutual plans.

FOR RENT—Store-room on Hanover street. For particulars call on or address F. S. Smith, in same building.

Haul your scrap iron to the New Oxford Foundry & Mfg. Co. They pay more than anyone else. Bell phone 10-R-2.

THE MARKETS.

New Oxford—by J. H. Duttara
Choice Wheat.....\$2 60
Rye.....1 50
Barley.....1 25
Oats.....65-75
New Corn.....1 05
Shelled Corn.....1 05

New Oxford Item

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY H. I. SMITH.

TERMS.—\$1.00 per annum in advance—\$1.50 if not paid within the year. No subscription discontinued unless at the option of the publisher and all arrears are paid. A failure to order a discontinuance at the expiration of time paid for will be considered a new engagement. ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at reasonable rates—liberal reduction to those who advertise by the year.
JOB PRINTING of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster.

THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1918.

Parcel Post Changes.

Postmaster T. E. Warner has received notice of a change in the fourth class mail which becomes effective March 15th. The new ruling provides that the maximum weight of mail be increased to 70 pounds for parcels mailed within the first, second and third zones, while parcels for all other zones may not exceed 50 pounds in weight. It is pointed out that this increased weight should prove particularly advantageous in marketing of products of the farm in these days of conservation and will bring the farm and home closer together. This ruling however does not apply to parcels sent to the Expeditionary Forces in Europe. Parcels for such shipment may not exceed 7 pounds in weight. Fourth class mail embraces all other matter including farm and factory products and books not now in the Third, Second or First classes. The size of a package may not exceed 84 inches in length and girth combined.

A dairyman's league was organized by a number of Adams County farmers in the Court House on Friday evening John Bream, of Highland township, was elected president; T. Marshall Mehling, of Cumberland township, vice president; and Allen Redding, of Cumberland township, treasurer. An organizer was present to represent the Dairyman's League of Pennsylvania and New York.

A Golden Rule Spirit Is Mrs. Gaven's Guide

Marshwood Lady Would Thank Any One for Advice That Restores Health.

"I am a different woman since taking Tanlac," declared Mrs. S. Gaven, a highly respected lady of Marshwood, near Scranton.

"I suffered from stomach trouble. My stomach was so weak that nothing I ate agreed with me. I used to get spells of indigestion that took all the energy out of me, and I would have to go to bed for a week at a time.

"I would have splitting headaches, and finally I felt like a nervous wreck. One of the worst experiences I had was the loss of sleep. The sleep I did get did not seem to rest me as it should, because I would get up more tired than when I went to bed. Tanlac was worth many dollars to me. I am a different woman since taking it.

"Just think, I can eat anything now without discomfort. I sleep sound throughout the entire night. I enjoy my meals with a relish. I recommend Tanlac because I believe in doing unto others as you would have others do unto you, and I would thank any one that would recommend anything that would bring back health to any half sick or nervous run-down woman."

Tanlac is sold here by Ed. T. Aaker, druggist—adv.



The Season's Newest Designs

A large variety of patterns to select from.

TWO PIECE SUIT

Made To Order

Perfect Fit Guaranteed

\$15



A. P. WAGNER,
Carlisle St., New Oxford.

Marriages.

On Thursday afternoon the Rev. Paul R. Pontius married Miss Sarah Cluck and Harry Brown, both of Fairfield.

Miss Mary Bollinger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Bollinger, of near Sell's Station, and Stanley Humbert, son of Granville Humbert, of near Silver Run, Md., were married Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. The ceremony was performed at Silver Run, by the Rev. C. G. Wolf.

J. Chester Lawver, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Lawver, of Biglerville, and Miss Fay M. Slaybaugh, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Slaybaugh, of Centre Mills, were married at 12 o'clock Saturday, by the Rev. W. D. E. Scott, at the home of the bride's parents.

Miss Bernice M. Bowers, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bowers, of Hanover, became the bride of Eugene L. Lindsay, also of Hanover, at Silver Run, on Sunday. The Rev. Mr. Wolf officiated.

Moving Here and There.

John Kuhn and wife have moved from Hanover to the home of Mrs. Kuhn's mother, Mrs. Jos. H. Hemler, in McSherrytown.

C. Tilden Myers and family, who moved from New Oxford to Hampton, about a year ago, have leased the Henry Menges house, Lincoln Way, East, recently vacated by Geo. A. Miller's family, and will return to New Oxford.

Latimore Baker and family have moved from York to the Miller farm, near Abbottstown.

J. W. Feiser and family have moved from Baltimore to East Berlin.

L. H. Miller, of near Swift Run schoolhouse, on Tuesday moved to the small property he recently purchased from Augustus Shorb, at Irishstown. Mr. Shorb, who purchased Mr. Miller's farm, also took charge of the same on Tuesday.

John Miller and family moved Thursday, from the property Mr. Miller recently sold to Uriah Becker, of York, in Abbottstown, to his property on the Carlisle pike, near Bittingers. On the same day Mr. Becker and family moved into their new home.

Norman Berkheimer, manager of the Harris Bros. store, will move his household effects and family from the Olinger house, on Pleasant street, to the M. D. Feiser property, West High street, this Thursday.

Ammon Bupp, telegraph operator, will today move from the Miller house, Carlisle street, to the property of E. C. Bend, West High street.

Real Estate Sales.

F. J. Wolf has sold his property, consisting of 12½ acres of land, with improvements, along the Lincoln Highway, near Brush Run station, to Mrs. John Morrison, of Straban township, on private terms. Possession, April 1st. Mr. and Mrs. Wolf will make their home with their children, and will have public sale of all personal property on March 23rd.

J. L. Garretson, of York Springs, R. D., has purchased the property owned by Oliver Weaver and Mrs. Garretson, at Dillsburg.

H. M. Huff, of Littlestown, has purchased the property of Joseph Aldland, at Jacobs Mill, York county. Mr. Huff's son-in-law, A. F. Simpson and family, of Hanover, will occupy the property.

Hospital Patients.

Mrs. Rebecca Prowell, of Hanover, who recently underwent a surgical operation at the York hospital, was discharged from that institution last week. Nevin Reinhart, of Hanover, formerly of Guldens, and Benjamin Davis, Midway, medical patients were also discharged from the hospital.

S. K. Sowers, of Abbottstown, who was operated upon at the Polyclinic hospital, Philadelphia, last Saturday for neuralgia of the optic nerve, returned home Tuesday evening. He is now under the care of Dr. T. C. Miller and is slowly improving.

Harry Bair, of Littlestown, who has been a patient at the West Side Sanatorium, York, returned home Monday.

Mrs. James Shildt, of Littlestown, was taken to the West Side Sanatorium, York on Monday, for an operation.

On Sunday Dr. Lindaman took Mrs. John Krug, of Germany township, to the York Hospital, for an operation.

The condition of Mrs. Elmer H. Redding of Hanover, who underwent an operation for internal trouble at the Hahnemann Hospital, Philadelphia, last week, is reported to be improved.

G. Roy Swartz, of Hanover, who recently underwent a surgical operation at the U. S. Marine hospital, Baltimore, is improving.

Earl Flickinger, 18-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Flickinger, of near Kohler's schoolhouse, left on Tuesday morning for St. Louis, Mo., where he will undergo treatment for a deformity of the spine, at an Orthopedic institution. The young man has been a pupil at the New Oxford High school for the past two years.

That the people of Adams county who invest money on April 1st should receive some or all of it for the Third Liberty Loan is urged in a preliminary call issued by Dr. W. A. Grinnelle, chairman of the county committee.

Governor Brumbaugh has appointed Edw. E. Epplenman, of Menallen township, a Justice of the Peace.

Gettysburg Pa.

Gettysburg, Pa.

Gettysburg, Pa.

G. W. Weaver & Son,

Dry Goods Department Store.

THE fiscal year just closed (January 31, 1917) has shown us the greatest volume of business ever done in one year by any Dry Goods Store in Adams County, it being an increase of one-third over our own best year. This can, of course, be attributed in part to the general prosperity of our community and the higher prices of the same bulk of goods, but we feel that this *Great* increase for us has been brought about in a greater measure by our large buying at a time before these greater price advances had gone fully in effect, and by giving our customers the benefit of our forethought. We have continued this practice of early contracts and purchases for our Spring business, having loaded up with thousands of dollars worth of staples, and stored them against these later price advances we know must come, and where styles and colors make for value we contracted for larger lots and lines months ago, to be shipped when styles were fixed, and these goods are coming in daily. We are showing the *Largest Stock of Dry Goods* to be found anywhere outside the larger city stores, at prices in most every case less than the market of today.

Beautiful Line of New Silks.

In Satins (wonderful vogue) in all the desirable weaves and colors at same prices as last Fall. Tafetas, Georgettes, Crepe de Chines, Shirting Silks, Foulards, Fancy Skirting Silks, Etc.

The soldier needs wool and cotton for clothing, and munition. Dress in silk and be patriotic

BUY W. S. S. CERTIFICATES.

New Wool Dress Goods

All the sturdy, sensible weaves for Dresses and Coats, Serges, Poplins and a dozen others at a price-saving that will allow you to buy a Thrift Stamp on every yard. Never a larger variety to choose from, but we cannot duplicate them at these prices and most of them not at all.

As was said by the immortal Lincoln, of the Civil war and which applies now, "War is terrible and this war of ours in its magnitude and duration is one of the most terrible." Let us do our part in our best way towards a successful termination.

BUY THRIFT STAMPS.

New Cotton Dress Goods

The variety is legion. We are showing now from our early purchases some of the most beautiful things that have ever been made out of cotton—white and colored. It would take a page of this paper to give even a partial description or to give brands. If you have heard of any particular Dress or Waist fabric, ask us, we have it.

Even if there was a probability of failure in the great struggle we are engaged in it ought not to deter us to help in every way to strengthen our great government to win.

BUY A LIBERTY BOND.

Household Dry Goods

Sheets, Pillow Cases, Counterpanes, Table Damask, Domestic Goods of every character, all at a saving of from 15 to 25 per cent. over the wholesale price of today. Stock sufficient to last a considerable siege, but after these are gone, then what? When we pay more we will have to charge more, to stay in business.

Don't forget that while the dreadful war falls on all classes of people, that falls hardest on the soldier in the field. Help him by keeping the wheels of trade and manufacturing going at home. Use the wealth the war has given you by circulating it.

PAY YOUR WAR TAX CHEERFULLY.

THE LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR STOCK

Style Improvements--which make for beauty.

Quality Improvements--which make for service.

Intrinsic Value Improvements--which make for savings.

Our optimism for a large Spring business is probably most noticeable in our preparation in this department. Additional salespeople--additional help in many ways--to facilitate handling a larger stock and more customers.

G. W. WEAVER & SON,

The Leaders,

Gettysburg, Pa.

Election Notice.

There will be a meeting of the lot holders of the New Oxford Cemetery Association held in the directors room of the Farmers & Merchants Bank, New Oxford, Pa., on Saturday, the 16th day of March, 1918, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock P. M., at which time the annual report of the president and managers for the fiscal year will be presented; after which an election will be held for a president and four managers to serve for the ensuing year.

H. G. WEBLER, Sec'y

Cigar manufacturers have been notified, that an embargo has been placed on all cigar shipments, until further notice. The cigar business in this locality, manufacturers say, is as good as can be expected at the present time and should the embargo continue for any length of time, the business would be greatly interrupted.

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

Slab Wood & Uncut Tree Tops

On Saturday, March 16, 1918.

The undersigned will sell at public sale near Turkey Pitt schoolhouse, 1 1/2 miles west of Hampton, a lot of Slab Wood and 7 Acres of Uncut Tree Tops, in lots to suit purchasers. Sale at 1 o'clock. Terms by

A. C. LEINART,

Public Sale!

On Saturday, March 23, 1918.

The undersigned will sell at public sale at his residence in Straban township, on what was formerly known as the Hulick farm, along the New Oxford and New Chester road, 2 1/2 miles from the former place and 1/2 mile from the latter, the following personal property:

ONE HORSE
coming 9 years old, weighs 1150 pounds, good worker and driver with plenty of speed; 1 buggy, 1 surrey, sleigh, buggy harness, bridle, 150 chickens, 100 White Leghorns, the balance are mixed.
ONE FAVORITE RANGE,
only used two years; 2 bedsteads, stand,

chest, lot of chairs, rocking chairs, table, cupboard, sink, drugget, bed clothes, consisting of quilts, blankets, comforts, sheets, pillows, featherbed, chaffbag, lot of home-made linen; baskets, 2 milk cans, butter churn, applebutter by the crock, steam cooked; iron kettle and ring, wood saw, ax, and many articles not mentioned.

Sale to begin at 1 o'clock, when terms will be made known by
HOWARD H. TREIBER,
G. F. Trimmer, Auct.
S. J. Cashman, Clerk.

Mr. and Mrs. Ephraim Shelly, of Ardenstville, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary at their home Monday evening when they entertained their relatives and most intimate friends.

SEA CLOCKS ARE IN BIG DEMAND

War Causes Shortage of Chronometers Used in Ocean Navigation.

NONE IN THE OPEN MARKET

Price Jumps From \$300 to \$500 and Over—Englishman Who Perfected Instrument Won Prize of \$100,000 and Thanks of Mankind.

Washington.—Among the busiest people supplying the United States with war materials are the makers of chronometers. Great care and precision are necessary in turning out these navigating instruments, which are the most accurate portable time-keepers known to science.

Hundreds of chronometers have gone to the bottom of the ocean since the war began. This alone would cause a shortage in the ordinary supply, while the equipping of the new American merchant marine is creating an unprecedented demand for new instruments. Each of the 1,600 ships to be added to the national cargo-carrying fleet under the shipping board's construction program, will carry two, and many of them three chronometers.

At present there are virtually no chronometers to be had in the open market. Before the war England supplied the world with most of its fine chronometers. Chronometers are also made in America, though the English type still is most esteemed by sailors.

In ordinary times a good chronometer costs about \$300. The present price is \$500 or better, according to the trade made. The supply in this country passes through the hands of a few experts, who are doing their utmost to meet the demand, and to expedite the output of the manufacturers.

From six months to a year and a half are necessary to make and adjust a chronometer. The mechanism is of the finest metals, and specially adapted to resistance to extremes of temperature. A high-grade chronometer will keep just as good time if kept in cold storage six months as in ordinary temperature, while a voyage in the tropics will not seriously change its time-keeping qualities.

In appearance a chronometer is a small, metal-faced clock. It is kept in a wooden case, usually of mahogany, and is swung on gimbals, to keep it always on a level. It is sensitive to rough handling, and care is always taken not to jar it.

Errors Are Noted.

No clock or watch has ever yet kept perfect time, so there is always a slight gain or loss to a chronometer. For this reason the chronometer's rate of daily gain or loss is determined by observation ashore, and a card showing the rate is made out, and delivered with the instrument. This rate of error is allowed in all notations of time made from the instrument for working up observations made at sea. A gain or loss of a second a day is considered a "large rate" for a good instrument.

The chronometer completes, with the compass and sextant, the trio of indispensable instruments required in modern navigation. By its aid, longitude, or the east or west position of a ship, is determined.

Longitude baffled all navigators until the chronometer came into use in 1735. The ancients and later navigators, including all the great discoverers, could find their latitude by observations of the sun's height but they could determine their longitude only by "dead reckoning," or estimating.

EMPLOYEES WEAR WAR SERVICE BADGES

Portland, Ore.—"War service badges" are being proudly worn by employees of the Northwest Steel company here. The concern is engaged in building 8,500-ton freighters for the Emergency Fleet corporation and its 5,000 employees have all been exempted from the draft. The "war service badge" is about three inches long, two inches wide, and is oval in shape, of nickel and bears the words "War Service—Shipbuilding."

MOST DANGEROUS JOB

Men of Ambulance Service Work Under Fire.

Risk Their Lives to Get American Soldiers Wounded in Action to the Surgeons.

Washington.—Most dangerous of all the work of the American Red Cross is the ambulance service. The drivers and attendants of these ambulances are always under fire.

Lieut. Frank Dempsey talked interestingly about the life of a Red Cross ambulance driver in the Verdun sector where the fighting has been the hottest. The Germans know the country and are able to drop big shells with great accuracy on the roads the ambulances must travel.

"Our work is never out of range of the big guns," said he. "We go up to the third-line trench, gather the wounded and take them back a mile to the dressing station. Here only the roughest bandaging is done and then we start back another mile or so to another station where the most desperate cases are operated upon."

"In the first week we handle the wounded four or five times and finally leave them in the evacuation hospitals. From there they are carried to the base hospitals, usually on trains."

Thus the Red Cross ambulance driver risks his life to get American soldiers to the surgeons. Lieutenant Dempsey had his ambulance blown to pieces while he was a short distance away picking up a wounded man.

When the wounded soldier gets to the dressing stations or hospitals he is assured of the best bandages because loving hands in America in Red Cross chapters have prepared them. And a cheery Red Cross nurse will smooth his pillow and make his convalescence pleasant.

The dollars given to the Red Cross are doing more than 100 cents' worth of good.

"How would you kindle the fires of romance?"

"I think the best way would be with love matches."

their ship's progress from day to day. This system was uncertain, and caused a great many shipwrecks.

Longitude is merely the difference of time between two points on the earth's surface, and it became apparent to students of the problem it presented that if an instrument could be devised that would keep accurate time at sea, it would be possible to find the longitude of a ship's position whenever weather conditions were favorable. Time at the ship could be determined by an east or west observation of the sun, morning or afternoon, worked out by accepted tables. If the time of a given point on shore was known aboard the ship, the difference in time would give the longitude of the ship.

England was the first nation to cope with this great problem. In 1714 it appointed "Commissioners for the Discovery of Longitude at Sea," and authorized the payment of large prizes to stimulate research to the desired end. This commission existed until 1828, and distributed more than \$500,000 in prizes.

Wins \$100,000 Prize.

The chief prize offered by the commission, \$100,000, was won by John Harrison, a Yorkshire watchmaker, who spent his life in perfecting the chronometer.

Harrison made the best watches in England. Although of limited education, he conducted many original researches in the expansion of metals, in search of materials for an improved

watch or clock, that would prove impervious to changes of temperature. His first great feat was the production of a "gridiron pendulum clock," the first chronometer, which in 1735 he took to the royal commission. It was tested by the commission by being sent on a voyage to Lisbon.

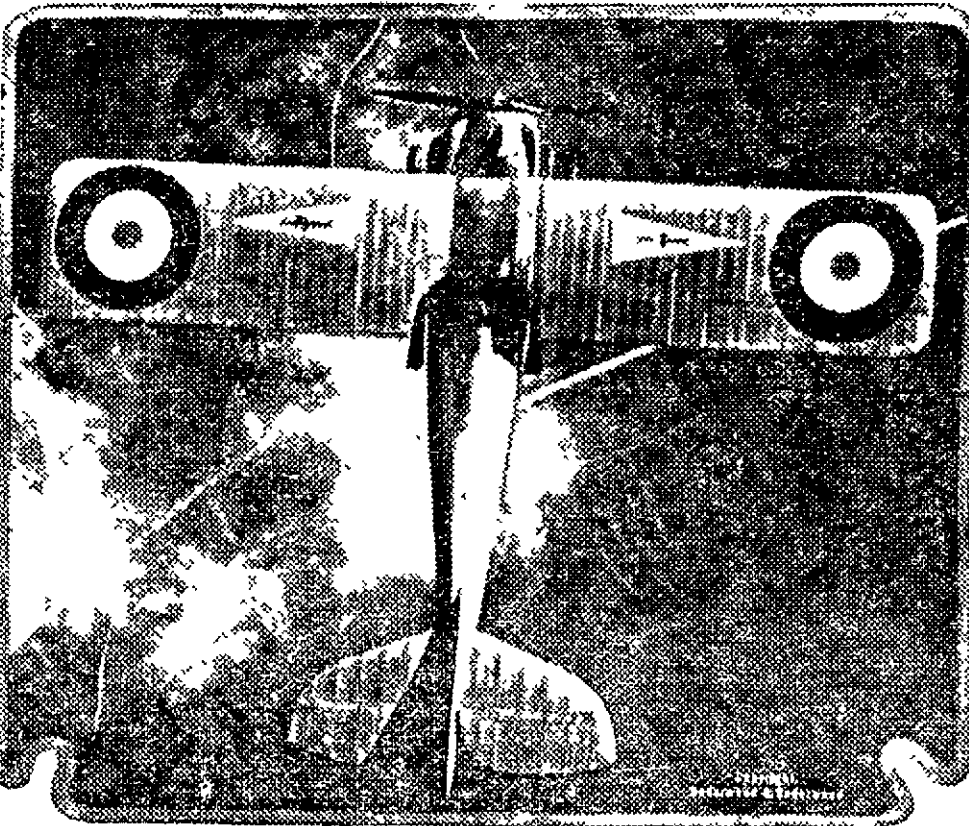
The test was not decisive, and Harrison continued to work on his chronometer, seeking the great prize, for a period of 26 years. In 1761, when sixty-eight years old, Harrison announced that he had solved all problems involved in his work. He produced a chronometer which the commission sent on a voyage to Jamaica, to test for heat. It varied but two minutes on the entire voyage of several months.

The commission demanded another test, and the chronometer was sent to Barbados, varying but two-thirds of a second a week in a voyage of five months.

Harrison had now fairly won the prize, but he was paid only half of it, the chronometer being given further exhaustive tests before, when eighty years of age, he received the balance, in 1773.

The result of his life work was extraordinarily beneficial to mankind, yet conservative mariners continued to find their longitude by dead reckoning for half a century after the perfection of the chronometer. Today a captain would almost as willingly put to sea without a rudder as without a chronometer.

FRENCH CHASER PLANE AFTER THE BOCHE



This remarkable photograph of a French chaser plane hunting the Boches at full speed high above the clouds is one of the wonder pictures of the war. The chaser plane was flying at an altitude of 3,000 meters, while another pilot flying above made the photograph. Though small clouds were passing under the chaser plane, the roads, fields and woods below are distinguishable.

Is Only Job of Its Kind

Merchant Marine Has an Official Chantie Man.

Stanton H. King of Boston, an Old Salt, Teaches Rookies to Sing Sea Songs.

Boston.—Stanton H. King of Boston has the only war job of its kind. He is official chantie man for the American merchant marine.

This work will be to revive chantie singing among merchant sailors who will join the country's new cargo ships through the United States shipping board recruiting service, national headquarters of which are at Boston.

While chantie singing has declined on all seas, owing to the change in recent years from sailing vessels to steamers—there not being much opportunity to "heave and haul" on board a steamer—its revival is considered important for two reasons.

Chanties insure team work when a crew is pulling on ropes, even aboard steamers; while the building of large numbers of American schooners means an increased demand for men who can "reef, hand and steer" on sailing vessels, where chantie singing used to flourish.

The shipping board trains men to serve on steamers, but if a certain percentage ship on sailing vessels and carry with them the almost lost knack

of chantie singing they will be the better equipped for their work, according to shapers on the seafaring game.

Stanton H. King probably is the country's best-known chantie singer. Chantie singing is part of a weekly entertainment he gives Jack ashore at a mission of which he is head.

The program is usually varied, and to hear Mr. King lead his sailor friends in "Shenandoah," "Bound for the Ito Grande," or "Blow the Man Down" is to understand the psychology of the well-sung chantie.

Mr. King is an old salt and learned chantie singing on deep water vessels. He began going to sea 38 years ago, from the Barbades, in the merchant service.

THE FLY

By Theodosia Garrison of The Vigilantes.

The bearer of foot-rots, I would liken to the Household Fly, Who is, considered at its best, A Germ-Conveyor and a Pest.

"The Red Cross sells the things we knit"

"Our camps are evil—men unfit!" These are the germs they bear about To spread distrust and gloom and doubt.

With Sense and Science let us try Elimination of The Fly.

STEP TO VEIL TARTAR WOMEN

Mohammedan Order Enlarges Handkerchiefs to Hide Face of Wives and Daughters.

Petrograd.—The Mohammedan Tartar men of Tehtopol district, province of Kavan, have ordered their wives and daughters each to sew half a square of extra material to the handkerchiefs with which they cover their heads.

The women long ago ceased to veil; but when meeting unknown men they took a tab of the bow formed by tying handkerchiefs beneath the chin, and held the tab before the face in place of a veil.

Unluckily, as the handkerchiefs with the passing of time grew smaller, the tabs ceased to cover the face, and the act became only a symbol. To make it again a reality husbands and fathers are insisting on bigger handkerchiefs.

His Role.

"I heard Blinkins boast that he had a stormy part in the new play." "So he has. In the big storm scene, he is one of the ocean waves."

Reindeer Special Milk Delivery

Frank Clements, Owner of Team, Comes to Rescue of Chicago Babies During Snow Blockade



Following the announcement that thousands of Chicago mothers were bewailing the fact that they had no milk for their infants as a result of the recent blizzards which filled all Chicago streets, making many impassable, "The Reindeer Man" ably played the part of the "Good Samaritan," and delivered milk to many homes and thus provided food for the hungry tots. The reindeer got about with almost as much ease as in normal times.

LAYING HENS NEED FRESH AIR

The first three months of the year are the months that demand efficient poultry house ventilation if the stock is to be healthy and if egg production is to be kept at a maximum, according to the poultry authorities at the New York state college of agriculture.

Proof of insufficient ventilation usually is found in damp or frosted walls, damp litter, close or impure air, flock, with consequent low winter egg production. The body of the hen constantly gives off moisture, and this accumulates unless there is enough movement of the air to carry it away. Dampness fosters colds, and when a cold is contracted, the body is too weak to resist the attack of a contagious disease such as roup.

It is stated further that the house should at no time be tightly closed. The exercise of judgment, and a few trials, will show how much to leave the windows open at night. Windows should be removable so that they can be taken out during the day, if it is not storming. If persistence indicates that the birds will not suffer from the cold if they are not in a draft, if they are kept working, and if they are not overfed.

Plenty of air, may best be had by placing windows in at the top, as this will not let in the rain nor put drafts directly on the floor. There should be a wide board at each edge of the window to keep the rain out; a strip of wood, sack-plug, or nail on this strip will hold the window at any desired angle. Both upper and lower sash, where there are two, should be arranged in this way to get the best circulation.

Origin of the Ukulele.

There are 20,000 Portuguese in the Hawaiian islands, and it is charged that these people, and not the natives, are responsible for the ukulele. It has long been a matter of common knowledge that the instrument was introduced into the islands by a Portuguese, but that is not really the question of greatest moment. So long as the ukulele was confined to Hawaii it was almost as harmless as a banjo, the guitar, or the mandolin. Nobody then had a word to say against it. The point that needs to be cleared up is: Where lies the responsibility for introducing it, not into Hawaii, but into the United States?—Christian Science Monitor.

Things Worth Knowing.

A new typewriter attachment feeds a fresh sheet of paper into the machine as the written one is removed.

About 23,000,000 knives and forks and 11,000,000 spoons have been supplied to the allies in France since the commencement of the war.

A new tea wagon has an electrical connection for keeping edibles as hot as may be desired.

A new fire hose nozzle is capable of many adjustments by which the efficiency of the stream is greatly increased.

Textile Tests to Ascertain If Cloth Is Adulterated or Misrepresented in Any Way

The laws of this country offer no protection to the purchaser of materials. Therefore to protect themselves, women should know a few practical tests to determine the content and value of materials. The object in making these tests is to discover if cloth is adulterated, artificially dressed or misrepresented in any way. The following tests from Extension Circular H, Principles of Sewing, University of Missouri college of agriculture, Columbia, may be used in any home:

1. If the water is dropped on cotton and linen goods, the moisture spreads, the moisture spreads rapidly on linen but will remain unabsorbed on the cotton for some time. This is not always a safe test as cotton and linen are often heavily sized with dressing, which prevents the water from being absorbed.
2. A much safer test may be made by dropping glycerine on cotton and linen. Linen will become transparent, but cotton will not be affected.
3. Crushing cotton and linen materials in the hands will show the difference in the materials, as linen wrinkles more than cotton.
4. Cotton and wool mixtures when moistened wrinkle more than pure wool materials.
5. Material may be tested by pulling out threads and examining the ends. Cotton fibers are short with fuzzy ends, while linen fibers are long, with uneven ends, usually pointed. Wool fibers are short, kinky and stiff; fibers of reeled silk are long, straight and lustrous, while fibers of spun silk are short and easily broken.
6. Sizing may be discovered by rubbing the material between the hands to see if the dressing will come out. Washing will also remove dressing.
7. Each fiber has a characteristic burning test which may be easily distinguished.
 - a. Cotton burns quickly with flame.
 - b. Linen burns like cotton, but is not inflammable, as it has less oil in the fiber and less air in the woven cloth.
 - c. Wool burns slowly, giving off an odor like burnt feathers and leaves a gummy residue.
 - d. Silk burns more slowly and with less odor than wool. It leaves a crisp ash. Silk leaves more ash when weighted.

Bee Farmers Declare Honey Has the Food Value of Meat

A pound of honey or a pound of sirloin steak—which shall it be? That there is as much food value in one as in another has been proved at the bee farm at the University of Wisconsin. To emphasize the importance of promoting beekeeping in Wisconsin as a profitable business pursuit, the university extends its endeavors to the beekeepers of the state, in addition to the instruction given the students in agriculture in classes. Wisconsin annually produces about 1,500 tons of choice honey, but the beekeeping industry has not advanced to the point of recognition as a distinct specialized branch of agriculture, although much of the undeveloped land in Wisconsin and most of the present cultivated land is not occupied as bee pasture, a majority of it offers opportunity for excellent bee "locations."

Mother's Cook Book

Justing happy is a fine thing to do; Lool the bn the bright side, rather than or sduce; Sad channany musing is largely in the just ing And true, being happy is brave work and

Food for the Family.
Try, e meat we must use more poul as rabbits, fish and other sea foods anur army, the armies of our allies, the women and children "ove" only "e" must have food, and there can ides be food enough if America proved sht. If each person in the Unh a yutes saved one pound of suga of fear it would make 50 train load,0000 cars each, each car carrying some pounds of sugar; that would help, wo in supplying the demand for suga that uld it not? Let us not forget a hunA very small bit multiplied by 4t, thdred million is enormous in resu,anpnt it leaves us stunned with its n ude.

Up Baltimore Chicken.
Ctng sht the well cleaned chicken into servd floze pieces, roll in highly season with r and put into a hot frying pan ive o two or three tablespoonfuls of o finisr any sweet corn oil, brown then,ove h cooking slowly either on the :fritt or in the oven. Serve with corn rs.

Five Potato Soup.
Cu, slic medium sized potatoes in cube oue an onion and three pieces of th, widside of celery together and mash h a potato masher, put throt white sieve and add a cupful of thin f flour sauce, using a tablespoonful ooked and a tablespoonful of butter c and t together, then a cupful of milk The seasonings of salt and pepper, ags, s makes enough for four servi

Five War Biscuits.
Tawhite ounces each of oatmeal and of but, cornmeal; three ounces each f batter and sugar, one teaspoonful o the bing powder, and one egg. Melt flentsutter and work in the dry ingre,nake, roll as thin as possible and oven into biscuits. Bake in a slow until a light brown.

Two Bread Cake.
Tafur o cupfuls of flour, a half teaspoonful of salt, two and a half tablespoonfuls of sugar, eight teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a half cupful of mind ty fourth of a cupful of water, ad oveo tablespoonfuls of butter. Spread spoonf the top, two and a half tableef sugals of flour, five tablespoonfuls "and far, a teaspoonful of cinnamon, rine our tablespoonfuls of oleo, murghe in, or other butter substitute. Mix ty asgredients and sprinkle over the t it goes into the oven.

New Maxwell

Rules for Householders
Ten Obtain Greatest Heating Efficiency and to Save Coal

1. The efficiency with which the household maintains its heating plant depends, not only upon the type of furnace and the additions under which it is installed, but upon the conservation during the preheating division, co-operating with the state council of defense, pui the following suggestion:
2. The rise of the heater must be tight n wjout make an air-tight connection, h the floor so that no air can kpe cto the ash pit.
3. The chimney and all connections into hldle b be tight. A burning match or cate legld close to all joints will indicate ne ks.
4. The chimney should be high enough above top should be at least 2 feet e around surrounding objects, he sn
5. The chimney pipe from the furnace to the mney should be straight, short, y. should grade up to the chimney gr
6. The stove must not be warped, must or be easily and should have no holes o droken places for unburned coal to bap through.
7. The chimney pipe, heater surfaces, tht smoke pipes should be covered v shutt,shbestos covering.
8. The off damper should be provided ty of smoke pipe to control the intensidraft the chimney draft and a check pipe damper is required in the smoke beyond the shut-off damper.
9. The here
10. The in should be a lift or slide damper in the fire door and a draft damper hie ash pit door.
11. The draft regulator such as a thermall d should be provided.
12. The shoupors and windows in the house d be as tight as possible.

Be Worthy of It.

I may ried each the heights I seek, My un way strength may fail me. Or haltempe up the mountain peak. Pierce ough ts may assail me. But thlies chat place I never gain, Herein e wormfort for my pain, I will t thy of it.

I may my elumh in success, Despitnot garnert labor; I may yris oasp results that bless The enough i my neighbor— But thoughtny goal I never see, This the worshall always dwell with me, I will t thy of it.

The gwer story of love's light— May nch, mch on my way. My patne do always lead through night Like so life's erted byway. Thoughtas a dearest joy I miss, There be womamless strength in this— I will t thy of it.

—B. Wheeler Wilcox.

New Oxford Item.

THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1918.

Local Happenings.

George W. Peters, of Bendersville, a rural mail carrier, reports that he sleighed every day for 77 days, or eleven weeks, this winter.

Joseph Felty, Lincoln Way, West, who has conducted a milk route in town for some time, discontinued the business on Friday.

Mrs. Daniel Staub, of near town, lost a valuable horse recently from indigestion.

Several good used cars for sale cheap. Inquire of W. McC. Gilbert, New Oxford. Seven hundred and fifty automobiles are owned by Adams county farmers according to figures given out by the State Department of Agriculture.

Eleven members of the Adult Bible class, taught by Curtis Sponseller, were entertained at a chicken supper Wednesday evening at Dicks' restaurant.

The Alwine brothers started operating their brick plant at Berlin Junction, on Wednesday.

Wm. A. Bortner, of Round Hill, killed a porker last week that dressed 485 lbs.

New line of Ladies Spring Coats and well fitted Waists, at Wagner's. Adv.

Prince the faithful old horse that has been used in the livery of W. C. Herman, for the past 12 years, died from indigestion, on Friday morning.

Robert Shetter, an East Berlin butcher was in town on Friday morning soliciting orders for meat.

It was not the Mite Society of the Lutheran church that held a Washington Birthday party at the home of Mrs. Jacob Hulick, but the C. E. Society.

W. McC. Gilbert appeared on the streets Monday morning with a new two-ton Republic truck.

The Rev. D. W. Leetone, of Davidsville, Somerset county, preached a trial sermon in the three churches of the New Chester Charge of the Lutheran church on Sunday.

Charles R. Altland, of Abbottstown, recently slaughtered three large hogs, the heaviest weighing 476 pounds.

Spring Millinery Opening, Saturday, March 15th. All welcome. Wagner's.

During the month of February Postmaster James B. Carns, of Abbottstown, sold \$285 45 worth of tariff and saving stamps.

Prof. Samuel A. Johnston, principal of the Abbottstown schools, has announced that he will test seed corn free for all farmers who submit ten ears to him.

The luncheon given by the Junior Christian Endeavor society, Abbottstown, on Saturday evening, netted nearly \$10 which will be given to the Red Cross.

J. A. Ring and A. H. B. Ring, formerly of Gettysburg, conducting the hotel business in York and Shamokin have been adjudicated voluntary bankrupts by the United States district court at Scranton.

Wednesday night thieves made a forcible entry into Valentine Haas's granary, at Abbottstown, and stole about 10 bushels of wheat and rye. The intruders left no clue.

W. McC. Gilbert, local agent, has sold an Overland touring car to John C. Nace, of Hanover. He has also sold a model 90 Overland touring car to J. V. Staub, of near town.

Jay D. Johnson, son of C. W. Johnson, of McKnightstown, had one of his legs broken at two places between the knee and the ankle when a playmate fell on him while they were enjoying a game of base ball at school.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerome J. Martin, of Gettysburg, celebrated their 59 wedding anniversary on Saturday. Mr. Martin is in his eighty second year and his wife is in her seventy ninth. Both are enjoying the best of health.

C. H. Hartman, jeweler, and J. M. Kohler, photographer, have leased the Emmert room, formerly occupied by the post-office, on Center Square, and will open for business two days of each week. Full particulars will be given later.

Wagman Bros., contractors of Dallastown, are raising and repairing the large covered bridge across the Conewago creek on road leading from Abbottstown to Hampton, which was badly damaged by the ice gorge several weeks ago.

Howard H. Treiber, residing on the Charles Bowman farm, formerly known as the Hulick farm, along the New Chester road, who took charge of the place last spring, will have public sale of personal property on March 23rd and return to Hanover.

Patrick Smith, residing midway between Mt. Rock and Conewago, Chapel, was accidentally cut on the right thumb by an elderly young man in a tussle at Hanover on Friday. Mr. Smith is employed at the Hanover shoe factory and will be off duty for several days.

The Rev. Fr. Thomas B. Johnson, son of Thomas Johnson, of Hanover, well known in New Oxford, has been transferred as assistant rector of St. Patrick's cathedral, Harrisburg, to the rectorship at Cornwall, Lebanon county. Announcement to this effect was made on Saturday at Harrisburg. Father Johnson will replace the Rev. Harry B. Strickland, who has received a commission as First Lieutenant in the national army.

Sam'l J. Diehl, Lincoln Way, West, who recently purchased the Sowers warehouse at Abbottstown, took charge of the same on Monday morning. Sam'l has entered the business to do business, and the citizens of Abbottstown as well as the farmers of that vicinity will find him a fair and square hustler.

The three congregations of the New Chester Lutheran Charge, will hold an election at the Pines church at 7 o'clock on Sunday evening, March 17th, for the purpose of extending a call to the Rev. Luther Stauffer, of York, who preached a trial sermon in the different churches of the Charge, on Sunday February 17th.

Hanover barbers have announced the following raise in prices commencing March 11th: Hair cutting 25 cents, except Saturdays and all days before holidays, when 35 cents will be charged. Shaving will remain at 10 cents, with 5 cents extra for neck shave.

The eight children of Mr. and Mrs. Verley J. Brown, residing near Brushtown, who have been ill from scarlet fever, have all fully recovered, and the quarantine was lifted last week. The family had been under quarantine since last December.

Miss Marguerite Hildebrand, 13-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Monroe Hildebrand, of Midway, former residents of near New Oxford, sustained a broken leg near the ankle, when run down by a boy on a small express wagon, on Wednesday.

It will be up to the courts to decide who is the solicitor of Hanover, Attorney T. F. Chrostwaite or Attorney John J. Bollinger. The borough fathers after wrangling over the matter Friday evening came to the conclusion that the question can not be decided by them.

The play held in the Reformed church, Abbottstown, Saturday evening, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid society of the Reformed congregation was largely attended. The proceeds amounted to \$35, which will be given for missionary purposes.

LeRoy Hart, son Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Hart, of Hanover, who fell and sprained his right ankle while walking across the campus at State college, recently, is able to walk with the aid of crutches. Hart is a member of the Freshman class at the state institution.

Fifty Oldsmobile touring cars and roadsters, on their way from Lansing, Mich., to Philadelphia and New York, passed thru town over the Lincoln Highway, on Sunday. The cars were held up for a time at York on account of not having Pennsylvania licenses. Many other large trucks and new touring cars passed thru town.

Thieves stole a carbon brush, two electric bulbs, and a lot of fuse-wire from the saw machines of J. G. Frook, along the Hanover road, near McSherrytown, on Monday night. The value of the articles taken was small, but it caused Mr. Frook a whole day's delay before he could get the sand-sifting machinery started again.

Fred Ellis, of the U. S. Army, who was captured at the home of his father-in-law, Theodore Zepp, at Hanover, on Sunday evening, January 12th, by Chief of Police Crabbs, has been sentenced at Camp Greene, Charlotte, North Carolina, for being a deserter. Upon the conviction, Chief Crabbs has been notified that he will receive the \$50 reward for his capture.

That the Adams County Commissioners mean to enforce the dog law was proven when two Gettysburg men were arrested charged with non payment of their dog taxes. Harry C. Gilbert was fined \$10 and costs on Wednesday before Squire Hill on the charge of owning an unlicensed dog. Benjamin Carter was given the same on a similar charge. These are the first actions to be taken locally under the new law but others are expected to follow very shortly.

That Congressman A. R. Brodbeck is a candidate for congress is set forth in a statement made by him from Washington, on Friday. There are in the field opposing him for the Democratic nomination, James J. Gerry, deputy prothonotary, and A. F. Fix, county treasurer. It was said Friday night by friends of former Congressman D. F. Lafean, now state banking commissioner, that he will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for congress in the Twentieth district of Pennsylvania.

Injured In Fall.

While playing hide and seek at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hetrick, along the Lincoln Highway, near Lingg's mill, on Sunday afternoon, Wilbur Hensil, 12 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Hensil, of Berlin Ave., had the ligaments of his left arm torn near the wrist, and sustained other slight injuries, when he fell out the doors from the barn floor to the yard below. A local surgeon gave the necessary attention.

Presented With Watches.

In honor of his appreciation of their services during their employment in his factory, E. C. Livingston, proprietor of the local shoe factory, has presented four of his former employees, now members of the National Army each with a Radio wrist watch. The four men are: Neely Hemler, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hemler, of Irishtown; John E. Kaiser, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kaiser, and Joseph Moore, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Moore, of near Seven Hundred; and Charles Weaver, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Weaver, of near Cedar Ridge. The boys highly appreciate the presents.

Volunteer as Nurses in War.

Miss Pauline Sherman, of Littlestown, and Miss Mary Wagner, of New Oxford, daughter of Mrs. Daniel Wagner, of Carlisle street, are among the nurses from the York Hospital who have offered their services as army nurses, and they will be accepted. It is only a matter of getting ready in time to sail with Base Hospital No. 115, University of Pennsylvania, one of the largest units, with a capacity for 2,000 beds. The base hospital will sail in May. Dr. Frazer, an eminent surgeon, is at the head of the unit. Its services will be confined to surgery of the head and spine. Three pupils of the graduating class of 1918 and three pupils of last year's class, have offered their services and they received a telegram asking them how soon after March 12 they can go. They, of course, took up the matter with their superintendent, Miss Mary A. Smith, and she is planning to have the annual commencement exercises earlier this year so that the members of the class can go. It is expected to permit the class to graduate late this month or early in April.

Purchased Feed Mill.

S. I. Myers, of the Maple Poultry and Fruit Farm, near town, and D. E. Brandt, who conducts a warehouse at East Berlin, were the purchasers of the plant of the New Oxford Pure Feed mill, sold at public sale on Saturday afternoon, by C. J. Weaver, receiver for the Pure Feed Co., for \$5500. Included with the mill was the large engine and boiler, etc. The property consists of large two-story frame and brick buildings, and tract of land on Hanover street, coal and lumber office building, platform scales, stable, two lumber sheds, one railroad siding for the mill and a coal trestle, the W. M. railroad passing thru the land. It is the intention of the purchasers, if the mill is not sold very soon, to conduct a general warehouse business. Mr. Myers also purchased considerable of the machinery, which he is now disposing of at private sale.

88th Birthday Anniversary.

Mrs. Mary Ehrehart, of Lincoln Way, East, who is spending some time at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Agnes Rudisill, at Gettysburg, was tendered an agreeable surprise party by her children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren, of town, together with a number of friends from town and vicinity on last Tuesday evening. The event was in honor of the amiable lady's 88th birthday anniversary. The trip to and from the county seat was made in autos. Mrs. Ehrehart enjoys excellent health and, notwithstanding that she met with a serious accident some time ago by having an arm broken in a fall, she is able to get about as lively as many persons 20 years younger.

Elected Pastor.

The Rev. Wilbert Allison, who now has a charge at Mercersburg, preached a trial sermon in both the New Oxford and McSherrytown churches, composing the New Oxford Lutheran charge. Following the services elections were held to extend Rev. Mr. Allison a call for the position made vacant by the resignation of Rev. C. W. Baker. The election was unanimous at both congregational meetings. The Rev. Mr. Allison graduated from the Gettysburg College and Seminary with the class of 1914, since which time he has been located at Mercersburg. Rev. Allison is a married man. As yet it is not definitely known if he will accept this charge.

Farmers Filling Blanks.

The conduct of the first farm survey of the county by the teachers and pupils of the public schools is now in progress. The supplies were received and distributed last week and the effort will be to get the data on every farm in the county that has more than three acres. The questionnaires will be placed before every farmer with the request that he fill out all blanks. The purpose is to learn where labor will be needed, what farms have lost some of the labor by the army draft, and many other conditions which are then to be tabulated and relief furnished where it can be given.

Before Advisory Board.

Thirty-five more Adams County registrants were sent to Harrisburg on Tuesday morning for further physical examination. The following composed the party: Ivan D. Shanbrook, Dixon, Illinois; Charles F. Miller, New Oxford; Paul J. Lower, Gettysburg; David J. A. Sheely, New Oxford; Kenneth L. McMaster, McSherrytown; Dennis C. Robinson, New Oxford; Howard L. Harner, Gettysburg; Oscar J. Rife, York; Clarence P. Groat, Hanover; Wm. M. Eckert, Hunterstown; Allen W. Plank, Fairfield; Homer F. Rebert, Lancaster; John H. Diehl, Gettysburg; Edward C. Livelyberger, Hanover R5; Edgar A. Miller, York Springs; Chas. E. Steunour, Gettysburg; Wilbur J. Stallsmith, Gettysburg; Henry M. Landis, Fairfield; Ray H. Miller, Gettysburg R5; Frank R. Mauss, Gettysburg R6; Ralph Lischy, Gettysburg; Chas. L. Bunty, McSherrytown; Harry J. Albert, Philadelphia; Leroy V. Noel, Gettysburg R9; Wm. J. Bunty, Hanover; Wm. H. Thomas, Gettysburg R1; Norbert L. Oyler, Gettysburg; Wm. D. Nicoll, Sylvan; Jesse H. Himes, Gettysburg R8; David D. Kendlhart, Gettysburg; Gregory J. Beckman, McSherrytown; John A. Legore, Hanover; Joseph C. Overbaugh, McSherrytown; Royal E. Rice, Bendersville; Atwood B. Hess, Gettysburg.

Board of Trade.

The New Oxford Board of Trade met in Town Hall on Thursday evening February 28th, and a good attendance. Henry Wehler who had been elected secretary, tendered his resignation, as he felt that the office should be filled by a business man. Resignation was accepted and A. P. Wagner was elected. The membership committee reported about 80 members enrolled and about \$40 in fees paid over. The by-laws committee submitted by-laws which, with a few changes were approved. The President appointed J. N. Hersh, J. E. C. Miller and N. M. Dicks as the finance committee. The president also appointed Jacob Hulick and J. F. Rieckrode as additional members of the steering committee. The annual meeting for election was fixed for the first Tuesday evening in January, and the regular monthly meeting on the first Tuesday of each month. The secretary was directed to purchase the necessary books and stationery for the association. Much interest was manifested by those present, and a number of questions discussed. The membership fee was fixed at 50 cents and the annual dues at 50 cents.

The association has had some inquiry for vacant houses. There being nothing further the meeting adjourned until Tuesday evening, March 5th, 1918. II.

Will Help Adams

County Farmers. Plans are being made by the State Public Safety Committee to place a large number of high school boys from the ages of 16 to 20 on the farms of Adams County. The Philadelphia school authorities have agreed to allow the boys to leave school early and return late in order that they may be of material assistance to the farmers. Individual boys will be placed on farms where needed, being sent out to the number of 24 to a group. The boys will make their homes with the farmers and not live in camps as did the boys last fall. Those interested and desiring further information will please correspond with H. F. Hershey, county agent, Court House, Gettysburg, or B. W. Wright, Arendtsville.

Will Sell York Turnpike.

Stockholders of the York and Gettysburg Turnpike company at a special meeting Thursday afternoon ratified the proposed sale of their 'pike. The property is to be bought jointly by York county commissioners and the state highway department, each paying one-half of the purchase price, which is fixed at \$96,000. The vote of the stockholders, it was stated, was unanimous. The meeting of the York and Gettysburg company stockholders was held in York. The company owns about 16 miles of pike. The property begins at Eisenhart's lane, in West Manchester township, and continues to the eastern borough limits of New Oxford.

The Sick.

The York Springs Grammar School has been closed for the past week on account of the serious illness of the principal, W. Roy Starry. Mr. Starry was taken ill with an attack of grip on Friday and was threatened with pneumonia but is now convalescing.

Mrs. Irvin Heagy, of Abbottstown, who fell recently injuring herself internally and who was taken to York for treatment at the home of her sister, Mrs. William Hagerman, is reported as slowly improving.

Mrs. B. H. Fanus, Fairmont, West Virginia, the daughter-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Fanus, of Hanover, formerly of near New Oxford, is seriously sick with typhoid fever. For a period of sixteen days her condition has remained unchanged.

Mrs. Amanda Gerriog, of Mt. Misery, is reported to be in a very critical condition.

Elmer Jacobs, son of Mrs. Mary Jacobs of East Berlin, located at Camp Lewis Washington, is seriously sick in the base hospital connected with the camp.

The condition of Mrs. H. E. Serff, of East Berlin, who was ill with pleurisy, is improved.

Mrs. John H. Freed, residing with her son, G. M. Freed and family, at Abbottstown, is confined to bed with pleurisy.

Miss Frances Hoffheins, 11-year-old daughter, of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hoffheins, of McSherrytown, who was taken to the home of her aunt, Mrs. Gussie Spatz, at York, by Dr. G. E. Spatz, last week to undergo treatment for stomach trouble, is reported as improving.

The condition of Mrs. Anna Hale, residing with her daughter, Mrs. E. C. Weisen-sale, at Hanover, who suffered an attack of paralysis, on Friday morning, is reported as improving.

Mrs. Agnes Strausbaugh, is seriously sick from pneumonia, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Small, in McSherrytown. Mrs. Strausbaugh is in her 95th year.

Miss Grace Colgan, of McSherrytown, who had been seriously sick with Bright's disease and diphtheria, is again able to be about.

James A. Lawrence, a veteran of the Civil war, is critically ill at his home in Irishtown, from infirmities and heart trouble.

Mrs. J. E. H. Pottorff, formerly of this place, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer E. Rinehart, of Guldens Station, who has been ill for some time at her home at Coatsville, is reported as improving.

Gladys Freshman, daughter, of Mr. and Mrs. John Freshman, of High street, is recovering from an attack of pneumonia.

Taken by Death.

Richard Joseph, son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis W. Smith, of Hanover, died Tuesday afternoon after a brief illness. He was aged 1 year and 23 days.

After an illness of only a few days Wm. J. Stansbury, one of Gettysburg's best known residents, died at his home in that place Wednesday morning. He was aged 69 years and 12 days. On Sunday Mr. Stansbury was stricken with apoplexy and he suffered another attack on Tuesday. A sister, Mrs. John R. Stoner, of Thurmont, died last Friday and was buried on Sunday. Mr. Stansbury was born in Carroll county, and had been a resident of Gettysburg for the past twenty years. On October 21, 1875 Mr. Stansbury married Miss Ellen E. Zeutz, of Freedom township. He leaves his wife, a daughter and a son, Mrs. Florence Griader, and Morris Stansbury of Gettysburg. He also leaves a brother and a sister, N. Philip Stansbury, of near Emmittsburg; and Mrs. Jennie Maxwell, of Emmittsburg.

Amos Klinefelter, a former Hanoverian, died at his home in Baltimore on Thursday morning from infirmities. He was aged 72 years. The deceased was born in York County, and when a young man he conducted a general store at Kingsdale, later coming to Hanover where he conducted a sale and exchange stable. Twenty years ago he moved to Baltimore where he was engaged in the horse business. The deceased was a son of the late George Klinefelter, of Hanover. Besides a widow he is survived by three children, John Klinefelter, of New York City; Mrs. E. H. Markley, of Gettysburg, and Harry Klinefelter, at home.

H. M. Eldredge, 68 years old, a former musical instrument dealer of Hanover, died Thursday night at 11 o'clock at his residence in York, after a lingering illness.

After an illness of several weeks from a form of heart trouble and hardening of the arteries, Henry Rinehart, one of Oxford township's aged and highly respected citizens died at his home about 1 1/4 miles south of town at 5:30 o'clock on Thursday afternoon. He was aged 79 years and 2 months. The deceased, who was born in Germany, with his wife who before marriage was Miss Anna Rinehart, came to America in 1865 and located in Oxford township where they had since resided. Mr. Rinehart for many years was employed at the different lime factories near this place, and for this reason was well known by many of the older farmers in the vicinity. That his honesty went without question in his district was shown by reason of the fact that he had been elected and re-elected and served as tax collector of the township for the past 23 years, which office he held at the time of his death. He is survived by his widow and the following children: Miss Lizzie and John Rinehart, at home; Mrs. F. X. Groat, Henry and Charles Klinehart, of Oxford township; Mrs. Anna Gettle and George Rinehart, of Harrisburg. The funeral was held from his late home at 9 o'clock on Monday morning, interment being made in the New Oxford cemetery, after which services were held in St. Paul's Reformed church, the Rev. W. E. Garrett officiating.

Following a sickness of eight weeks of typhoid fever, Chester Sullivan, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Sullivan, of Hanover, died Friday morning at the family residence, Linden avenue, York. He was aged 25 years and 2 months. Five years ago he was married to Miss Marian Melhorn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Melhorn, of Hanover, who survives with one daughter and one son. His parents, two brothers, and one sister, also survive.

Francis R. Culp died at the home of his son, George L. Culp, in Menallen township, on Thursday evening, aged 70 years, 11 months and 17 days. He leaves his wife and one son George L. Culp, with whom he lived.

The body of Robert Grier, formerly of East Berlin, who died at his home in Pittsburgh several days ago, was brought to East Berlin Friday morning. The remains were taken to the home of his uncle Calvin Fohl, from whose residence the funeral was held. Grier, after leaving East Berlin, conducted a shoe store at York. Thirteen years ago he left York and located at Pittsburgh where he has since resided. Mr. Grier was the last member of his family, and death was due to chronic neuralgia. Interment was made in the Arendtsville cemetery on Sunday morning.

Mrs. N. Lingg, of near town, attended the funeral of Mrs. Thomas Trayer, at Frederick on Saturday morning. The deceased was a former resident of New Oxford, and for a time conducted a general store in the building owned by C. A. Diehl and occupied by the families of O. A. and Wm. Ziegler, on Lincoln Way, East. His wife, who died a few years ago, was the first teacher of the local parochial school, more than 50 years ago.

Following a sickness of one week from a complication of diseases, Mrs. Ananda Kreitzer, wife of William Kreitzer, of Hanover, died Saturday morning at 3:30 o'clock. She was aged 65 years and 7 days.

After an illness of three months from complications, Mervin I. Trostle died at his home in Gettysburg Friday evening aged 25 years, 10 months and 21 days.

Mr. Trostle was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Trostle, and spent nearly all of his life in Gettysburg. For some years he was employed by the Gettysburg Light Heat & Power Company, and later went to Biglerville where he conducted a restaurant and pool room. After returning to Gettysburg he established a drayage business in which he continued until ill health compelled him to give it up. He leaves his mother, Mrs. Isaiah Trostle, of Gettysburg; his wife, who before marriage, was Miss Geraldine Raffensperger, and two young children. He also leaves a sister and a brother, Miss Margie Trostle and Charles C. Trostle, of Gettysburg.

Mrs. Jane E. Riggeal, wife of William R. Riggeal, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. A. Nary, in Franklin township, between Cashtown and Orrtanna, on Sunday morning after a brief illness, aged 78 years and 27 days. She leaves her husband and these daughters and sons: Mrs. Lilla Stockton and Mrs. Ida Wengel, both of Watsonstown, N. J.; Mrs. Effie Applegate of Philadelphia; Mrs. D. P. Riley, of California; Mrs. Fannie Septor, of Cedar Crest, N. J.; William H. John, and James Riggeal, and Mrs. C. A. Nary, all of Franklin township. She also leaves several brothers and sisters, living in the West.

Samuel H. Withrow died on Saturday in Washington, D. C. He is the last member of his immediate family. Mr. Withrow was a son of William Withrow, formerly of Adams County. He was in his 85th year.

Following a sickness of one week with pneumonia, Christian Miller died on Sunday night at the family residence, at Gitt's Run, near Hanover. He was aged 77 years and 13 days. He is survived by his wife and 3 sons, all of Gitt's Run; 3 brothers, Ezra Miller, of New Baltimore; Jacob and Levi Miller, of Sell's Station, and three sisters, Mrs. John Hershey, of Menges Mills; Mrs. Henry Forry, Hanover, and Mrs. Annie Sauppe, of York.

Mrs. Georganna Miller, widow of Hiram Miller, died at her home at Highfield from a complication of diseases, at 6:30 o'clock on Tuesday evening, in the 69th year of her age. She is survived by two sons and three daughters, one of whom is Walter Miller, of Cuttle street, this place, the others residing near Chambersburg.

Hanover Man Out

For Congress. Ward C. Haffner, is a candidate for the Republican nomination for congressman. Friends are circulating his petition in Hanover and Gettysburg. John C. Smith, president of the York chapter of the Red Cross, is also a candidate.

Stork News.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Miller, of near Two Taverns, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lerew, of Lattimore, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. George Altland, of near East Berlin, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Miller, Harrisburg, a son. Mr. Miller was a former resident of near York Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Pohlman, of Mt. Rock, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Klunk, of McSherrytown, on Monday, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Myers, of Brushtown, on Sunday, a daughter.

John W. Little, of Littlestown, has formed a partnership with H. B. Bender, a well known undertaker and furniture man of Gettysburg, and the firm to be known as Bender & Little, will open an undertaking establishment in Littlestown. Harvey Taughinbaugh, Lincoln Way West, recently purchased a Ford touring car from a Hanover agent.

The Mite Society of St. Paul's Reformed church will hold its annual Easter Market and Food Sale on Saturday afternoon and evening, March 23rd, in the Smith building on Hanover street, formerly occupied by Robinson's restaurant.

Spring Millinery Opening, Saturday, March 16th. All welcome. Wagner's.

Several good used cars for sale cheap. Inquire of W. McC. Gilbert, New Oxford.

FOR SALE--One 5-passenger Overland Automobile Good as new. Reason for selling, bought larger car. For particulars call at Nace's, Hanover.

HORSE CLIPPING--Am prepared to do horse clipping at all times at reasonable prices, at my home on Lincol Way, East, C. G. Sheely.

FOR RENT--Several houses in New Oxford, with or without conveniences. Inquire of J. H. Plymire, at Crystal Theatre.

For Fire Insurance--Call on Geo. A. Klingel, New Oxford, Pa. We write insurance on both Cash and Mutual plans.

FOR RENT--Store-room on Hanover street, for particulars call on or address F. S. Smith, in same building.

Haul your scrap iron to the New Oxford Foundry & Mfg. Co. They pay more than anyone else. Bell phone 16-R 2.

THE MARKETS.

New Oxford--by J. H. Duttera
Choice Wheat.....\$2 00
Rye.....1 50
Barley.....1 25
Oats.....65-75
New Corn.....1 05
Shelled Corn.....1 05

Free! Free! Free!

Saturday, March 9th.

"There is New Health and New Life for the Ailing," says the Tonall Chemist

Don't let your life be clouded by bad health. Don't let ill health steal away your vitality and sap your energy. Don't remain weak, anemic, nervous or run down. Get well the Tonall way—the quick, sure and safe way to new vigorous health. Remember that your health is your most valuable possession. Ill health, apart from the misery it causes, deprives you of your rightful enjoyment and handicaps you in your daily duties; but good health can be yours, if you take Tonall, because Tonall possesses a four-fold power in creating nerve food and is a system builder. It promotes new strength, new blood, new nerve force and vitality. That is why your doctor and druggist recommend Tonall, as they know Tonall is compounded from herbs, roots and barks and their medicinal properties cannot be disputed and you can take Tonall with the certain knowledge that it will give new health. Every root, herb and bark used in Tonall is known and used daily by the practitioner. Each root, and herb has been selected with scrupulous care and blended thru a special process whereby the value of each ingredient is intensified, producing a life-giving preparation.

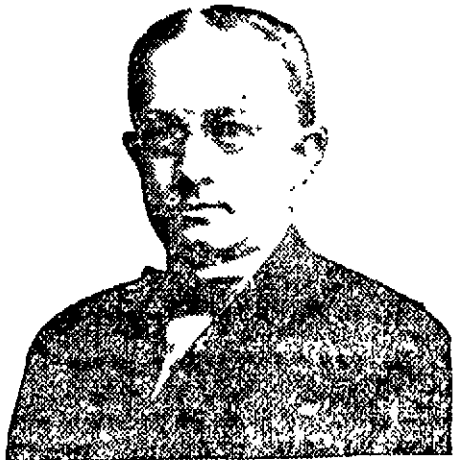
To prove to the suffering masses who are afflicted with diseases caused by disordered Stomach, Liver, Heart, Kidney trouble and Nervous diseases and that Tonall contains more curative powers than any other similar proprietary medicine on the market we will give away—free on Saturday, March 9, at Auker's Drug Store, New Oxford, Pa., a sample bottle sufficient for one week's treatment.

Read carefully what Tonall contains. We want you to familiarize yourself with each herb, root and bark contained in Tonall. We publish the formula on every bottle so you know what you are taking into your system, something no other manufacturers of proprietary medicines do. Tonall is now being introduced at Ed. T. Auker's Pharmacy, New Oxford, Pa.

Watch our weekly and.

FOR CONGRESS

20th DISTRICT

**JAMES J. GERRY**

OF YORK, PA.

Candidate For Democratic Nomination.
PRIMARIES MAY 21, 1918.**NOTICE!**

Now is the time to sell the junk that has accumulated to your advantage.

Don't wait for the peddler to call at your door, you pay dear for that. We pay the better prices if you deliver the goods, we save the cost of a team and pay you more.

We offer you the following prices for the next 30 days: Scrap iron from 90¢ to \$1 per hundred; second-hand bags from 9¢ to 10¢ each; rags 2¢ per lb; rubber boots and shoes 7¢ to 8¢ per lb. These prices are on goods delivered to us.

S. E. KRAMER,

Local 'phone 42-2; Bell 'phone 58-j, 450 Balto. St., Hanover.

For Growing Shoats, Hogs, Brood Sows, USE OUR Pure Protein Hog Tankage

Analysis over 40 per cent. Protein Guaranteed, and watch your Hogs gain steady weight day after day.

One of the Government Experiment Stations says: One pound of this Tankage does the work of five pounds of corn. Pennsylvania State College considers it "one of the most valuable feeds for swine especially when used as a source of protein."

Ask for the feeding directions.

A. F. REIS,
The Sanitary Reduction Works,
Hanover, Pa.

3-7-3t

The dead body of an unknown man was found along the Pennsylvania railroad tracks at Mt. Wolf, York county, on Thursday morning at 2 o'clock. The body it is believed was that of a drifter on his way to Camp Meade and that he fell off one of the special trains.

John West, of York, involuntarily swallowed a tack, while engaged in tacking a poster on a gate. He was given an emetic—and up came the tack.

That George A. Raub, of Company 1, 18th U. S. Infantry, was killed in action was the news conveyed in a letter received from her husband, a member of the same company, by Mrs. Walter A. Biddle, of York. Raub was killed last summer at Gettysburg.

Governor Brumbaugh announced the appointment of Robert S. Frey, York, prothonotary, York county, to succeed Thomas J. Young, deceased.

AVIATOR DODGES HUNS 72 DAYS

Lieut. Pat. O'Brien of Illinois Tells of Wild Adventures in Germany.

JUMPS FROM MOVING TRAIN

American Strategy Triumphs Over German Efficiency—One of His Hardest Stunts Was Swimming River Meuse.

Chicago.—Pat O'Brien of Momen, Ill., is back from the fighting front. In the British flying corps the young man from Momen is known as Lieut. Patrick Alva O'Brien. He is famous for several reasons. His real story began when he made a descent of nearly two miles in his airplane after a German bullet in the face had rendered him unconscious. The fall cost him a bump on the head.

He jumped out of the window of a moving train on his way to a German prison camp, and escaped. Then he spent 72 days in getting to Holland, a distance of 250 miles as the airplane flies. And the story ends with one of the longest interviews with a king on record—52 minutes by the royal stopwatch.

Many times during those 72 nights of travel through Germany, Luxembourg, and occupied Belgium, American strategy triumphed over German efficiency.

"Usually," said Lieutenant O'Brien, "when a bunch of fellows get together, they talk about women. But in our first prison, in Flanders, we talked only about escape and food, and got very little of either. There were eight officers going to an interior prison camp, and a guard with a rifle for every two prisoners.

Leaps From Train.

"We rode all day and all night. Twice I put up the window to jump and lost my nerve. It looked too much like sudden death. As I put it up again, about four in the morning, the guard gave me an ugly look. I knew it was then or never and dove out.

"For nearly a month afterward I thought my left eye was gone. The scars are there yet. By the time the train stopped, a half-mile on, or more, I was up and stumbled to a hiding place. Those Germans looked everywhere—on the side of the tracks to ward the border. I was in the opposite direction.

"It was a month before I got rid of my English uniform. I stole a pair of overalls one night. I got a cap the next and a shirt later. A Belgian gave me a scarf. That was all the help I got."

As an appetizer Lieutenant O'Brien ate turnip. The entrée was sugar beet, and the meal closed with a cabbage stomp that even the Germans scorned. "And I never did like vegetables," he said. "I hope I never have to eat another."

One night a German soldier saw him swimming a river, and raised the alarm.

"I felt sure they would be on top of me in a few minutes," he said, "so I ran upstream and swam back to the other side. I knew the ways of the Hun pretty well by then. They looked every where on the other side, but not a German came near me.

Swam the Meuse.

"One of the hardest things I did was to swim the Meuse river. I had all my clothes on, to my boots, and the river was half a mile across. It nearly got me twenty-five feet from shore. I was choking, and I admit praying. My bloodshot on the Kankakee saved my life.

"When I got up the bank I fainted. It was the only time I ever fainted."

Lieutenant O'Brien could not speak German. As a boy, a Momen baker of Teuton origin taught him a phrase of German, but he did not know what it meant. It was some "ten lifetimes" after swimming the Meuse he found the nine-foot death fence of the Holland frontier. Death all but got him then, as his improvised ladder dropped him on the charged wires.

"A few minutes later," he said, "I could have tripped the guard with my ladder. After he had gone I dug—dug as I never dug before in my life. My back was half an inch from death when I crawled under and into Holland."

GOING OVER TOP IS BETTER THAN FOOTBALL

Anniston, Ala.—Tom McClure, former Auburn football star, declares that going over the top in France beats charging into an opposing eleven. In a letter received here McClure tells of going "over the top" with the United States engineers four times. He was in the thick of the recent hostilities that resulted in several American casualties, but declares the game in France beats football at that.

Pigs Stay in City Limits. Piedmont, W. Va.—"Pigs are pigs," and as such they will be permitted to thrive within the borough limits. The momentous question was decided at a hot special election recently, when the hog supporters won out by a majority of 30.

HELP FRENCH MORALE

General Pershing Asks Encouragement for the Poilus.

Nation Has Kept Up Its Heroic Fight in the Face of Great Odds.

Chicago.—General Pershing, who was sent to France to inspect the work of the American Red Cross, what this organization could do during the winter that would be the greatest help in the prosecution of the war.

"Assist in sustaining the morale of the French army," the commander of the American expeditionary forces replied without hesitation.

According to Doctor Foster, who recently returned to the United States, the Red Cross is accomplishing the purpose. In addition to aiding French army hospitals with surgical dressings and other supplies, the Red Cross is saving many civilians from starvation, caring for orphan children and rebuilding the devastated areas.

"The impression some have that more supplies are being produced in America than there is need for would be quickly dissipated," he declared, "if every one could see as I did the record of surgical dressings supplied to 1,800 hospitals. I also saw one French soldier so badly wounded a whole case of dressings was used to save him."

Americans who think our army expansion is cutting deeply into our civil life will find a comparison with the situation in France decidedly illuminating. A Red Cross official just back from France said:

"In a city of 15,000 people which I visited only one man, an old doctor, too old even longer to practice his profession, was left. I passed through 20 French villages in which there was not a single able-bodied man remaining."

It is stripping France in this manner that the nation has kept up its heroic fight against great odds. Today the French army is larger and more effective than ever, and hundreds of thousands of African and Asiatic workmen have been imported to carry on the duties abandoned by the French to fight for their country.

"Can a nation be whipped that has such a spirit as that?" asked the Red Cross official.

MISS MAY PERSHING

Miss May Pershing, sister of Gen. John J. Pershing, is jointly responsible with a married sister for some interesting sidelights on General Pershing. They vouch for the statement that his hobby is gardening and that but for a newspaper story he would never have entered the army through West Point.

NO-TOBACCO DAYS IN PARIS

Shops Open Half Hour Each Week When Police Guard Smokers' Lines.

Paris.—French tobacco and cigarettes are now obtainable in Paris only once each week and even then during the space of but about thirty minutes. During that half hour the tobaccoists' shops present about the same appearance as did the coal and wood yards during the fuel famine last winter. It takes from three to a half-dozen policemen for each shop to keep waiting smokers orderly while the weekly supply is being dealt out, and to pacify those that are still in line when the "no more tobacco" sign is hung out.

Bumper Ice Crop.

New Haven, Conn.—The Connecticut ice crop is to be a bumper one. Already the majority of ice houses in the state are filled and in many places ice is being stacked.

Public Sale!

On Friday, March 22, 1918.

On the day above named I will sell at public sale one mile south of Gettysburg Station, along the Salem church road, Mt. Pleasant Township, the following described personal property:

FIVE HEAD OF MULES

Nos. 1 and 2, 15 or 16 years old, medium size, one leader; Nos. 3 and 4, ten years old, well matched, one a leader; No. 5 ten years old, good off-side worker, has heave and will sell low. These mules are all dark in color; are safe and reliable.

TWO HEAD OF CATTLE

One Red Durham, first calf with her; the other a grade, Guernsey, good color, very promising, to be fresh in July.

20 WHITE LEGHORN HENS

Almost equally divided between pullets and yearlings; are good stock and will be sold by the pound.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Three Wagons, 2 horse wagon and bed, 1 inch tread; 1 low 2 horse farm wagon, metal wheels; 1 low 2 horse farm wagon, metal wheels; 2 sets of hay carriages, 10 feet long; 2 horse wagon bed Osborne binder, 6 ft. cut; Deering corn binder 1 Walter A. Wood hay tedder; 1 Success manure spreader; Wood chisel plow spreader, nearly new; good Osborne hay rake; John Deere double row corn planter; 2 Spangler single row corn planters, disc harrow; 1 Kalamazoo cultivator spring north harrow, weeder, one sulker and one walking Hensch & Druggill corn cultivator Superior grain drill.

EIGHT HORSE POWER YORK GASOLINE ENGINE

on truck, a good article and in good condition, York No. 3 chopper, Tornado No. 11-B engine cutter with elevating and distributing pipes, a splendid machine, with set of new knives that have never been used; Starfeed crusher, 1 new 14 ft. Starfeed seed sower grain fan, land roller, sled, 2 plows, Syracuse and Oliver chilled, griddlestone, wheel barrow, bag wagon, 2 lawn mowers, cutting box, 2 bushel baskets, 12 scoop measure, hay fork and rope, 2 bushel shovels, 2 grain shovels, forks, triple, double and single trees, 2 sprayers, crow bar, digging iron, lot of rope, log breast and cow chains, 40 rods of fencing wire, 6 wires.

HARNESS

Six sets of crupper gear, 1 set of single harness, 3 pair, check lines, 3 plow lines, 5-horse line, 2 lead reins, etc.

Some Carpenter Tools, small vise, arm brace, rods and jack of a threshing machine.

LUMBER

Quite a lot of 2x4 different lengths, good other sized scantling, boards, some early saw, lot of roofing lathe, cedar posts and some braces, and many articles not mentioned.

Eleven months credit will be given Sale to begin at 12 o'clock.

Trustee, Auctioneer, W. J. BEAMER.

At the same time and place I will sell

TWELVE FINE SHOATS, ranging in weight from 50 to 70 pounds.

W. T. HEYSLER.

Public Sale!

On Thursday, March 14, 1918.

The undersigned, intending to move to a smaller farm, will sell at public sale on the Peter Lee farm, along the turnpike 1 1/2 mile north west of York Springs, the following personal property:

10 HORSES AND MULES

consisting of mares, colored mule, 9 years old, 16 hands high, worked anywhere and untrained of anything, pair of bay mules, 3 years old, 15 hands high, one has been hitched in lead, the other off-side worker; pair of black mules, 2 years old, 14 hands high, have been worked; black horse, 9 years old, good off-side worker and driver; bay mare, 7 years old, good under saddle and driver; bay mare, 11 years old, good worker and driver; sorrel horse, 5 years old, good off-side worker and driver; sorrel colt, 2 years old, a fine one. These horses and mules are fearless of all road objects. They are good and drafty ones. Anyone in need of horses or mules should attend this sale.

29 HEAD OF CATTLE

consisting of 13 milch cows: 1 Holstein cow with 2nd calf by her side; Holstein cow with 5th calf by her side; Holstein cow with 3rd calf by her side, roan cow with 5th calf by her side; roan cow to have 4th calf in October; red cow to have 4th calf in October; black cow to have 4th calf in October; brindle cow to have 4th calf in September; brown cow to have 3rd calf in October; Guernsey cow 3rd calf; Holstein cow to have 3rd calf in August; Holstein cow had 2nd calf; Holstein cow had 1st calf; 8 heifers, 2 are close springers, 1 due in July, and the balance are not with calf; 5 stock bulls fit for service; fat bull, weighs 1000 lbs.; 2 fat steers, weigh 1000 lbs. each.

25 FINE HOGS

Three brood sows, 1 sow with pigs by day of sale; 1 due to farrow the last of March, the other in April; the balance are shoats ranging in weight from 50 to 70 pounds.

FARM IMPLEMENTS

Four wagons: 4 in. tread wagon and bed 5 ton capacity, in good order; one 3 in. tread wagon, 4 ton capacity; 2 in. tread wagon and bed, capacity 3000 lbs.; milk wagon, set 22 ft. hay carriages; 1 mow rake, 1 Deering, the other Osborne; 1 hay rake, Hensch walking corn plow, Key stone corn planter, good as new; 2 Syracuse plows, No. 301; land roller, set 14 ft. manure plow, Keystone corn sheller, 24 horse power York gasoline engine, cutting box, forks, rakes, shovels, triple, double and single trees, spreaders, jockey sticks, cow and breast chains, scythe and snath, wheelbarrow, 6 sets of iron gears, 8 collars, bridle, set of single harness, lead reins, hitching straps, fly lines, halters, 5 choke traps, and many other articles not mentioned. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock. Ten months credit or 5 per cent. discount on all sums above \$5. Further terms at sale by J. L. CHRONISTER, Smith & Hykes, Clerks.

On April 6, the first anniversary of the United States entry into the war, the third Liberty loan will open. There will be a campaign of three or four weeks.

Sheriff's Sale.

IN PURSUANCE of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale on Saturday, the 9th day of March, 1918, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon at the Court House in the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams County, the following Real Estate, viz:

A Lot of Ground situate on the corner of Main Street and Third Street, in the Borough of McSherrystown, Adams County, Penna., described as follows: Beginning at a point on Third Street at its intersection with Main Street; thence along said Main Street north fifty six (56) degrees fifty five (55) minutes east one hundred seventy (170) feet John H. Meigs; thence along said Meigs lot south twenty eight (28) degrees and thirty (30) minutes east one hundred seventy six (176) feet to a public alley; thence along said alley north fifty six (56) degrees and fifty (50) minutes east one hundred sixteen (116) feet to a corner of lot now or formerly owned by Sadie L. Johns; thence north sixty two (62) degrees east twenty three (23) feet to a corner at Third Street north said; thence along said Third Street north twenty seven (27) degrees west one hundred seventy five (175) feet to the place of beginning. Improved with a three story brick frame and part brick hotel building known as the Colonial Hotel, with frame barn and other outbuildings.

Seized and taken into execution as the property of Irene E. Dadrear, now Irene E. Dadrear Williamson and to be sold by me.

H. J. HARTMAN, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Pa., January 31, 1918.

Ten per cent on all sales by the Sheriff must be paid or immediately after the property is struck down, failure to comply therewith the property will be put up again and resold.

Public Sale!

On Tuesday, March 26, 1918.

The undersigned, executor of the will of Edward B. McElwee, late of Tyrone township, will sell at public sale at the late residence of decedent, on road leading from New Oxford road to Hamilton road, 1 mile north of New Chester, known as the Henry Miller farm, the following personal property:

7 Mules and Horses

Pair bay mules rising 11 years, 1 a good leader and saddle, the other off-side worker, roan mule, rising 6 years old, good off-side worker, sorrel mare, rising 11 years old, good driver, safe for women to handle and a fine worker bay horse, rising 6 years old, fearless of all objects, safe, good farm worker and driver; 2 young mares, rising 3 years old, hitched single and double.

14 Head of Cattle

8 good milch cows, some fresh by time of sale, 2 heifers to be fresh, 1 yearling bull, 1 fat bull.

26 Head of Hogs

Best O. I. C. and Chester White stock, 4 brood sows, all due to farrow early in May, 6 fat hogs, 11 shoats of good size.

Farming Implements

Two good wagons, one 4-horse 2 in. tread and bed, 4 ton capacity, other 2-horse 3 in. tread and bed, 2 ton capacity, spring wagon, 2 set hay ladders, 16 and 18 ft.; 1 Cochenour hay fork, new rope and pulleys, 2 top buggies, 1 new the other nearly new, road wagon, buggy pole, 6-ft. cut Deering binder, new 5 ft. cut McCormick mower, 1 other mower, Brown grain drill with fertilizer attachment, Casey double row corn planter with fertilizer attachment, 2 single row corn planters, 1 Farguhar cultivator, 2 corn workers, 17-tooth lever harrow, 60-tooth spike harrow, 3 spring barrows, land roller, hay rake, 2 3-horse Oliver chilled plows, No. 98 iron beam 3-horse plow, 2 horse plow, shovel plow, 2 double shovel plows, triple, double and single trees, manure plow, manure bucket, corn sheller, work bench, 4 sled, 2 bin measures, wheelbarrow, griddlestone, 6 sets of iron gears, 6 collars, 3 sets of harness, 2 set Yankee harness, 2 pr. check lines, 6 bridle, 1 horse and plow line, 2 sets buggy harness, 6 set rubber mounted, nearly new; riding bridle and saddle, halters, flynets, lead reins, hitching straps, buggy collar, traces and hames, hay knife, 2 cutting boxes, cross-cut saw, grain cradle, binder and pick, mattock, feed box, wire stretcher, corn choppers, log box, breast and butt chains, hog loggers, forks, binder tongue wheel, 6 milk cans, iron chicken troughs, 50 cedar posts, lot of plank, lumber and wood, 1400 chestnut shingles, corn and potatoes by the bushel. The above machinery is all practically as good as new.

Household Goods

Extension table, 3 other tables, clocks, dishes, cooking utensils, mobogany bedroom suit, 2 oak bedsteads, 2 white enameled bedsteads, single bed, cot, bureau, washstands, other stands, bed springs, 1 range with tank and warming closet, 10-plate stove, pipe and drum, chunk stove, egg stove, double heater and chime, parlor suit, large cushioned chairs and rockers, 1 corner cupboard, hall rack, bookcase and desk combined, 2 lounges, 3 sinks 1 zinc lined; parlor and other lamps, lot of window shades and curtains, matting, linoleum, carpet, churn, tubs, benches, pictures and frames, complete kitchen outfit, 2 brass kettles, large copper kettle, small iron kettle, and other articles not mentioned. Sale to begin at 11 o'clock sharp, when terms will be made known by MARY G. McELWEE, CLARENCE E. McELWEE, Thompson & Enos, Auctioneers, Chronister & Cashman, Clerks.

For Sale.

Five head of Holstein and Durham Cattle, some close springers; one 4-inch tread wagon, used four years; also 1 gang plow. Apply to JOHN C. ZEPP, On E. K. Gardner farm, York Springs, Pa.

Subscribe for the Item, July \$1.

SEA CLOCKS ARE IN BIG DEMAND

War Causes Shortage of Chronometers Used in Ocean Navigation.

NONE IN THE OPEN MARKET

Price Jumps From \$300 to \$500 and Over—Englishman Who Perfected Instrument Won Prize of \$100,000 and Thanks of Mankind.

Washington.—Among the busiest people supplying the United States with war materials are the makers of chronometers. Great care and precision are necessary in turning out these navigating instruments, which are the most accurate portable timekeepers known to science.

Hundreds of chronometers have gone to the bottom of the ocean since the war began. This alone would cause a shortage in the ordinary supply, while the equipping of the new American merchant marine is creating an unprecedented demand for new instruments. Each of the 1,600 ships to be added to the national cargo-carrying fleet under the shipping board's construction program, will carry two, and many of them three chronometers.

At present there are virtually no chronometers to be had in the open market. Before the war England supplied the world with most of its fine chronometers. Chronometers are also made in America, though the English type still is most esteemed by sailors.

In ordinary times a good chronometer costs about \$300. The present price is \$500 or better, according to the trade made. The supply in this country passes through the hands of a few experts, who are doing their utmost to meet the demand, and to expedite the output of the manufacturers.

From six months to a year and a half are necessary to make and adjust a chronometer. The mechanism is of the finest metals, and specially adapted to resistance to extremes of temperature. A high-grade chronometer will keep just as good time if kept in cold storage six months as in ordinary temperature, while a voyage in the tropics will not seriously change its time-keeping qualities.

In appearance a chronometer is a small, metal-faced clock. It is kept in a wooden case, usually of mahogany, and is swung on gimbals, to keep it always on a level. It is sensitive to rough handling, and care is always taken not to jar it.

Errors Are Noted.
No clock or watch has ever yet kept perfect time, so there is always a slight gain or loss to a chronometer. For this reason the chronometer's rate of daily gain or loss is determined by observation ashore, and a card showing the rate is made out, and delivered with the instrument. This rate of error is allowed in all notations of time made from the instrument for working up observations made at sea. A gain or loss of a second a day is considered a "large rate" for a good instrument.

The chronometer completes, with the compass and sextant, the trio of indispensable instruments required in modern navigation. By its aid, longitude, or the east or west position of a ship, is determined.

Longitude baffled all navigators until the chronometer came into use in 1735. The ancients and later navigators, including all the great discoverers, could find their latitude by observations of the sun's height, but they could determine their longitude only by "dead reckoning," or estimating

their ship's progress from day to day. This system was uncertain, and caused a great many shipwrecks.

Longitude is merely the difference of time between two points on the earth's surface, and it became apparent to students of the problem it presented that if an instrument could be devised that would keep accurate time at sea, it would be possible to find the longitude of a ship's position whenever weather conditions were favorable. Time at the ship could be determined by an east or west observation of the sun, morning or afternoon, worked out by accepted tables. If the time of a given point on shore was known aboard the ship, the difference in time would give the longitude of the ship.

England was the first nation to cope with this great problem. In 1714 it appointed "Commissioners for the Discovery of Longitude at Sea," and authorized the payment of large prizes to stimulate research to the desired end. This commission existed until 1828, and distributed more than \$500,000 in prizes.

Wins \$100,000 Prize.
The chief prize offered by the commission, \$100,000, was won by John Harrison, a Yorkshire watchmaker, who spent his life in perfecting the chronometer.

Harrison made the best watches in England. Although of limited education, he conducted many original researches in the expansion of metals, in search of materials for an improved

watch or clock, that would prove impervious to changes of temperature. His first great feat was the production of a "gridiron pendulum clock," the first chronometer, which in 1735 he took to the royal commission. It was tested by the commission by being sent on a voyage to Lisbon.

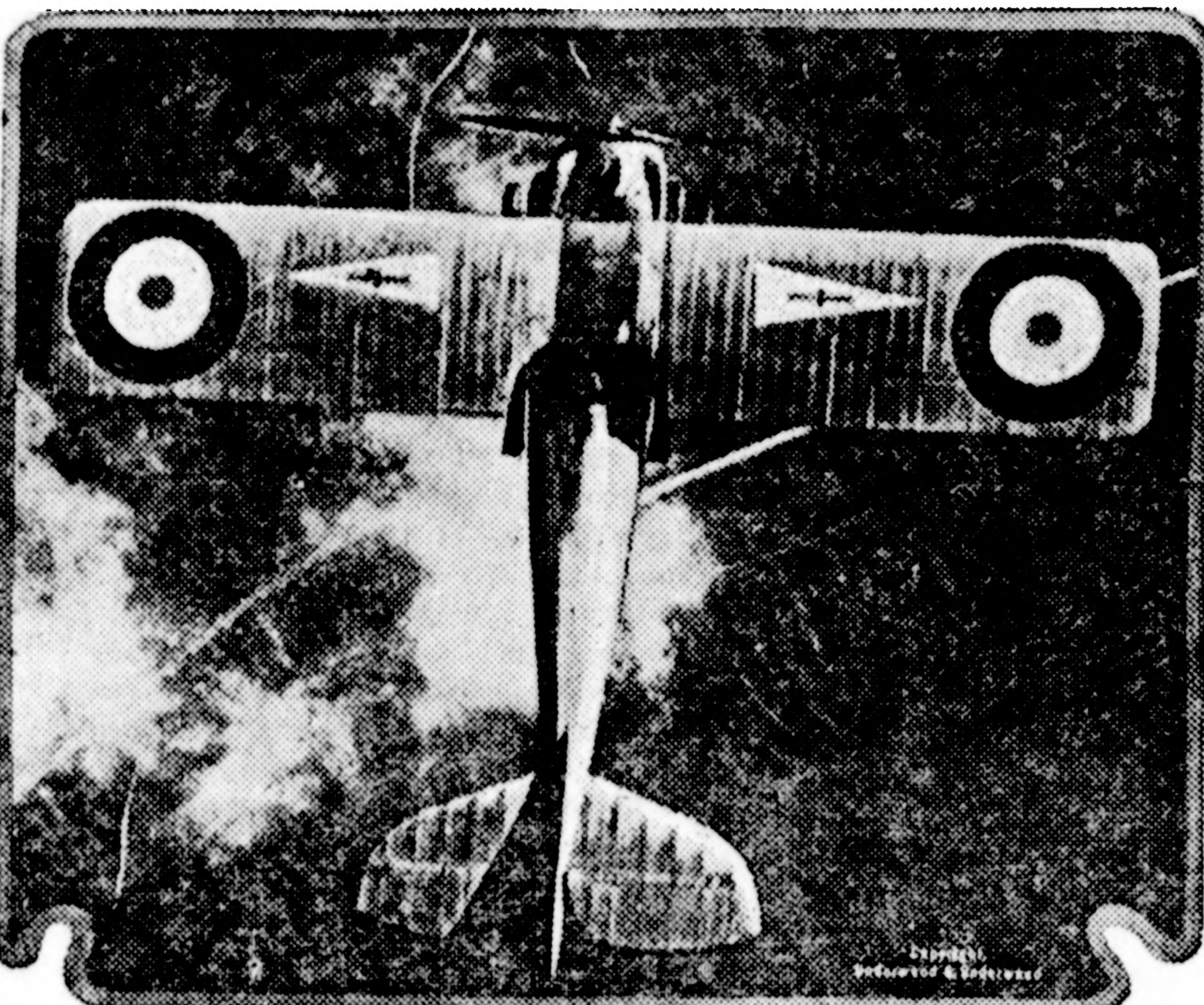
The test was not decisive, and Harrison continued to work on his chronometer, seeking the great prize, for a period of 26 years. In 1761, when sixty-eight years old, Harrison announced that he had solved all problems involved in his work. He produced a chronometer which the commission sent on a voyage to Jamaica, to test for heat. It varied but two minutes on the entire voyage of several months.

The commission demanded another test, and the chronometer was sent to Barbados, varying but two-thirds of a second a week in a voyage of five months.

Harrison had now fairly won the prize, but he was paid only half of it, the chronometer being given further exhaustive tests before, when eighty years of age, he received the balance, in 1773.

The result of his life work was extraordinarily beneficial to mankind, yet conservative mariners continued to find their longitude by dead reckoning for half a century after the perfection of the chronometer. Today a captain would almost as willingly put to sea without a rudder as without a chronometer.

FRENCH CHASER PLANE AFTER THE BOCHE



This remarkable photograph of a French chaser plane hunting the Boches at full speed high above the clouds is one of the wonder pictures of the war. The chaser plane was flying at an altitude of 3,000 meters, while another pilot flying above made the photograph. Though small clouds were passing under the chaser plane, the roads, fields and woods below are distinguishable.

Is Only Job of Its Kind

Merchant Marine Has an Official Chantie Man.

Stanton H. King of Boston, an Old Salt, Teaches Rookies to Sing Sea Songs.

Boston.—Stanton H. King of Boston has the only war job of its kind. He is official chantie man for the American merchant marine.

His work will be to revive chantie singing among merchant sailors who will join the country's new cargo ships through the United States shipping board recruiting service, national headquarters of which are at Boston.

While chantie singing has declined on all seas, owing to the change in recent years from sailing vessels to steamers—there not being much opportunity to "heave and haul" on board a steamer—its revival is considered important for two reasons.

Chanties insure team work when a crew is pulling on ropes, even aboard steamers; while the building of large numbers of American schooners means an increased demand for men who can "reef, hand and steer" on sailing vessels, where chantie singing used to flourish.

The shipping board trains men to serve on steamers, but if a certain percentage ship on sailing vessels and carry with them the almost lost knack

of chantie singing, they will be the better equipped for their work, according to shapers on the seafaring game.

Stanton H. King probably is the country's best-known chantie singer. Chantie singing is part of a weekly entertainment he gives Jack ashore at a mission of which he is head.

The program is usually varied, and to hear Mr. King lead his sailor friends in "Shenandoah," "Bound for the Rio Grande" or "Blow the Man Down" is to understand the psychology of the well-sung chantie.

Mr. King is an old salt and learned chantie singing on deep water vessels. He began going to sea 38 years ago, from the Barbados, in the merchant service.

THE FLY

By Theodosia Garrison of The Vigilantes.

The bearer of fool-stories, I would liken to the Household Fly, Who is, considered at its best, A Germ-Conveyer and a Pest.

"The Red Cross sells the things we knit"
"Our camps are evil—men unfit!"
These are the germs they bear about To spread distrust and gloom and doubt.

With Sense and Science let us try Elimination of The Fly.

STEP TO VEIL TARTAR WOMEN

Mohammedan Order Enlarges Handkerchiefs to Hide Face of Wives and Daughters.

Petrograd.—The Mohammedan Tartar men of Tchistopol district, province of Kavan, have ordered their wives and daughters each to sew half a square of extra material to the handkerchiefs with which they cover their heads.

The women long ago ceased to veil; but when meeting unknown men they took a tab of the bow forged by tying handkerchiefs beneath the chin, and held the tab before the face in place of a veil.

Unluckily, as the handkerchiefs with the passing of time grew smaller, the tabs ceased to cover the face, and the act became only a symbol. To make it again a reality husbands and fathers are insisting on bigger handkerchiefs.

His Role.

"I heard Blinkins boast that he had a stormy part in the new play."
"So he has. In the big storm scene, he is one of the ocean waves."

Reindeer Special Milk Delivery

Frank Clements, Owner of Team, Comes to Rescue of Chicago Babies During Snow Blockade



Following the announcement that thousands of Chicago mothers were bawling the fact that they had no milk for their infants as a result of the recent blizzards which filled all Chicago streets, making many impassable, "The Reindeer Man" ably played the part of the "Good Samaritan," and delivered milk to many homes and thus provided food for the hungry tots. The reindeer got about with almost as much ease as in normal times.

LAYING HENS NEED FRESH AIR

The first three months of the year are the months that demand efficient poultry house ventilation if the stock is to be healthy and if egg production is to be kept at a maximum, according to the poultry authorities at the New York state college of agriculture.

Proof of insufficient ventilation usually is found in damp or frosted walls, damp litter, close or impure air, flock, with consequent low winter egg production. The body of the hen constantly gives off moisture, and this accumulates unless there is enough movement of the air to carry it away. Dampness fosters colds, and when a cold is contracted, the body is too weak to resist the attack of a contagious disease such as roup.

It is stated further that the house should at no time be tightly closed. The exercise of judgment, and a few trials, will show how much to leave the windows open at night. Windows should be removable so that they can be taken out during the day, if it is not storming. Experience indicates that the birds will not suffer from the cold if they are not in a draft, if they are kept working, and if they are not overfed.

Plenty of air, may best be had by tilting windows in at the top, as this will not let in the rain nor put drafts directly on the floor. There should be a wide board at each edge of the window to keep the rain out; a strip of wood, sash-plug, or nail on this strip will hold the window at any desired angle. Both upper and lower sash, where there are two, should be arranged in this way to get the best circulation.

Origin of the Ukulele.

There are 20,000 Portuguese in the Hawaiian Islands, and it is charged that these people, and not the natives, are responsible for the ukulele. It has long been a matter of common knowledge that the instrument was introduced into the islands by a Portuguese, but that is not really the question of greatest moment. So long as the ukulele was confined to Hawaii it was almost as harmless as a banjo, the guitar, or the mandolin. Nobody then had a word to say against it. The point that needs to be cleared up is: Where lies the responsibility for introducing it, not into Hawaii, but into the United States?—Christian Science Monitor.

Things Worth Knowing.

A new typewriter attachment feeds a fresh sheet of paper into the machine as the written one is removed.

About 23,000,000 knives and forks and 11,000,000 spoons have been supplied to the allies in France since the commencement of the war.

A new tea wagon has an electrical connection for keeping edibles as hot as may be desired.

A new fire hose nozzle is capable of many adjustments by which the efficiency of the stream is greatly increased.

Textile Tests to Ascertain If Cloth Is Adulterated or Misrepresented in Any Way

The laws of this country offer no protection to the purchaser of materials. Therefore to protect themselves, women should know a few practical tests to determine the content and value of materials. The object in making these tests is to discover if cloth is adulterated, artificially dressed or misrepresented in any way. The following tests from Extension Circular 41, Principles of Sewing, University of Missouri college of agriculture, Columbia, may be used in any home:

1. If the water is dropped on cotton and linen goods, the moisture spreads, the moisture spreads rapidly on linen but will remain unabsorbed on the cotton for some time. This is not always a safe test as cotton and linen are often heavily sized with dressing, which prevents the water from being absorbed.
2. A much safer test may be made by dropping glycerine on cotton and linen. Linen will become transparent, but cotton will not be affected.
3. Crushing cotton and linen materials in the hands will show the difference in the materials, as linen wrinkles more than cotton.
4. Cotton and wool mixtures when moistened wrinkle more than pure wool materials.
5. Material may be tested by pulling out threads and examining the ends. Cotton fibers are short with fuzzy ends, while linen fibers are long, with uneven ends, usually pointed. Wool fibers are short, kinky and stiff; fibers of reeled silk are long, straight and lustrous, while fibers of spun silk are short and easily broken.
6. Sizing may be discovered by rubbing the material between the hands to see if the dressing will come out. Washing will also remove dressing.
7. Each fiber has a characteristic burning test which may be easily distinguished.

- a. Cotton burns quickly with flame.
- b. Linen burns like cotton, but is not inflammable, as it has less oil in the fiber and less air in the woven cloth.
- c. Wool burns slowly, giving off an odor like burnt feathers and leaves a gummy residue.
- d. Silk burns more slowly and with less odor than wool. It leaves a crisp ash. Silk leaves more ash when weighted.

Bee Farmers Declare Honey Has the Food Value of Meat

A pound of honey or a pound of sirloin steak—which shall it be? That there is as much food value in one as in another has been proved at the bee farm at the University of Wisconsin. To emphasize the importance of promoting beekeeping in Wisconsin as a profitable business pursuit, the university extends its endeavors to the beekeepers of the state, in addition to the instruction given the students in agriculture in classes.

Wisconsin annually produces about 1,500 tons of choice honey, but the beekeeping industry has not advanced to the point of recognition as a distinct specialized branch of agriculture, although much of the undeveloped land in Wisconsin and most of the present cultivated land is not occupied as bee pasture, a majority of it offers opportunity for excellent bee "locations."

Mother's Cook Book

Just being happy is a fine thing to do; Looking on the bright side, rather than the blue; Sad or sunny musing is largely in the choosing; And just being happy is brave work and true.

Food for the Family.

To save meat we must use more poultry, rabbits, fish and other sea food as our army, the armies of our allies and the women and children "over there" must have food, and there can only be food enough if America provides it. If each person in the United States saved one pound of sugar a year it would make 50 train loads of 50 cars each, each car carrying 50,000 pounds of sugar; that would help some in supplying the demand for sugar, would it not? Let us not forget that a very small bit multiplied by a hundred million is enormous in result, that it leaves us stunned with its magnitude.

Baltimore Chicken.

Cut up the well cleaned chicken into serving size pieces, roll in highly seasoned flour and put into a hot frying pan with two or three tablespoons of olive or any sweet corn oil, brown then finish cooking slowly either on the stove or in the oven. Serve with corn fritters.

Potato Soup.

Cut five medium sized potatoes in cubes, slice an onion and three pieces of the outside of celery together and mash with a potato masher, put through a sieve and add a cupful of thin white sauce, using a tablespoonful of flour and a tablespoonful of butter cooked together; then a cupful of milk and seasonings of salt and pepper. This makes enough for four servings.

War Biscuits.

Take five ounces each of oatmeal and white cornmeal; three ounces each of butter and sugar, one teaspoonful of baking powder, and one egg. Melt the butter and work in the dry ingredients, roll as thin as possible and make into biscuits. Bake in a slow oven until a light brown.

Bread Cake.

Take two cupfuls of flour, a half teaspoonful of salt, two and a half tablespoonfuls of sugar, eight teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a half cupful of milk, a fourth of a cupful of water, and two tablespoonfuls of butter. Spread over the top, two and a half tablespoonfuls of flour, five tablespoonfuls of sugar, a teaspoonful of cinnamon, and four tablespoonfuls of oleomargarine or other butter substitute. Mix the ingredients and sprinkle over the top as it goes into the oven.

Nellie Maxwell

Ten Rules for Householders To Obtain Greatest Heating Efficiency and to Save Coal

The efficiency with which the householder operates his heating plant depends mainly upon the type of furnace and the conditions under which it is installed and operated. In the interests of fuel conservation during the present extension division, co-operating with the state council of defense, puts out the following suggestion:

1. The base of the heater must be tight and must make an air-tight connection with the floor so that no air can leak into the ash pit.
2. The chimney and all connections into it must be tight. A burning match or candle held close to all joints will indicate leaks.
3. The chimney should be high enough. The top should be at least 2 feet above around surrounding objects.
4. The smoke pipe from the furnace to the chimney should be straight, short, and should grade up to the chimney.
5. The grates must not be warped, must move easily and should have no holes or broken places for unburned coal to drop through.
6. All basement piping, heater surfaces and smoke pipes should be covered with asbestos covering.
7. A shut-off damper should be provided in the smoke pipe to control the intensity of the chimney draft and a check draft damper is required in the smoke pipe beyond the shut-off damper.
8. There should be a lift or slide damper in the fire door and a draft damper in the ash pit door.
9. For highest efficiency, some type of automatic draft regulator such as a thermostat should be provided.
10. All doors and windows in the house should be as tight as possible.

I Will Be Worthy of It.

I may not reach the heights I seek,
My untied strength may fail me,
Or half way up the mountain peak
Fierce tempests may assail me,
But though that place I never gain,
Herein lies comfort for my pain,
I will be worthy of it.

I may not triumph in success,
Despite my earnest labor;
I may not grasp results that bless
The efforts of my neighbor—
But though my goal I never see,
This thought shall always dwell with me,
I will be worthy of it.

The golden glory of love's light—
May never fall on my way.
My path may always lead through night
Like some deserted byway.
Though life's dearest joy I miss,
There lies a nameless strength in this—
I will be worthy of it.

—Bill Wheeler Wilcox.

EMPLOYEES WEAR WAR SERVICE BADGES

Portland, Ore.—"War service badges" are being proudly worn by employees of the Northwest Steel company here. The concern is engaged in building 8,800-ton freighters for the Emergency Fleet corporation and its 5,000 employees have all been exempted from the draft. The "war service badge" is about three inches long, two inches wide, and is oval in shape, of nickel and bears the words "War Service—Shipbuilding."

MOST DANGEROUS JOB

Men of Ambulance Service Work Under Fire.

Risk Their Lives to Get American Soldiers Wounded in Action to the Surgeons.

Washington.—Most dangerous of all the work of the American Red Cross is the ambulance service. The drivers and attendants of these ambulances are always under fire.

Lieut. Frank Dempsey talked interestingly about the life of a Red Cross ambulance driver in the Verdun sector where the fighting has been the hottest. The Germans know the country and are able to drop big shells with great accuracy on the roads the ambulances must travel.

"Our work is never out of range of the big guns," said he. "We go up to the third-line trench, gather the wounded and take them back a mile to the dressing station. Here only the roughest bandaging is done and then

we start back another mile or so to another station where the most desperate cases are operated upon.

"In the first week we handle the wounded four or five times and finally leave them in the evacuation hospitals. From there they are carried to the base hospitals, usually on trains."

Thus the Red Cross ambulance driver risks his life to get American soldiers to the surgeons. Lieutenant Dempsey had his ambulance blown to pieces while he was a short distance away picking up a wounded man.

When the wounded soldier gets to the dressing stations or hospitals he is assured of the best bandages because loving hands in America in Red Cross chapters have prepared them. And a phlegmy Red Cross nurse will smooth his pillow and make his convalescence pleasant.

The dollars given to the Red Cross are doing more than 100 cents' worth of good.

"How would you kindle the fires of romance?"

"I think the best way would be with love matches."

Public Sale!**On Saturday, March 23, 1918.**

The undersigned, having sold his property, and intending to discontinue house-keeping, will sell at public sale at his residence in Mt. Pleasant Township, 3 miles west of New Oxford, 2 miles east of Guldens Station; along the Lincoln Highway, close to Brush Run Station, the following personal property:

ONE BLACK HORSE,

coming 9 years old, works wherever hitched, safe for any woman to drive; 1-horse wagon and bed, 1-horse McCormick mower, 3½ ft. cut, 1-horse double land roller, 12 ft. hay ladders, runabout buggy, surrey, cutter sleigh; the above articles are practically as good as new; grindstone and frame, wheelbarrow, manure sled, 2 cement boxes, workbench with vice, cross-cut saw, wood saw, axes, maul and wedges, lawn mower, digging iron, pick, mattock, shovels, scoop shovel, hoes, rakes, forks, double and singletrees, middle ring, 32 ft. double ladder, set of frontgears, nearly new; harness and traces, Yankee bridle, collar, 2 pair buggy lines, 1 set harness and breast strap.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

Sideboard, sink, breakfast table, whatnot, clothesrack, 2 bedsteads, 1 antique chest, antique bureau with glass knobs, 5 plank-seat chairs, 3 rockers, stands, Rayo lamp, picture frames, 1 Happy Family range and pipe, good as new; double heater and pipe, 3 burner oil cook stove and oven, used but little; iron kettle and ring, 2 pot racks, glass and queensware, cooking utensils, pots, pans, buckets, knives and forks, spoons, ladles, crocks, stone jars, fruit cupboard, bread cupboard, fruit table, bench, step ladder, barrels, vinegar and barrel, galvanized tub, 5 gal. oil can, binder cover, grain bags and sacks, chicken coops, 3 screen doors, and other articles not mentioned. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock sharp. Terms made known by

F. J. WOLFE.

Public Sale!**Of Real Estate and Personal Property. ON THURSDAY, MARCH 21, 1918.**

The undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises,

A SMALL PROPERTY,

containing 12 acres of land, more or less, situate in Hamilton township, at intersection of Carlisle Pike and East Berlin road, about 1½ miles north of New Oxford, adjoining properties of Geo. Spahr, Simon Kline, T. C. Griffin, and others. Improved with a 1½ Story Frame House, Large Frame Stable, Hog Pen, Chicken House, never-failing well of water, etc.

At the same time and place will be offered the following personal property: One New 7 horse power New-way Gasoline Engine, 1 bone and feed crusher and grinder, nearly new; 2 cook stoves, coal stoves, lot of household goods and other articles not mentioned.

Sale to begin at 1 o'clock, when terms will be made known by

J. H. PETERMAN.
Chas. Rinehart, Auct.
Clem Lingg, Clerk.

Public Sale!**On Thursday, March 28, 1918.**

The undersigned will sell at public sale at his residence on Lincoln Way, West, in the Borough of New Oxford, the following personal property:

Two bedsteads, bed clothes, six plank-seat chairs, 3 rocking chairs, 3 stands, walnut case of drawers, antique, 3 drop-leaf tables, Despatch No. 8 cook stove, with reservoir, 2 clocks, 2 sinks, 1 zinc bath, 1 sideboard, gasoline stove stools, hat rack, picture frames, iron kettle, barrels, cooking utensils, 3 mirrors, glass and queensware, hall piece, sewing machine, circular rip saw on stand, buggy, hand corn sheller, lot of carpenter tools, mattock, pick, pitch and manure forks, set of harness, 2 meat benches, 6 or 8 bushels of Irish potatoes, garden hose and valve, umbrella stand, lot of metal flower pots, and other articles not mentioned.

Sale to begin at 1 o'clock. Terms made known by

H. H. DIEHL.

Public Sale!**OF HOME-MADE BUGGIES AND WAGONS ON SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1918.**

The undersigned, intending to discontinue the business, will sell at public sale at the shops, Corner of High and Bolton Sts., in the Borough of New Oxford, the following:

8 New Home-Made Falling-Top Buggies, 4 of them are rubber tire, 4 steel tire; these buggies are well built with good finish; 3 new no top spring wagons with rubbers and spring blocks, new storm-top spring wagon with rubbers inside and spring blocks. Wrote box axles, good job with rear doors, 1 light spring wagon, partly new just the wagon to haul milk cans, heavy used spring wagon, used surrey with new trimmings, 3 used buggies, some trimming material, carriage bolts, axle clips, bar iron of different sizes, perches, head blocks and axle beds finished ready for use, light buggy pole, well ironed; new 3-horse eveners, 20x30 S. H. hip roof tent, used two weeks, lot of empty varnish cans, lot Warner & Sarvara spokes, buggy and spring wagon rims, 1 set of new carriage lamps, 2 pair of electric lamps, lot of steel tire, 7x½, 1½x5-16, 1½x-½, 2 bundles of short bows, 3 ft. 4 in.; some new shafts, new 6th wheels, 4 coal stoves—2 large and 2 small—excellent heaters; meat bench, 1 step ladder, about 100 lbs. of rubber tire wires, No. 10½, and many articles not mentioned. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, when terms will be made known by

E. C. BOND.

G. R. Thompson, Auct.

JOB PRINTING of every description Executed at the Item office Satisfaction guaranteed.

TAKE UP STUDY OF NAVIGATION**Revival of Seagoing Spirit Arouses Widespread Interest in the Subject.****SCHOOLS TEACH THE SCIENCE****Classes in Navigation Being Conducted by Recruiting Service of United States Shipping Board—12,000 New Officers Needed.**

Washington.—One of the interesting features of the present great revival in seagoing spirit throughout the country is the widespread popularity of the study of navigation.

Reports reaching the United States shipping board indicate lively interest all over the country in the study of this ancient science, which helped make the nation great in its earliest years of independence.

Classes in navigation, conducted by the recruiting service of the board, to train officers for the ships of the new merchant marine, are being conducted on both coasts and on the Great Lakes. Candidates for admission come from every section of the Union.

The cause of this nation-wide interest in navigation is to be found in the gigantic development of the country's merchant marine. It is anticipated that not less than 12,000 new officers will be required to handle the American cargo-carrying vessels now under construction, and not less than 65,000 men will be wanted for the crews.

A merchant officer today has many advantages in studying navigation that were not known to his seagoing ancestors. There was never a time when the aids to navigation were so numerous as now, or so well developed.

While the manner in which a navigator determines his ship's position on the vast face of the deep must always be something of a mystery to the landsman, it does not long remain so to the earnest student of navigation. Some of the students at shipping board schools have been able, after three weeks' study, to determine by observation the position of a ship at sea within three miles, which is considered a creditable performance. The best navigators, on large ships, when able to check up their observations by the work of more than one observer, sometimes do no better.

Early Navigation.

In the early days of ocean navigation the navigator never knew his position at sea within many leagues. It was customary for ships on the voyage from Europe to America to sail westerly until a landfall was made, then coast to their destination.

Columbus followed this method, for want of anything better.

Given sextant and chronometer, the navigator today reduces the job of finding his position to one of careful figuring. Latitude is found by observation of the height, or altitude, of the sun at noon.

Longitude is quite another thing. It being the distance between two places on the earth's surface, expressed in degrees. It is based on the rotation of the earth on its axis every 24 hours, causing meridians 15 degrees apart—a meridian being a line between the equator and the poles—to pass under a certain fixed point in the heavens at one-hour intervals.

For determining longitude all chronometers used on American and British ships are set on the time of the meridian of Greenwich observatory, near London. French ships figure from the meridian of Paris.

Knowing by his chronometer the time at Greenwich, and by observation of the sun at 8 a. m. or 4 p. m. his own time, the mariner, by the aid of tables, has only to find the difference in these two times, to find his distance in degrees from Greenwich. This found, the distance is easily expressed in miles, and marks his position on his chart.

"Dead Reckoning."

Prior to the perfection of the chronometer, the common method of determining longitude was by "dead reckoning," that is, estimating a ship's run day by day, by means of the log, a device for telling her speed by means of the rate at which knots in a line, paid out astern, with a wooden "log" at the end, slipped over the rail in a given number of seconds. This was uncertain, and baffling winds and foul weather made it entirely unreliable.

Many fatal shipwrecks resulted from mistakes in estimating a ship's position by dead reckoning. England lost several of her best ships of war in the eighteenth century by their losing their bearings and crashing upon a rocky shore. One of its bravest admirals, Sir Cloudesley Shovel, lost his life in a wreck caused in this way. The world owes much in navigation to the Portuguese, as it was Prince Henry the Navigator of that nation, who collated all the ancient lore on the subject, in the fifteenth century, and pointed the way to better means of determining latitude than by the ancient astrolabe and cross staff.

The sextant and chronometer were both of English origin, however, and were brought out within five years of each other, the sextant in 1731 and the chronometer—an improved clock—in 1735. Modern navigation, such as so many Americans are studying today, may be said to date from the perfection of these two instruments.

TELLS GHASTLY TALE**Inhuman Germans Described by Holy City Refugees.****Great Suffering Among Population of Jerusalem After Germans Took Control.**

Denver, Colo.—Stories of the frightful experiences suffered by residents of Jerusalem previous to the capture of the Holy City by British forces under General Allenby were told here by Miss Cella Moinestea, who, with her mother, fled from the torture inflicted by Turkish soldiers and German officers there several months ago. Miss Moinestea and her mother were among 800 refugees who escaped from Jerusalem while thousands were starving within the gates of the ancient city.

"There was agonizing suffering among the civil population of Jerusalem after the Germans took control of that city," said the youthful refugee. "Hundreds died of starvation when food, imported for the inhabitants of the stricken city, was seized by military authorities and diverted to the soldiers. Our friends fell dead about us like fleas. Scores of young girls sold their souls to the German soldiers in return for food."

It took five months for Miss Moinestea and her mother to reach Denver after leaving Jerusalem.

"We witnessed the most heart-rending scenes while traveling through Austria," the girl declared, "where roads were filled with cripples and food was so scarce that the peasants refused to sell even small portions at fabulous prices offered by the travelers."

MRS. ROYALL C. JOHNSON



Mrs. Royall C. Johnson, wife of the South Dakota congressman who has enlisted as a private in the National army. She will remain in Washington with their two sons, aged eleven and nine years, while her husband is in training at Camp Meade.

JUST A REINCARNATED BIRD**If You Feel an Exhilarating Desire to Soar Among Clouds, That Is Your Sphere.**

Los Angeles.—If you are an aviator or feel an exhilarating desire to soar among the clouds you are a reincarnated bird and your natural sphere is in the air, according to Mrs. Leon H. Mumford, well-known actress here. She says many men and women have bird souls and that a reincarnated snake could never be at home off the ground.

Mrs. Mumford, known to her friends as "Dillie," made her first flight at Long Island several years ago. She is planning to desert the stage for the airplane. "The reason is," she explained, "when I am in the air I feel as if I had gotten home after a long absence."

BREAKS COIN MAKING RECORD**Denver Mint Works Night and Day to Meet the Demand for Small Coins.**

Denver.—The Denver government mint is working day and night to meet the demand for pennies and other small coins caused by the "odd" change necessary in the payment of the new war taxes. Exactly 19,004,000 pieces were coined during November. This was a record-breaker for the Denver mint. The superintendent said today the record for December's the greatest in the history of the mint. Excepting December, 65,800,800 coins were minted in 1917, the largest in denomination being 50-cent pieces.

Big Optical Sale*Will Continue a Few Days Longer.*

Unable to accommodate all who wished to take advantage of the prices during the stock reducing sale, I have decided to continue the sale a few days longer, and will have an expert assistant with me a few days to help relieve the congestion of work that has accumulated, and to be in position to wait on all who call.

No Intention of Going Out of Business

The opinion seems to prevail with those who call that I am going out of business on account of being drafted for military service, and I wish to advise that I am making arrangements to employ an expert to take charge of my business at the time I am called.

Reasons For The Sale of My Stock.

of Optical Goods is that it will be necessary to buy a new line of stable articles and to class them for bookkeeping convenience.

Don't Put It Off Another Day

If your eyes are giving you trouble, now is your opportunity to be fitted with glasses at prices reduced.

W. D. FORTNEY,
OPTOMETRIST,

119 1-2 Broadway,

Hanover, Pa.

Hanover's Oldest Merchant Tailoring Shop**Announce their readiness to show a magnificent line of****Spring Styles In Woolens***(All Old Quality Goods)***This is the first time in our history that we advertise OLD GOODS**

But you will understand that its the old goods that has the best Dye, the best Wool and consequently the best wearing qualities.

Prices \$14.00 Up.**Our Workmanship Is The Best. Come In And Have Your Measure Taken Today.****N. B. Carver & Sons,**

10-12 Baltimore St.

Hanover, Pa.

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS**WE HAVE A LOT OF****Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings****FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.**

Must be sold regardless of cost so we can vacate the room. Don't wait. Come now. We have also a good line of

Men's, Women's and Children's High and Low Shoes in Black, White and Brown.**Prices ranging from 90c up.****CUT PRICE OUTFITTERS,**

9 Chambersburg Street.

Gettysburg, Pa.

Free! Free! Free!**Saturday, March 9th.****"There is New Health and New Life for the Ailing," says the Tonall Chemist**

Don't let your life be clouded by bad health. Don't let ill health steal away your vitality and sap your energy. Don't remain weak, anemic, nervous or run down. Get well the Tonall way—the quick, sure and safe way to new vigorous health. Remember that your health is your most valuable possession. Ill health, apart from the misery it causes, deprives you of your rightful enjoyment and handicaps you in your daily duties; but good health can be yours, if you take Tonall, because Tonall possesses a four-fold power in creating nerve food and is a system builder. It promotes new strength, new blood, new nerve force and vitality. That is why your doctor and druggist recommend Tonall, as they know Tonall is compounded from herbs, roots and barks and their medicinal properties cannot be disputed and you can take Tonall with the certain knowledge that it will give new health. Every root, herb and bark used in Tonall is known and used daily by the practitioner. Each root, and herb has been selected with scrupulous care and blended thru a special process whereby the value of each ingredient is intensified, producing a life-giving preparation.

To prove to the suffering masses who are afflicted with diseases caused by disordered Stomach, Liver, Heart, Kidney trouble and Nervous diseases and that Tonall contains more curative powers than any other similar proprietary medicine on the market we will give away—free on Saturday, March 9, at Auker's Drug Store, New Oxford, Pa., a sample bottle sufficient for one week's treatment.

Read carefully what Tonall contains. We want you to familiarize yourself with each herb, root and bark contained in Tonall. We publish the formula on every bottle so you know what you are taking into your system, something no other manufacturers of proprietary medicines do. Tonall is now being introduced at Ed. T. Auker's Pharmacy, New Oxford, Pa.

Watch our weekly and.

FOR CONGRESS

20th DISTRICT

**JAMES J. GERRY**

OF YORK, PA.

Candidate For Democratic Nomination.
PRIMARIES MAY 21, 1918.

NOTICE!

Now is the time to sell the junk that has accumulated, to your advantage.

Don't wait for the peddler to call at your door, you pay dear for that. We pay you better prices if you deliver the goods, we save the cost of a team and pay you more.

We offer you the following prices for the next 30 days: Scrap iron from 90c to \$1 per hundred; second-hand bags from 9c to 10c each; rags 2c per lb; rubber boots and shoes 7c to 8c per lb. These prices are on goods delivered to us.

S. E. KRAMER,

Local 'phone 42-2; Bell 'phone 58-j, 450 Balto. St., Hanover.

For Growing Shoats, Hogs, Brood Sows,
Pure Protein Hog Tankage

Analysis over 40 per cent. Protein Guaranteed, and watch your Hogs gain steady weight day after day. One of the government Experiment Stations says: One pound of this Tankage does the work of five pounds of corn. Pennsylvania State College considers it "one of the most valuable feeds for swine especially when used as a source of protein."

Ask for the feeding directions.

A. F. REIS,
 The Sanitary Reduction Works,
 Hanover, Pa.

3-7-3t

The dead body of an unknown man was found along the Pennsylvania railroad tracks at Mt. Wolf, York county, on Thursday morning at 2 o'clock. The body it is believed was that of a drifter on his way to Camp Meade and that he fell off one of the special trains.

John West, of York, involuntarily swallowed a tack, while engaged in tacking a poster on a gate. He was given an emetic—and up came the tack.

That George A. Raub, of Company I, 18th U. S. Infantry, was killed in action was the news conveyed in a letter received from her husband, a member of the same company, by Mrs. Walter A. Biddle, of York. Raub was located last summer at Gettysburg.

Governor Brumbaugh announced the appointment of Robert S. Frey, York, prothonotary, York county, to succeed Thomas J. Young, deceased.

AVIATOR DODGES
HUNS 72 DAYS

Lieut. Pat. O'Brien of Illinois Tells of Wild Adventures in Germany.

JUMPS FROM MOVING TRAIN

American Strategy Triumphs Over German Efficiency—One of His Hardest Stunts Was Swimming River Meuse.

Chicago.—Pat O'Brien of Momence, Ill., is back from the lightning front. In the British flying corps the young man from Momence is known as Lieut. Patrick Alva O'Brien. He is famous for several reasons. His real story began when he made a descent of nearly two miles in his airplane after a German bullet in the face had rendered him unconscious. The fall cost him a bump on the head.

He jumped out of the window of a moving train on his way to a German prison camp, and escaped. Then he spent 72 days in getting to Holland, a distance of 250 miles as the airplane flies. And the story ends with one of the longest interviews with a king on record—52 minutes by the royal stopwatch.

Many times during those 72 nights of travel through Germany, Luxembourg, and occupied Belgium, American strategy triumphed over German efficiency.

"Usually," said Lieutenant O'Brien, "when a bunch of fellows get together, they talk about women. But in our first prison, in Flanders, we talked only about escape and food, and got very little of either. There were eight officers going to an interior prison camp, and a guard with a rifle for every two prisoners.

Leaps From Train.

"We rode all day and all night. Twice I put up the window to jump and lost my nerve. It looked too much like sudden death. As I put it up again, about four in the morning, the guard gave me an ugly look. I knew it was then or never and dove out.

"For nearly a month afterward I thought my left eye was gone. The scars are there yet. By the time the train stopped, a half-mile on, or more, I was up and stumbled to a hiding place. Those Germans looked everywhere—on the side of the tracks to ward the border. I was in the opposite direction.

"It was a month before I got rid of my English uniform. I stole a pair of overalls one night. I got a cap the next and a shirt later. A Belgian gave me a scarf. That was all the help I got."

As an appetizer Lieutenant O'Brien ate turnip. The entree was sugar beet, and the meal closed with a cabbage stump that even the Germans scorned. "And I never did like vegetables," he said. "I hope I never have to eat another."

One night a German soldier saw him swimming a river, and raised the alarm.

"I felt sure they would be on top of me in a few minutes," he said, "so I ran upstream and swam back to the other side. I knew the ways of the Hun pretty well by then. They looked everywhere on the other side, but not a German came near me.

Swam the Meuse.

"One of the hardest things I did was to swim the Meuse river. I had all my clothes on, to my boots, and the river was half a mile across. It nearly got me twenty-five feet from shore. I was choking, and I admit praying. My boyhood on the Kankakee saved my life.

"When I got up the bank I fainted. It was the only time I ever fainted."

Lieutenant O'Brien could not speak German. As a boy, a Momence buker of Teuton origin taught him a phrase of German, but he did not know what it meant. It was some "ten lifetimes" after swimming the Meuse he found the nine-foot death fence of the Holland frontier. Death all but got him then, as his improvised ladder dropped him on the charged wires.

"A few minutes later," he said, "I could have tripped the guard with my ladder. After he had gone I dug—dug as I never dug before in my life. My back was half an inch from death when I crawled under and into Holland."

GOING OVER TOP IS
BETTER THAN FOOTBALL

Anniston, Ala.—Tom McClure, former Auburn football star, declares that going over the top in France beats charging into an opposing eleven. In a letter received here McClure tells of going "over the top" with the United States engineers four times. He was in the thick of the recent hostilities that resulted in several American casualties, but declares the game in France beats football at that.

Pigs Stay in City Limits.

Piedmont, W. Va.—"Pigs are pigs," and as such they will be permitted to thrive within the borough limits. The momentous question was decided at a hot special election recently, when the hog supporters won out by a majority of 89.

HELP FRENCH MORALE

General Pershing Asks Encouragement for the Poilus.

Nation Has Kept Up Its Heroic Fight in the Face of Great Odds.

Chicago.—General Pershing was asked by Dr. W. T. Foster, who was sent to France to inspect the work of the American Red Cross, what this organization could do during the winter that would be the greatest help in the prosecution of the war.

"Assist in sustaining the morale of the French army," the commander of the American expeditionary forces replied without hesitation.

According to Doctor Foster, who recently returned to the United States, the Red Cross is accomplishing this purpose. In addition to adding French army hospitals with surgical dressings and other supplies, the Red Cross is saving many civilians from starvation, caring for orphan children and rebuilding the devastated areas.

"The impression some have that more supplies are being produced in America than there is need for would be quickly dissipated," he declared, "if every one could see as I did, the record of surgical dressings supplied to 1,800 hospitals. I also saw one French soldier so badly wounded a whole case of dressings was used to save him."

Americans who think our army expansion is cutting deeply into our civil life will find a comparison with the situation in France decidedly illuminating. A Red Cross official just back from France said:

"In a city of 15,000 people which I visited only one man, an old doctor, too old even longer to practice his profession, was left. I passed through 20 French villages in which there was not a single able-bodied man remaining."

It is stripping France in this manner that the nation has kept up its heroic fight against great odds. Today the French army is larger and more effective than ever, and hundreds of thousands of African and Asiatic workmen have been imported to carry on the duties abandoned by the French to fight for their country.

"Can a nation be whipped that has such a spirit as that?" asked the Red Cross official.

MISS MAY PERSHING

Miss May Pershing, sister of Gen. John J. Pershing, is jointly responsible with a married sister for some interesting sidelights on General Pershing. They vouch for the statement that his hobby is gardening and that but for a newspaper story he would never have entered the army through West Point.

NO-TOBACCO DAYS IN PARIS
 Shops Open Half Hour Each Week When Police Guard Smokers' Lines.

Paris.—French tobacco and cigarettes are now obtainable in Paris only once each week and even then during the space of but about thirty minutes. During that half hour the tobaccoists' shops present about the same appearance as did the coal and wood yards during the fuel famine last winter. It takes from three to a half-dozen policemen for each shop to keep waiting smokers orderly while the weekly supply is being dealt out, and to pacify those that are still in line when the "no more tobacco" sign is hung out.

Bumper Ice Crop.

New Haven, Conn.—The Connecticut ice crop is to be a bumper one. Already the majority of ice houses in the state are filled and in many places ice is being stacked.

Public Sale!

On Friday, March 22, 1918.

On the day above named I will sell at public sale one mile south of Guilford Station, along the Salem church road, Mt. Pleasant Township, the following described personal property:

FIVE HEAD OF MULES

Nos. 1 and 2, 15 or 16 years old, medium size, one a leader; Nos. 3 and 4, ten years old, well matched, one a leader; No. 5 ten years old, good off side worker, has heaves and will sell low. These mules are all dark in color; are safe and reliable.

TWO HEAD OF CATTLE

One Red Durham, first calf with her; the other a grade (Guernsey), good color, very promising, to be fresh in July.

250 WHITE LEGHORN HENS

Almost equally divided between pullets and yearlings; are good stock and will be sold by the pound.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Three Wagons, 2 horse wagon and bed, 4 inch tread; 1 low 2 horse farm wagon, metal wheels, 5 inch tread; 1 spring wagon, new wheels; 2 sets of hay carriages, 16 foot long; 2 horse wagon bed (Osborne binder, 6 ft. cut; Deering corn binder, 1 Walter A. Wood hay tedder, 1 Success manure spreader, Woodchase lime spreader, nearly new; good Osborne hay rake, John Deere double row corn planter, 2 Spangler single row corn planters, disc harrow, 1 Kalamazoo cultivator spring tooth harrow, weeder, one sulkey and one walking Hensch & Drungold corn cultivators. Superior grain drill.

EIGHT HORSE POWER YORK GASOLINE ENGINE

on truck, a good article and in good condition; York No. 3 chopper, Tornado No. 11-B ensilage cutter with elevating and distributing pipes, a splendid machine, with set of new knives that have never been used; Star feed crusher, 1 new 14 ft. Star grass seed sower, grain fan, land roller, sled, 2 plows, Syracuse and Oliver chilled; grindstone, wheel barrow, bag wagon, 2 lawn mowers, cutting box, 2 bushel baskets, 1/2 bushel measure, hay fork and rope, 2 scap shovels, 2 grain shovels, forks, triple, double and single trees, 2 spreaders, crow bar, digging iron, lot of rope, log, breast and cow chains, 40 rods of fencing wire, 6 wires.

HARNESSES

Six sets of crupper gears, 1 set of single harness, 3 pair check lines, 3 plow lines, 5-horse line, 2 lead reins, etc.

Some Carpenter Tools, small vise, arms, braces, rods and jack of a threshing machine.

LUMBER

Quite a lot of 2x4 different lengths, good other sized scantling, boards, some fairly new; lot of roofing lath, cedar posts and some braces, and many articles not mentioned.

Eleven months credit will be given. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock.

Trostle, Auct.

Myers & Tawney, Clerks.

At the same time and place I will sell

TWELVE FINE SHOATS,

ranging in weight from 50 to 70 pounds.

W. T. HEYER.

Public Sale!

On Thursday, March 14, 1918.

The undersigned, intending to move to a smaller farm, will sell at public sale on the Peter Leer farm, along the turnpike, 1/2 mile north west of York Springs, the following personal property:

10 HORSES AND MULES

consisting of mouse colored mule, 9 years old, 16 hands high, works anywhere and unafraid of anything; pair of bay mules, 3 years old, 15 hands high, one has been hitched in lead, the other off side worker; pair of black mules, 2 years old, 14 hands high, have been worked; black horse, 9 years old, good off side worker and fine driver, worked some under saddle; bay mare, 7 years old, good worker and driver; bay mare, 11 years old, good worker and driver; sorrel horse, 5 years old, good off side worker and driver; sorrel colt, 2 years old, a fine one. These horses and mules are fearless of all road objects. They are good and drafty ones. Anyone in need of horses or mules should attend this sale.

20 HEAD OF CATTLE

consisting of 13 milch cows: 1 Holstein cow with 2nd calf by her side; Holstein cow with 5th calf by her side; Holstein cow with 3rd calf by her side; roan cow with 5th calf by her side; roan cow to have 4th calf in October; black cow to have 4th calf in October; brindle cow to have 4th calf in September; brown cow to have 3rd calf in October; Guernsey cow 3rd calf; Holstein cow to have 3rd calf in August; Holstein cow had 2nd calf; Holstein cow had 1st calf; 8 heifers, 2 are close springers, 1 due in July, and the balance are not with calf; 8 stock bulls, fit for service; fat bull, weighs 1000 lbs.; 2 fat steers, weigh 1000 lbs. each.

25 FINE HOGS

Three brood sows, 1 sow with pigs by day of sale; 1 due to farrow the last of March, the other in April; the balance are shoats ranging in weight from 50 to 70 pounds.

FARM IMPLEMENTS

Four wagons: 4 in. tread wagon and bed 5 ton capacity, in good order; one 3 inch tread wagon, 4 ton capacity; 2 in. tread Weber wagon and bed, capacity 3000 lbs.; milk wagon, set 22 ft. hay carriages; 2 mowers, 1 Deering, the other Osborne; 1 hay rake. Hensch walking corn plow, Key stone corn planter, good as new; 2 Syracuse plows, No. 301; land roller, set 14 ft. manure plank, Keystone corn sheller, 24 horse power York gasoline engine, cutting box, forks, rakes, shovels, triple, double and single trees, spreaders, jockey sticks, cow and breast chains, scythe and snath, wheelbarrow, 6 sets of front gears, 8 collars, bridges, set of single harness, hames and traces, check and plow lines, lead reins, hitching straps, flynets, halters, 5 choke straps, and many other articles not mentioned. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock. Ten months credit or 5 percent discount on all sums above \$5. Further terms at sale by

J. L. CHRONISTER
 Slaybaugh & Prosser, Aucts.
 Smith & Hykes, Clerks.

On April 6, the first anniversary of the United States entry into the war, the third Liberty loan will open. There will be a campaign of three or four weeks.

Sheriff's Sale.

IN PURSUANCE of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale on Saturday, the 9th day of March, 1918, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon at the Court House in the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams County, the following Real Estate, viz:

A Lot of Ground situate on the corner of Main Street and Third Street, in the Borough of McSherrytown, Adams County, Penna., described as follows: Beginning at a point on Third Street at its intersection with Main Street; thence along said Main Street north fifty six (56) degrees fifty five (55) minutes east one hundred seventy (170) feet three (3) inches to a corner at lot of John L. Menges; thence along said Menges lot south twenty eight (28) degrees and thirty (30) minutes east one hundred seventy six (176) feet to a public alley; thence along said alley north fifty six (56) degrees and fifty (50) minutes east one hundred sixteen (116) feet to a corner of lot now or formerly owned by Sadie L. Johns; thence north sixty two (62) degrees east sixty three (63) feet to a corner at Third Street; thence along said Third Street north twenty seven (27) degrees west one hundred seventy five (175) feet to the place of beginning. Improved with a three story part frame and part brick hotel building known as the Colonade Hotel, with frame barn and other outbuildings.

Seized and taken into execution as the property of Irene E. Dudgeon, now Irene E. Dudgeon Williamson and to be sold by me.

H. J. HARTMAN, Sheriff.
 Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Pa.,
 January 31, 1918.

Ten per cent. on all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down; failure to comply therewith the property will be put up again and resold.

Public Sale!

On Tuesday, March 26, 1918.

The undersigned executors of the will of Edward E. McKelvey, late of Tyrone township, will sell at public sale at the late residence of decedent, on road leading from New Oxford road to Hampton road, 1 mile north of New Chester, known as the Henry Miller farm, the following personal property:

7 Mules and Horses

Pair bay mules rising 11 years old, 1 a good leader and saddle, the other off side worker; roan mule, rising 6 years old, good off side worker; sorrel mare, rising 11 years old, good driver, safe for women to handle and a free worker; bay horse, rising 6 years old, fearless of all objects, safe, good farm worker and driver; 2 young horses, rising 3 years old, hitched single and double.

14 Head of Cattle

8 good milch cows, some fresh by time of sale; 2 heifers to be fresh by middle of April; 2 yearling heifers, 1 year old bull, 1 fat bull.

26 Head of Hogs

Best O. I. C. and Chester White stock, 9 brood sows, all due to farrow early in May; 6 fat hogs, 11 shoats of good size.

Farming Implements

Two good wagons, one 4-horse 2 in. tread and bed, 4 ton capacity, other 2-horse 3 in. tread and bed, 2 ton capacity; spring wagon, 2 set hay badders, 16 and 18 ft.; 1 Gochenour hay fork, new rope and pulleys, 2 top buggies, 1 new the other nearly new; road wagon, buggy pole, 6-ft. cut Deering binder, new 5 ft. cut McCormick mower, 1 other mower, Brown grain drill with fertilizer attachment, Casey double row corn planter with fertilizer attachment, 2 single row corn planters, 1 Farquhar cultivator, 2 corn workers, 17-tooth lever harrow, 60-tooth spike harrow, 3 spring harrows, land roller, hay rake, 2 3-horse Oliver chilled plows, No. 98 iron beam 3 horse plow, 2 horse plow, shovel plow, 2 double shovel plows, triple, double and single trees, manure plank, manure hooks, corn sheller, work bench, 4 sled, 4 bu. measures, wheelbarrow, grindstone; 6 sets of front gears, 6 collars, 3 sets of housings, 2 set Yankee harness, 2 pr. check lines, 6 bridles, 6-horse and plow lines, 2 sets buggy harness, 1 set rubber mounted, nearly new; riding bridle and saddle, halters, flynets, lead reins, hitching straps, buggy collar, traces and hames, hay knife, 2 cutting boxes, cross-cut saw, grain cradle, briar and grass scythes, wood saw, maul and wedges, pick, mattock, feed box, wire stretcher, corn choppers, log, cow, breast and butt chains, hog hangers, forks, biner tongue wheel, 6 milk cans, iron chicken troughs, 50 cedar posts, lot of plank, lumber and wood, 1400 chestnut shingles, corn and potatoes by the bushel. The above machinery is all practically as good as new.

Household Goods

Extension table, 3 other tables, clocks, dishes, cooking utensils, mobogany bedroom suit, 2 oak bedsteads, 2 white enameled bedsteads, single bed, cot, bureau, washstands, other stands, bed springs, 1 range with tank and warming closet, 10-plate stove, pipe and drum, chunk stove, egg stove, double heater and pipe, parlor suit, large cushioned chairs and rockers, 1 corner cupboard, hall rack, bookcase and desk combined, 2 lounges, 3 sinks 1 zinc lined; parlor and other lamps, lot window shades and curtains, matting, linoleum, carpet, churn, tubs, benches, pictures and frames, complete kitchen outfit, 2 iron kettles, large copper kettle, small brass kettle and other articles not mentioned.

Sale to begin at 11 o'clock sharp, when terms will be made known by

MARY C. McILWEE,
 CLARENCE E. McILWEE, Executors,
 Thompson & Ensor, Aucts.
 Chronister & Cashman, Clerks.

For Sale.

Five head of Holstein and Durham Cattle, some close springers; one 4-inch tread wagon, used four years; also 1 gang plow. Apply to
JOHN C. ZEPPE,
 On E. K. Gardner farm,
 York Springs, Pa.

Subscribe for the Item, Only \$1.

Fickle Fortune

By Alvah Jordan Garth

(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

The proprietor of the Red Coyote sat loitering behind the bar of the combination saloon and eating room. Business was dull and he was grumpy. There was only one other inmate of the far border tavern—Abel Mason.

Outside his sleigh stood, half buried in a snow bank. The dog attached had sunk down in his harness in a restless attitude.

A big hulking fellow staggered into view outside, lurched unsteadily, and half stumbled over the sleigh. He made an unsteady kick at the dog. Mason half arose, his eyes flashing fire. Then he subdued the impulse to resent the brutality shown towards his best friend, Rainbow, long canine sharer of his fortunes and misfortunes.

Rainbow was able to take care of himself, it seemed. He bristled to all fours. He made a dive at his would-be assailant. His long, keen teeth met in a thickness of cloth across the knee of the drunken stroller. The latter tore loose, accepted the warning at its worth, and reeled into the bar room.

"Drink," he growled, "and lots of it!" and threw a coin upon the counter. Once, twice, thrice he filled the glass with the red fiery liquor. He was sizing up the remaining contents of the bottle with a drunken leer, when there was another arrival in the grimy bar room.

A full-blooded Indian woman, haggard, ragged, but not altogether unlovely, crossed the threshold. She was young, almost girlish. On one arm she bore a child, not more than a year old, wailing with the cold. Its blue



Reeling Against the Bar.

tinged cheeks were sunken, its frame attenuated. The woman hurried toward the man at the bar. She placed a trembling, urgent hand upon the man's arm.

"See," she said in broken, disjunct English—"there is no milk. The papoose will starve and die."

"You won't let up on my trail hey?" roared the man and he brought his broad hand with a wicked sweep. The squaw went reeling back against the table. A second time Abel sprang to his feet. With lurid eyes the drinker was following up his attack. Between the shrinking trembling woman with her child and her evil genius her defender sprang swiftly.

"I'll not stand this," he said forcefully.

"Suppose you have to," snarled the other, and raised his clenched fist to strike the woman again.

"You brute—not while I have a mother and a wife. Take that!"

The blow fell with mallet force. The bloated mass of humanity went reeling against the counter, grunted, came down to the floor with a crash and lay there.

"He's got it, and I'm glad," observed the tavern keeper. "He's no good. I've no liking for the red ones, but his squaw is his wife, and he's been dodging her for a week."

The woman crouched closer to her defender. Her face was distorted with misery and emotion. Mason looked pityingly at the wailing child. Then he took its mother by the arm and led her through the open archway into the eating room. A slouchy waiter was lying asleep on two chairs. Mason roused him with a rough shake and the words:

"Here, hustle up and feed this woman. What is it for the child?"

"Milk," voiced the squaw in a gasping expectancy, as though that word comprised all that was precious to her at that moment.

Mason sat with a grim face, purposefully masked, to hide the ineffable pity he felt for the outcast pair.

"Give both of them all they want," Mason ordered the waiter, "and don't let them go till I come back. Who is the woman?" he inquired a moment later in the bar room of the tavern keeper.

"She's Watina," imparted the other, "Her dad is an old chief fifty miles up the Frazier river. That skunk ly-

ing yonder lured her from the home nest, married her, made her his slave, and then his football. She ought to be home. Some morning she'll be found with the kid in some snowdrift, both frozen to death."

Mason drew back and pondered. He had troubles of his own. A year previous he had left home, mother, wife and a tiny babe to try his luck in the new Frazier gold district. There had been some lucky ones. He was not of the group. He was homeward bound, poorer than when he had come to this land of false promise. He had his dog and sleigh, but besides that barely enough time and money to carry him to Elinton and thence by rail 500 miles.

So closely had he gauged his program that any extra cost or loss of time might mean disaster. Yet, true man that he was, a realization of the forlorn condition of the poor Indian girl and her papoose stirred all that was gentle and manly in his nature. He went back into the eating room and sat down at the table opposite Watina. The baby, filled to repletion, was cooing out its appreciation of food and warmth. The mother, her strength replenished, gazed at Mason with grateful eyes.

"Do you know the trail home?" questioned he.

"Oh, so well," cried the woman. "But can I battle the terrors of the north, the giant blizzard, the fierce tempest, the snowslides, alone, on foot, with my little one?"

"If you will direct me, I will take you and the child on the sledge," said Mason.

"Oh, if that man comes to me again I shall die! And to see my poor old father and mother!" cried Watina.

It was considerable of a task for the faithful Rainbow to begin a long run after a brief rest, for only two hours previous the sledge dog and driver had terminated a 25-mile run. The sturdy animal breastst the fierce wind willingly, however. Mason added some milk for the babe to his stores. The little one was warmly bestowed, wrapped up in a blanket and skins behind the mother on the sledge, while Mason walked to lighten the load.

There was no visible trail, and the past familiarity of Watina with the district alone kept them from straying over dangerous mountain passes and losing direction and destination. Where the course was uneven and difficult Watina relieved Rainbow of her added burden.

It was just 36 hours after the rigorous journey had begun that Watina uttered a joyous cry, and momentarily Mason halted to view a large bark structure surrounded by a group of small huts.

Watina began to weep and trembled as they descended towards the settlement, as though fearing to be repulsed by those she longed to see. A passing Indian noticed her, stared, uttered a ringing whoop, and dashed for the big bark lodge. He reappeared, followed by a big brave, whose apparel showed him to be a man of importance in the community.

He was the old chief, the father of Watina. Behind him trailed his wife, with arms outstretched, crying out eagerly to the mourned for, long lost daughter, whom the father enfolded in a welcome clasp, while his wife took possession of the little babe.

They overwhelmed Mason with expressions of grateful friendship, when Watina had told them of the part he had taken in saving her babe and herself. There was a great feast given in honor of the restoration of the wayward child of the tribe.

The next morning Mason arranged to renew his journey to the south. He had lost two days and must make up for lost time. There was the fear of some great stress of weather, closing the trails. His one thought now was of his wife and the little one, and of the aged mother back in the humble village home, he resolved never to leave again for the allurements of fickle fortune.

"And I am coming back empty handed," he meditated, rather mournfully. "What great hopes the dear ones at home built upon my prospects. Oh, well, just to be all together again in the home nest—that will compensate for all disappointments and suffering."

"You will come," spoke an Indian lad, as Mason was hitching up Rainbow, and he indicated that Mason was wanted at the big house.

It was there that Mason confronted a vast surprise, and a pleasurable one. What resembled a teeter, comprising a long board set across a post imbedded in the ground, and swiveled at the center, had a large wicker basket at each end. In one, smiling her gratitude and friendly regard for Mason, was Watina. Half a dozen men were bringing in armful after armful of skins. Gold the old chief had not, but his habitation, it seemed, was a storehouse filled with the results of hunting and trapping during the past season.

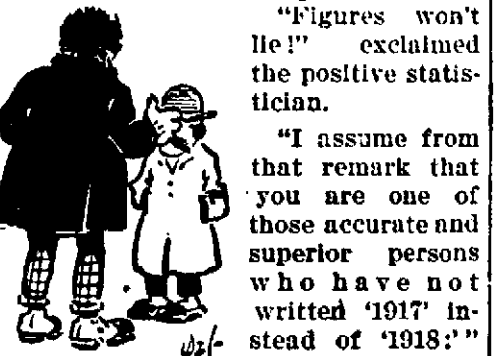
Some of the skins were almost priceless. Little as Mason knew of their marketable value, he readily surmised that. Until the teeter evenly balanced, the skins were piled against the weight of Watina—over a hundred pounds.

And then the chief added half a dozen seal skins, secured in some trade with Indians farther north. The old man indicated that the rich endowment was a token of the kindly gratefulness of those whom Mason had made happy.

When Abel Mason waved adieu to the little Indian settlement, the royal gift secured to the sledge behind him, he headed southwards, made hopeful by the knowledge that he would not reach the loved ones at home empty handed.

WINTRY SMILES

Mendacious Figures.



Getting to Essentials.

"I think we have at last located the blame for the coal situation," began the explanatory statesman.

"I don't care anything about the blame just now," interrupted the ordinary citizen. "Have you located any coal?"

A Motorist's Impression.

"Do we want to encourage a system which will compel us to wear chains forever?" inquired the agitated citizen.

"But what are you going to do in this kind of a climate?" inquired Mr. Chuggins. "We can't go on skidding."

Unnatural Condition.

"I see in some big manufacturing place army orders for gloves are delayed."

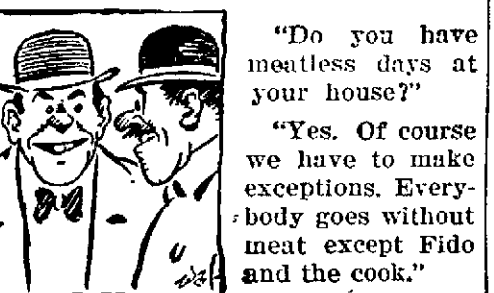
"That's queer. Under any condition gloves should always be on hand."

Sometimes It Can't Be Done.

"Early to bed and early to rise is a good old motto."

"Well," replied Grannie Rhem, gloomily. "This daylight saving's all right, of course. But out our way somebody's simply got to stay up all night to tend the furnace."

Favorites.



"Are you having any 'lightless nights' in Brindleburg?"

"Sure," replied the old resident. "Besides we don't need any lights in this town. We've only got one picture theater and every man, woman and child in the community could find the way to it blindfolded."

Maybe So.

"I wonder why hot soda won't go like cold soda."

"Not spectacular enough," suggested the druggist's friend. "It might go better if you could squirt steam into it from a fine nozzle."

Declares Cattlemen Facing Large Deficits—Government Alone Can Save Bankruptcy

Cattle feeding is a manufacturing business. The farm with its buildings and equipment is the plant. The steers' digestive apparatus is the machinery. Corn silage, cotton seed meal, straw, hay and fodder, the raw material to be converted into beef. So many pounds of corn, silage, cotton seed meal and forage passed through the machinery of a steer's digestion turns out 100 pounds of beef, the finished product, writes Wymond J. Beckett, in the Indianapolis Star.

The amount of feed, when properly combined, required for 100 pounds of gain, remains practically constant. The cost of feed known, the cost of 100 pounds of gain can be easily determined. This has been worked out at agricultural experiment stations, and on the farms of the country by actual demonstrations. Cost of beef is not absolute, but relative, depending wholly on the cost of feeds. The cost of 100 pounds of beef normally, bears a direct relations always to the cost of the feeds which enter into its production. Every business man understands that the cost of the raw material and the expense of operation determines the cost of production. These same items determine the cost of agricultural production. Then it should be comparatively easy to determine the cost of 100 pounds of beef and what it should sell for on the market to yield the farmer a reasonable profit for his labor and investment. Is the cattle feeder today getting even the cost price for his finished product? If not, why not?

Enemy of the Dog Figures High Cost of Keeping Pet

A dog hater in New Hampshire, stimulated by the campaign for food conservation, sharpened his pencil and this is what he figured:

One person in 20 keeps a dog; that's 5,000,000 dogs. It costs ten cents a day to feed a dog, or \$36.50 a year for one, and \$182,000,000 per annum for all of them. With flour at \$15 a barrel, this sum would buy 12,166,000 barrels of flour. If loaded 12 barrels to each motortruck, 1,000,000 trucks would be required to load the flour, at one time, and they would make a procession 2,272 miles in length.

The figures seem to be all right and unquestionably impressive, but who can estimate the heart pangs and personal loss of 5,000,000 small boys if deprived of their dearest treasure?—Popular Mechanics Magazine

The Pumps of Lassigny

Red Cross Nobly Comes to the Assistance of Remaining Residents of Wrecked French Village

Lassigny was pounded to pieces in the two years that the Boche trenches lay just before it. It was a deserted village when the Germans retired last spring.

But there were cellars among the jagged bits of wall left standing, and here and there a corner of roof that the big guns had missed. A few families, which had crowded into the towns behind the line waiting their chance, moved forward into what they called their "homes," sleeping anywhere—often on damp straw.

The government sent in a trainload of wooden barracks, and the army commander sent in a group of boches to set them up. More refugees moved in. The Boches laboriously dug out the wells that other Boches had laboriously shoveled full of dirt and manure. Lassigny is a long village, struggling along the road from _____ to _____; and it had many wells in the days before the war. When the Germans left, they filled the wells so carefully that six months later the grass and weeds concealed every trace of what had one been village-wells. Only the end of a ladder sticking out of the tall grass betrayed one well.

The stone walls of the wells were solid, and far down below the water was good—French chemists analyzed it after the Boche prisoners had, shovel-full by shovel-full, cleaned out the well-holes. But the wells are deep, and to haul up buckets of water by hand is a long hard task. There are no strong men in Lassigny these days; only the little children, and the old men and women—and the two brave nurses of the Union des Femmes de France.

So the word went back along the line. "Pumps for Lassigny!" There are no pumps to be had in the ruined region about Lassigny, fertile and busy as it once was; so the Red Cross delegate sent to Paris; and the Red Cross purchasing department there sent out a buyer to find pumps for Lassigny.

The town has its pumps now; and even the tiny bare-kneed tots can start the water flowing. And when the Red Cross man comes to town, the town-folk greet him with a smile. When he was last there, there was a knock at the door of the barracks where he was chatting with a French nurse and in came an old peasant woman, bearing her token of gratitude and friendship—a plateful of steaming hot baked apples, and a brown jugful of fresh water pumped from one of Lassigny's wells.

Save Natural Ice For Use in Summer—Saves Ammonia as Well as Conserving Coal

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

All who can possibly do so are urged by the United States department of agriculture to harvest a supply of natural ice this winter and store it for summer use. This is of vital importance at this time, for every ton gathered will help in the war-time conservation of ammonia which is necessary in the manufacture of ice.

Ammonia salts are regarded as an essential in the manufacture of certain fertilizers and the cost of fertilizers is dependent to some extent on the market value of ammonia. Of extreme significance at this time, however, is the fact that the most important chemicals used in making ammonium nitrate and other explosives are readily made from ammonia and every quart of America's already small supply of this substance that can be saved means more power to America's armies.

Thus the farmer is interested in the conservation of ammonia not only from a national standpoint, but because of his personal interests. Ammonia saved through harvesting of natural ice means more ammonia for fertilizers and more ammonia for ammunition. The man who harvests ice now and stores it in pits or ice houses, next summer may have the satisfaction of helping out his neighbor who depended on an ice plant.

In addition to the saving of ammonia, conservation of coal is to be effected through the harvesting of natural ice. American ice factories and refrigerating plants, according to figures of the United States fuel administration, use annually 15,000,000 tons of coal.

Wise and Otherwise.

Never judge a man's good or bad qualities by what his neighbors say about him.

Once in a while there is a man so good natured that he is nice to his wife's relatives.

What goes up must come down—as many an airplane chauffeur is discovering.

A shrewd man may be both wise and honest, but the chances are that he is neither.

If common sense will not teach a young man etiquette a book on the subject is of little use.

The Champion Wood Chopper.

A record in wood chopping is claimed by L. J. Haugen, fifty, who lives near Clinton, Ia. Up to the opening of the present lumbering season he chopped 6,207 cords. He is a Norwegian. During the summer he works for farmers about the county, but as soon as the first touches of winter are apparent, he shoulders his ax and starts for the timber lands. He figures his chopping career from the time he was twenty, since which he has averaged two cords a day during the chopping season.

Something to Think About.

The flood waters which go to waste annually in the great central valley of the United States and often cause great destruction of property, if impounded and employed in the development of electric power, would render the use of mineral coal unnecessary within the borders of the country. This statement has been made repeatedly by competent engineers.

Well Fixed.

"How are you fixed for coal at your house?"

"Fine. We've got a couple of shovel-fuls in the bin and the promise of more in a week or two."

Winter Colds

By Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, Commissioner of Health of Pennsylvania

During the frigid weather, you want to keep well nourished. To do this, your meals should be taken with regularity, and you should take a moderate amount of exercise, not too near meal-time. No better form of exercise can be found than that of walking with a good brisk step and swinging of the arms. You should keep up a good circulation of blood.

That the digestive glands may secrete a healthful quantity of digestive fluids, and the food be prepared for and assimilated by the body. No excesses should be indulged in, particularly the taking of alcoholic beverages. You should live in pure air night and day, but the very young and the very old should not be exposed to extremely low temperatures. Careful observance of these suggestions will do much to prevent, and at least to some extent, help pull you through congestive or even infective colds, which are prevalent when the weather is so very changeable as it is in winter in our North Atlantic climate.

A few days later he received a note from his sister, saying that she realized she was old enough to be called of uncertain age, and so she presented the date of her birth was growing correspondingly uncertain. But three birthday cards from him in one month was a little too much, even for her, and would he please change from birthday to Christmas or Easter greetings, as the little town in which she lived was very gossip, and so many birthdays might occasion talk.—Indianapolis News.

He is a trifle absent-minded, but a most dutiful brother and he congratulated himself that he had never yet missed sending his sister greetings for her birthday. Feeling that her birthday was imminent, but not certain whether it was the sixteenth or seventeenth, he dispatched his usual card a few days ago. To make a point of avoiding mistakes, however, he omitted the date.

Try a New Way to Cook Potatoes—Just a Few of the Styles in This List

It is claimed that there are more than 100 ways to cook potatoes, from the primitive (and still probably the best) methods of boiling or baking with the skins on, to the most complex and seasoned dishes. Here are some of the ways known to the United States department of agriculture. Have you tried them all, or do you know about as many more?—Boiled, chips, lyonnaise, mashed, pan browned, salad, in chowders, baked, shoestrings, hashed brown, mashed fried, sautéed, in fish cakes, in light bread, plain fried, french fried, gauffre, soufflé, rice, in hash, biscuits, sauté, creamed, croquettes, au gratin soups, in stews, in meat pie crust.

Cash and Carry.

Quite providentially it happens that the doctrine of carrying home one's groceries promises to attain full growth at a time when capacious and decorative bags are not only fashionable, but almost necessary for housewives. It is evident, says the Spokane Spokesman Review, that there is intention of seeing that the buyer is paid in cash for carrying his own food home. Already dealers are lopping cent and even nickels off the cost of things not delivered. A cent, for instance, goes thus with every loaf of bread. Cents and nickels grow rapidly to quarters, and quarters will buy war stamps that pay 4 per cent. It behooves us to look closely to such details.

Mexico Stops Dyes.

Dyeing material has been coming in considerable volume from Mexico during the past two years. However, the Mexican treasury department has announced a prohibition of the export of aniline and coal tar dyes and natural artificial vegetable dyes. The difficulty caused by the new regulation, will be experienced chiefly by United States cloth manufacturers.

Lungs Are Weakened By Hard Colds

CASCARA QUININE

The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opiates—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture on it. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store

England enthralls over our first-overs. But wait till she sees all our boys in the line.

As we grow more sensible, we refuse drug cathartics and take instead Nature's herb cure, Garfield Tea. Adv.

Naturally. "Does the new question department you started work all right?" "No; I find it won't answer."

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Found an Oyster. Bill: Did you go to the oyster supper at the church? Bill: I was ill. "Were there many there?" "I found one."

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barb's Compound, and 14 oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barb's Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

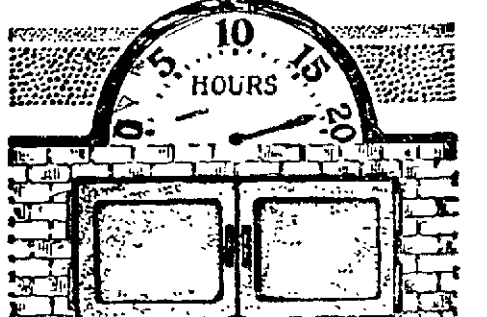
A Bright Outlook. Lady: I'm sorry, doctor, that I had to send and ask you to come such a long way.

Doctor: Don't mention it. I happen to have another patient in the neighborhood, so I can call two birds with one stone.

The Evangelist's Joke. At last Sunday morning's revival service in Atchison, Kansas, Rev. E. B. Jones asked all his hearers who were glad the revival was being held in their right hands. Hundreds of hands waved in the air. "Now," said the speaker, "take your right hand and put it in your pocket for a dollar." The audience laughed and then "came across."—Kansas City Star.

An Uncertain Birthday. He is a trifle absent-minded, but a most dutiful brother and he congratulated himself that he had never yet missed sending his sister greetings for her birthday. Feeling that her birthday was imminent, but not certain whether it was the sixteenth or seventeenth, he dispatched his usual card a few days ago. To make a point of avoiding mistakes, however, he omitted the date.

A few days later he received a note from his sister, saying that she realized she was old enough to be called of uncertain age, and so she presented the date of her birth was growing correspondingly uncertain. But three birthday cards from him in one month was a little too much, even for her, and would he please change from birthday to Christmas or Easter greetings, as the little town in which she lived was very gossip, and so many birthdays might occasion talk.—Indianapolis News.



A Baked Cereal Food

Different from the usual run of toasted or steam-cooked cereals,

Grape-Nuts

is baked in giant ovens—baked for nearly twenty hours under accurate conditions of heat, so that the whole wheat and malted barley flours may develop their full, rich-sweetness.

You don't need sugar on Grape-Nuts.

"There's a Reason"

Public Sale!

On Saturday, March 23, 1918.

The undersigned, having sold his property, and intending to discontinue house-keeping, will sell at public sale at his residence in Mt. Pleasant Township, 3 miles west of New Oxford, 2 miles east of Guilford Station, along the Lincoln Highway, close to Brush Run Station, the following personal property:

ONE BLACK HORSE, coming 9 years old, works wherever hitched, safe for any woman to drive; 1-horse wagon and bed, 1-horse McCormick mower, 3 1/2 ft. cut; 1-horse double land roller, 12 ft. hay ladders, runabout buggy, surrey, cutter sleigh; the above articles are practically as good as new; grindstone and frame, wheelbarrow, manure sled, 2 cement boxes, workbench with vice, cross-cut saw, wood saw, axes, maul and wedges, lawnmower, digging iron, pick, mattock, shovels, scoop shovel, hoes, rakes, forks, double and single trees, middle ring, 32 ft. double ladder, set of front gears, nearly new; harness and traces, Yateke bridge, collar, 2 pair buggy lines, 1 set harness and breast strap.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

Sidboard, sink, breakfast table, whatnot, clothesrack, 2 bedsteads, 1 antique chest, antique bureau with glass knobs, 5 plank-seat chairs, 3 rockers, stand, Rayo lamp, picture frames, 1 Happy Family range and pipe, good as new; double heater and pipe, 3 burner oil cook stove and oven, used but little; iron kettle and ring, 2 pot racks, glass and queensware, cooking utensils, pots, pans, buckets, knives and forks, spoons, ladles, crocks, stone jars, fruit cupboard, bread cupboard, fruit table, bench, step ladder, barrels, vinegar and barrel, galvanized tub, 5 gal. oil can, binder cover, grain bags and sacks, chicken coops, 3 screen doors, and other articles not mentioned. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock sharp. Terms made known by

F. J. WOLFE.

Public Sale!

Of Real Estate and Personal Property. ON THURSDAY, MARCH 21, 1918.

The undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises,

A SMALL PROPERTY, containing 12 acres of land, more or less, situate in Hamilton township, at intersection of Carlisle pike and East Berlin road, about 1 1/2 miles north of New Oxford, adjoining properties of Geo. Spahr, Simon Kline, T. C. Griffin, and others; Improved with a 1 1/2 Story Frame House, Large Frame Stable, Hog Pen, Chicken House, never-failing well of water, etc.

At the same time and place will be offered the following personal property:—One New 7 horse power Newwav Gasoline Engine, 1 bone and feed crusher and grinder, nearly new; 2 cook stoves, coal stoves, lot of household goods and other articles not mentioned.

Sale to begin at 1 o'clock, when terms will be made known by

J. H. PETERMAN.
Chas. Rinehart, Auct.
Clem Lingg, Clerk.**Public Sale!**

On Thursday, March 28, 1918.

The undersigned will sell at public sale at his residence on Lincoln Way, West, in the Borough of New Oxford, the following personal property:

Two bedsteads, bed clothes, six plank-seat chairs, 3 rocking chairs, 3 stands, walnut case of drawers, antique; 3 drop-leaf tables, Despatch No. 8 cook stove, with reservoir; 2 clocks, 2 sinks, 1 zinc lined; 1 sideboard, gasoline stove stools, hat rack, picture frames, iron kettle, barrels, cooking utensils, 3 mirrors, glass and queensware, hall piece, sewing machine, circular rip saw on stand, buggy, hand corn sheller, lot of carpenter tools, mattock, pick, pitch and manure forks, set of harness, 2 meat benches, 6 or 8 bushels of Irish potatoes, garden hoes and rake, umbrella stand, lot of metal flower pots, and other articles not mentioned.

Sale to begin at 1 o'clock. Terms made known by

H. H. DIEHL.

Public Sale!

OF

HOME-MADE BUGGIES AND WAGONS ON SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1918.

The undersigned, intending to discontinue the business, will sell at public sale at the shops, Corner of High and Bolton Sts., in the Borough of New Oxford, the following:

8 New Home-Made Falling-Top Buggies, 4 of them are rubber tire, 4 steel tire; these buggies are well built with good finish; 3 new top spring wagons with rubbers and spring blocks; new storm-top spring wagon with rubbers inside and spring blocks. Wrot box axles, good job with rear doors; 1 light spring wagon, partly new, just the wagon to haul milk cans, heavy used spring wagon, used surrey with new trimmings, 3 used buggies, some trimming material, carriage bolts, axle clips, bar iron of different sizes, perches, head blocks and axle beds finished ready for use, light buggy pole, well ironed; new 3-horse eveners, 20x30 S. H. hip roof tent, used two weeks, lot of empty varnish cans, lot Warner & Sarvara spokes, buggy and spring wagon rims, 1 set of new carriage lamps, 2 pair of electric lamps, lot of steel tire, 1 1/2x5-16, 1 1/2x4-8, 2 bundles of short bows, 3 ft. 4 in.; some new shafts, new 5th wheels, 4 coal stoves—2 large and 2 small—excellent heaters; meat bench, 1 step ladder, about 100 lbs. of rubber tire wires, No. 10 1/2, and many articles not mentioned. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, when terms will be made known by

B. C. BOND.
G. R. Thompson, Auct.

JOB PRINTING of every description executed at the Item Office Satisfaction guaranteed.

TAKE UP STUDY OF NAVIGATION

Revival of Seagoing Spirit Arouses Widespread Interest in the Subject.

SCHOOLS TEACH THE SCIENCE

Classes in Navigation Being Conducted by Recruiting Service of United States Shipping Board—12,000 New Officers Needed.

Washington.—One of the interesting features of the present great revival in seagoing spirit throughout the country is the widespread popularity of the study of navigation.

Reports reaching the United States shipping board indicate lively interest all over the country in the study of this ancient science, which helped make the nation great in its earliest years of independence.

Classes in navigation, conducted by the recruiting service of the board, to train officers for the ships of the new merchant marine, are being conducted on both coasts and on the Great Lakes. Candidates for admission come from every section of the Union.

The cause of this nation-wide interest in navigation is to be found in the gigantic development of the country's merchant marine. It is anticipated that not less than 12,000 new officers will be required to handle the American cargo-carrying vessels now under construction, and not less than 85,000 men will be wanted for the crews.

A merchant officer today has many advantages in studying navigation that were not known to his seagoing ancestors. There was never a time when the aids to navigation were so numerous as now, or so well developed.

While the manner in which a navigator determines his ship's position on the vast face of the deep must always be something of a mystery to the landsman, it does not long remain so to the earnest student of navigation. Some of the students at shipping board schools have been able, after three weeks' study, to determine by observation the position of a ship at sea within three miles, which is considered a creditable performance. The best navigators, on large ships, when able to check up their observations by the work of more than one observer, sometimes do no better.

Early Navigation.

In the early days of ocean navigation the navigator never knew his position at sea within many leagues. It was customary for ships on the voyage from Europe to America to sail westerly until a landfall was made, then coast to their destination.

Columbus followed this method, for want of anything better.

Given sextant and chronometer, the navigator today reduces the job of finding his position to one of careful figuring. Latitude is found by observation of the height, or altitude, of the sun at noon.

Longitude is quite another thing, it being the distance between two places on the earth's surface, expressed in degrees. It is based on the rotation of the earth on its axis every 24 hours, causing meridians 15 degrees apart—a meridian being a line between the equator and the poles—to pass under a certain fixed point in the heavens at one-hour intervals.

For determining longitude all chronometers used on American and British ships are set on the time of the meridian of Greenwich observatory, near London. French ships figure from the meridian of Paris.

Knowing by his chronometer the time at Greenwich, and by observation of the sun at 8 a. m. or 4 p. m. his own time, the mariner, by the aid of tables, has only to find the difference in these two times, to find his distance in degrees from Greenwich. This found, the distance is easily expressed in miles, and marks his position on his chart.

"Dead Reckoning."

Prior to the perfection of the chronometer, the common method of determining longitude was by "dead reckoning," that is, estimating a ship's run day by day, by means of the log, a device for telling her speed by means of the rate at which knots in a line, paid out astern, with a wooden "log" at the end, slipped over the rail in a given number of seconds. This was uncertain, and baffling winds and foul weather made it entirely unreliable.

Many fatal shipwrecks resulted from mistakes in estimating a ship's position by dead reckoning. England lost several of her best ships of war in the eighteenth century by their losing their bearings and crashing upon a rocky shore. One of its bravest admirals, Sir Cloudesley Shovel, lost his life in a wreck caused in this way.

The world owes much in navigation to the Portuguese, as it was Prince Henry the Navigator of that nation, who collated all the ancient lore on the subject, in the fifteenth century, and pointed the way to better means of determining latitude than by the ancient astrolabe and cross staff.

The sextant and chronometer were both of English origin, however, and were brought out within five years of each other, the sextant in 1731 and the chronometer—an improved clock—in 1735. Modern navigation, such as so many Americans are studying today, may be said to date from the perfection of these two instruments.

TELLS GHASTLY TALE

Inhuman Germans Described by Holy City Refugees.

Great Suffering Among Population of Jerusalem After Germans Took Control.

Denver, Colo.—Stories of the frightful experiences suffered by residents of Jerusalem previous to the capture of the Holy City by British forces under General Allenby were told here by Miss Cella Molneste, who, with her mother, fled from the torture inflicted by Turkish soldiers and German officers there several months ago.

Miss Molneste and her mother were among 300 refugees who escaped from Jerusalem while thousands were starving within the gates of the ancient city.

"There was agonizing suffering among the civil population of Jerusalem after the Germans took control of that city," said the youthful refugee. "Hundreds died of starvation when food, imported for the inhabitants of the stricken city, was seized by military authorities and diverted to the soldiers. Our friends fell dead about us like fleas. Scores of young girls sold their souls to the German soldiers in return for food."

It took five months for Miss Molneste and her mother to reach Denver after leaving Jerusalem.

"We witnessed the most heart-rending scenes while traveling through Austria," the girl declared, "where roads were filled with cripples and food was so scarce that the peasants refused to sell even small portions at fabulous prices offered by the travelers."

MRS. ROYALL C. JOHNSON



Mrs. Royall C. Johnson, wife of the South Dakota congressman who has enlisted as a private in the National army. She will remain in Washington with their two sons, aged eleven and nine years, while her husband is in training at Camp Meade.

JUST A REINCARNATED BIRD

If You Feel an Exhilarating Desire to Soar Among Clouds, That Is Your Sphere.

Los Angeles.—If you are an aviator or feel an exhilarating desire to soar among the clouds you are a reincarnated bird and your natural sphere is in the air, according to Mrs. Leon H. Mumford, well-known actress here. She says many men and women have bird souls and that a reincarnated sunke could never be at home off the ground.

Mrs. Mumford, known to her friends as "Billie," made her first flight at Long Island several years ago. She is planning to desert the stage for the airplane. "The reason is," she explained, "when I am in the air I feel as if I had gotten home after a long absence."

BREAKS COIN MAKING RECORD

Denver Mint Works Night and Day to Meet the Demand for Small Coins.

Denver.—The Denver government mint is working day and night to meet the demand for pennies and other small coins caused by the "odd" change necessary in the payment of the new war taxes. Exactly 19,004,000 pieces were coined during November. This was a record-breaker for the Denver mint. The superintendent said today the record for December is the greatest in the history of the mint. Excepting December, 65,303,800 coins were minted in 1917, the largest in denomination being 50-cent pieces.

Big Optical Sale

Will Continue a Few Days Longer.



Unable to accommodate all who wished to take advantage of the prices during the stock reducing sale, I have decided to continue the sale a few days longer, and will have an expert assistant with me a few days to help relieve the congestion of work that has accumulated, and to be in position to wait on all who call.

No Intention of Going Out of Business

The opinion seems to prevail with those who call that I am going out of business on account of being drafted for military service, and I wish to advise that I am making arrangements to employ an expert to take charge of my business at the time I am called.

Reasons For The Sale of My Stock.

of Optical Goods is that it will be necessary to buy a new line of stable articles and to class them for bookkeeping convenience.

Don't Put It Off Another Day

If your eyes are giving you trouble, now is your opportunity to be fitted with glasses at prices reduced.

W. D. FORTNEY,

OPTOMETRIST,

119 1-2 Broadway,

Hanover, Pa.

Hanover's Oldest Merchant Tailoring Shop

Announce their readiness to show a magnificent line of

Spring Styles In Woolens

(All Old Quality Goods)

This is the first time in our history that we advertise **OLD GOODS** But you will understand that its the old goods that has the best Dye, the best Wool and consequently the best wearing qualities.

Prices \$14.00 Up.

Our Workmanship Is The Best. Come In And Have Your Measure Taken Today.

N. B. Carver & Sons,

10-12 Baltimore St.

Hanover, Pa.

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS

WE HAVE A LOT OF

Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Must be sold regardless of cost so we can vacate the room. Don't wait. Come now. We have also a good line of

Men's, Women's and Children's High and Low Shoes in Black, White and Brown.

Prices ranging from 90c up.

CUT PRICE OUTFITTERS,

9 Chambersburg Street.

Gettysburg, Pa.

Spring Announcement

I wish to inform my patrons and the public in general that my line of woollens for Spring and Summer is now complete. I have on hand large quantities of plain blue and fancy serges, absolutely fast color, which I am making up from \$17 up.

Although woollens and trimmings have increased double in price my prices are very reasonable.

It will pay you to look over my line before purchasing elsewhere.

Perfect fit and satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.

SPECIAL NOTICE—During the period of war there will be no free pressing or cleaning.

F. J. Kolarik,
Tailor,

2nd Floor Shirk Building, Broadway, Hanover.

To Our Teachers

And Preachers.

We are having public meetings throughout our County which will do much good in arousing our people to their peril and to a full discharge of their duty in this righteous and just war in which we are now engaged, against the dominance of Man, Might and Power in favoring no rule of righteousness and right.

But in order that this great matter may be brought to the notice of every home, let me earnestly urge upon all school teachers and preachers, all of them, not once but frequently, to call their attention of their scholars and churchmen to the absolute necessity of their strict observance of our Food regulations, not on the part of some of us, or a few of us, but all of us, IF WE WOULD WIN THIS WAR.

Explain what our Food regulations are. Explain that they were passed for our good and protection, that they were passed that we may send to our Son's and Allies all the wheat and meat that they may need to keep them strong and vigorous and in good fighting trim, until they finally end the war with a desired and Heaven approved Peace.

Let me urge this upon you as a Patriot and as a Religious duty.

E. H. Markley.
Federal Food Administrator For Adams County.

Trapped in a blazing barn on the farm of Levi Cooper, near Slate Hill York county; where he had gone to sleep for the night, Henry Troutman, 58 years old, was burned to death on Wednesday, shortly after midnight. The blaze which was of unknown origin, completely destroyed the barn and consumed ten head of livestock and 14 tons of hay. Owing to the hay remaining at red heat, underneath the debris, Troutman's body was not recovered until more than 12 hours had elapsed. It was an unrecognizable mass. It was in a different part of the structure than in that where he had gone to sleep, indicating that he had been aroused by the flames and in seeking safety in the dark had gone in the wrong direction, further into the back of the barn where there was no outlet. The Troutman saw mill had been located on the Snodgrass farm, nearby, since last May. Troutman living in a shack on wheels which he owned. On Tuesday he and Mr. Cooper home, owing to his intoxicated condition, and taking a blanket went to what is known as the ox stable.

Harry P. Grabb, 54 years old, and Oscar Wittenberger, 60 years old, were instantly killed at a grade crossing on the Reading Railway near Columbia, when the wagon in which they were driving was struck by a shifter. The grade crossing is unprotected.

The Farmers' Exchange

(WEAVER'S WAREHOUSE)

HANOVER ST., BELL PHONE.

—DEALERS IN—

Grain, Hay,
Flour, Feed.

Lumber, - Coal, - Fertilizers

Farmers' Supplies.

Automobile Tires
and Accessories.

GRAIN MARKETS.

No. 1 New Dry Wheat.....\$2 09

No. 1 Sprouted Wheat.....1 50

New Rye.....1 50

New Dry Oats.....65

Shelled Corn.....1 50

Will not receive wet or damp grain.

Best place to buy --- Best place to sell.

The Right Service Guaranteed.

THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE,

NEW OXFORD, PA.

The first fresh strawberries of the season arrived in Hanover last week and sold at 50 cents per box.

Prowell's Millinery

Announce Their Readiness

To Please You

IN YOUR

NEW

SPRING

MLLINERY

51 Frederick Street,
Hanover, Pa.

Spring Opening!

Mrs. Maud Deal,

has on display a full
line of

Attractive and Up-To-Date

Millinery.



SPECIAL OPENING DAYS

Friday and Saturday, March 8th and 9th.

EVERYBODY INVITED.

Miller Building, Next to Slentz's Grocery, Carlisle St., New Oxford.

HAPPY SPRING THOUGHTS

are beautifully expressed in these new

SPRING HATS

If you buy it from me it must be right.

—\$2.50 and \$3.00—

W. E. SHAFFER,

Clothier—Hatter—Furnisher

Carlisle Street, Hanover, Pa.

To Our Patrons & Friends:

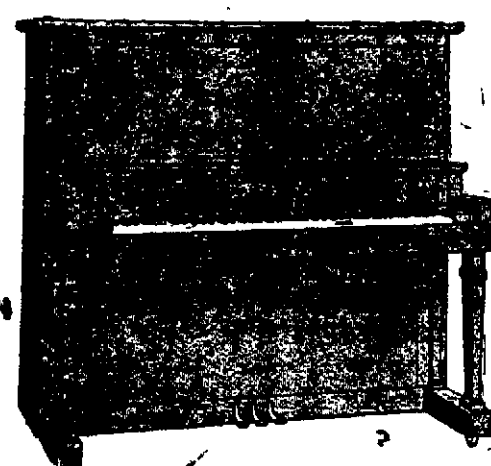
On and after March 1, 1918, we will pay 4 per cent. on Certificates of Deposit remaining six months or more.

Farmers Bank of McSherrystown,

C. D. Smith, Pres.

H. S. Reigle, Cashier.

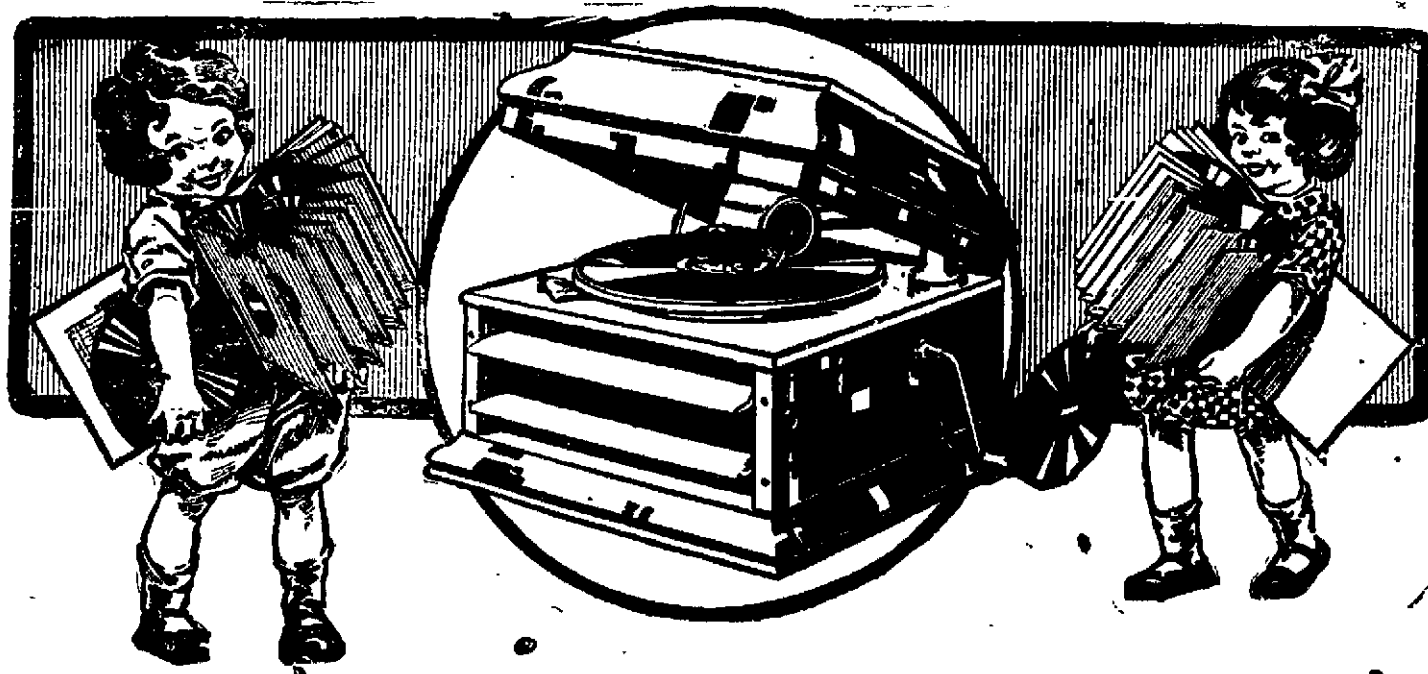
Make Music The Keystone of Your Home.



The Francis Bacon Pianos & Players

Provide the best kind of music for any home because the materials entering into their construction are positively the best that discriminating and a reputation of 129 years can procure. The Tone, the Action and the Finish represent the highest skill and greatest care, that insure wonderful durability.

LET US SET ONE IN YOUR HOME ON TRIAL



Columbia Grafonolas \$18.00 to \$365.00

Columbia Records of all the latest. Will be pleased to play them for you in our music department, or set a Grafonola in your home. Our terms are easy.

Carlisle St., J. E. & W. H. NACE, Hanover.

SPRING SALES

MARCH.

- 12—I. V. Noel, near Square Corner.
- 14—J. L. Chronister, 1 mile north west of York Springs.
- 16—Shultz and Maring, near Cedar Ridge, Mt. Pleasant twp.
- 18—Frank T. Miller, Mt. Pleasant twp.
- 19—Harry Tieman, at New Oxford cemetery.
- 19—Bert R. Feeser, on Brodbeck farm, 1 mile south of Hampton.
- 20—Ollie Shultz, Huntington township, along Carlisle pike.
- 21—Elmer J. Altland, near Storm's Store.
- 21—J. H. Peterman, Hamilton township, real estate and personal property.
- 23—Mrs. Margaret Nary, Irishtown, Oxford township.
- 22—W. J. Beamer, Mt. Pleasant near near Goldens Station.
- 23—F. J. Wolfe, near Brush Run Station, along Lincoln Highway.
- 23—Howard H. Treiber, 1/2 mile east of New Chester.
- 25—John Glass, near New Oxford.
- 26—Mary G. and C. E. McElwee, Executors, of Edw. McElwee, Tyrone twp.
- 28—H. H. Diehl, New Oxford.
- 28—C. C. Brown, East Berlin.
- 30—E. C. Bond, New Oxford, new and second hand buggies, etc.

Destined to a melancholy fame, John H. Waite, Jr., and John M. Waite, twins nine weeks old, have arrived at the home of the grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Kennedy, in Harrisburg, after safely completing a journey of 10,000 miles. They are the children of the late Mrs. Marian Kennedy Waite, wife of Dr. John Kennedy Waite, a former York High school girl whose talents as a musician made her well known during the residence of the Kennedys in that city several years ago. Mrs. Kennedy was with her husband in Australia where she died at the birth of her babies. Dr. Waite, who was in Australia in the interest of the Rockefeller Foundation, sailed at once with the body of his wife to America. The children, too young to make the journey immediately, were left in care of the Omaha hospital.

William Hunt, the 14 year-old son of Charles Hunt, of New Freedom, left his home, which he made with Mr. and Mrs. George Walker, where he was hired to assist with the work on the farm, on Feb. 18, and nothing has been heard of him since. The boy had walked away several times before, but always returned home in a few days.

The public school of East Berlin will hold an entertainment in the P. O. S. of A. hall in the near future. Proceeds of the event will be given to the school.

Fickle Fortune

By Alvah Jordan Garth

(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

The proprietor of the Red Coyote sat loitering behind the bar of the combination saloon and eating room. Business was dull and he was grumpy. There was only one other inmate of the far border tavern—Abel Mason.

Outside his sleigh stand, half buried in a snow bank. The dog attached had sunk down in his harness in a restless attitude.

A big hulking fellow staggered into view outside, lurched unsteadily, and half stumbled over the sleigh. He made an unsteady kick at the dog. Mason half arose, his eyes flashing fire. Then he subdued the impulse to resent the brutality shown towards his best friend, Rainbow, long canine sharer of his fortunes and misfortunes.

Rainbow was able to take care of himself, it seemed. He bristled at all fours. He made a dive at his would-be assailant. His long, keen teeth met in a thicket of cloth across the knee of the drunken stroller. The latter tore loose, accepted the warning at its worth, and reeled into the bar room.

"Drink," he growled, "and lots of it!" and threw a coin upon the counter. Once, the fellow he filled the glass with the red fiery liquor. He was sipping up the remaining contents of the bottle with a drunken leer, when there was another arrival in the grimy bar room.

A full-blooded Indian woman, haggard, ragged, but not altogether unlovely, crossed the threshold. She was young, almost girlish. On one arm she bore a child, not more than a year old, wailing with the cold. Its blue



Reeling Against the Bar.

tinged cheeks were sunken, his frame attenuated. The woman hurried toward the man at the bar. She placed a trembling, urgent hand upon the man's arm.

"See," she said in broken, disjointed English—"there is no milk. The papoose will starve and die."

"You won't let up on my trail hey?" roared the man and he brought his broad hand with a wicked sweep. The squaw went reeling back against the table. A second time Abel sprang to his feet. With lurid eyes the drinker was following up his attack. Between the shrinking trembling woman with her child and her evil genius her defender sprang swiftly.

"I'll not stand this," he said forcefully.

"Suppose you have to," snarled the other, and raised his clenched fist to strike the woman again.

"You brute—not while I have a mother and a wife. Take that!"

The blow fell with mallet force. The bloated mass of humanity went reeling against the counter, grunted, came down to the floor with a crash and lay there.

"He's got it, and I'm glad," observed the tavern keeper. "He's no good. I've no liking for the red ones, but his squaw is his wife, and he's been dodging her for a week."

The woman crouched closer to her defender. Her face was distorted with misery and emotion. Mason looked pityingly at the wailing child. Then he took its mother by the arm and led her through the open doorway into the eating room. A slouchy waiter was lying asleep on two chairs. Mason roused him with a rough shake and the words:

"Here, hustle up and feed this woman. What is it for the child?"

"Milk," voiced the squaw in a gasping expectancy, as though that word comprised all that was precious to her at that moment.

Mason sat with a grim face, purposefully masked, to hide the ineffable pity he felt for the outcast pair.

"Give both of them all they want," Mason ordered the waiter, "and don't let them go till I come back. Who is the woman?" he inquired a moment later in the bar room of the tavern keeper.

"She's Watina," imparted the other. "Her dad is an old chief fifty miles up the Frazier river. That skunk ly-

ing yonder lured her from the home nest, married her, made her his slave, and then his football. She ought to be home. Some morning she'll be found with the kid in some snowdrift, both frozen to death."

Mason drew back and pondered. He had troubles of his own. A year previous he had left home, mother, wife and a tiny babe to try his luck in the new Frazier gold district. There had been some lucky ones. He was not of the group. He was homeward bound, poorer than when he had come to this land of false promise. He had his dog and sleigh, but besides that barely enough time and money to carry him to Elmont and thence by rail 500 miles.

So closely had he gauged his program that any extra cost or loss of time might mean disaster. Yet, true man that he was, a realization of the forlorn condition of the poor Indian girl and her papoose stirred all that was gentle and manly in his nature. He went back into the eating room and sat down at the table opposite Watina. The baby, fabled to reptilian, was cooing out its appreciation of food and warmth. The mother, her strength replenished, gazed at Mason with grateful eyes.

"Do you know the trail home?" questioned he.

"Oh, so well!" cried the woman. "But can I battle the terrors of the north, the giant blizzard, the fierce tempest, the snowslides, alone, on foot, with my little one?"

"If you will direct me, I will take you and the child on the sledge," said Mason.

"Oh, if that man comes to me again I shall die! And to see my poor old father and mother!" cried Watina. It was considerable of a task for the faithful Rainbow to begin a long run after a brief rest, for only two hours previous the sledge dog and driver had terminated a 25-mile run. The sturdy animal breastst the fierce wind willingly, however. He adorned some milk for the babe to his stores. The little one was warmly bestowed, wrapped up in a blanket and skins brought the mother on the sledge, while Mason walked to lighten the load.

There was no visible trail, and the past familiarity of Watina with the district alone kept them from straying over dangerous mountain passes and losing direction and destination. Where the course was uneven and difficult Watina relieved Rainbow of her added burden.

It was just 36 hours after the fatigues journey had begun that Watina uttered a joyous cry, and momentarily Mason halted to view a large bark structure surrounded by a group of small huts.

Watina began to weep and trembled as they descended towards the settlement, as though fearing to be repulsed by those she longed to see. A passing Indian noticed her, started, uttered a ringing whoop, and dashed for the big bark lodge. He reappeared, followed by a big brave, whose apparel showed him to be a man of importance in the community.

He was the old chief, the father of Watina. Behind him trailed his wife, with arms outstretched, crying out eagerly to the mourned for, long lost daughter, whom the father enfolded in a welcome clasp, while his wife took possession of the little babe.

They overwhelmed Mason with expressions of grateful friendship, with Watina had told them of the part he had taken in saving her babe and herself. There was a great feast given in honor of the restoration of the wayward child of the tribe.

The next morning Mason arranged to renew his journey to the south. He had lost two days and must make up for lost time. There was the fear of some great stress of weather, closing the trails. His one thought now, was of his wife and the little one, and of the aged mother back in the humble village home, he resolved never to leave again for the allurements of fickle fortune.

"And I am coming back empty-handed," he meditated, rather mournfully. "What great hopes the dear ones at home built upon my prospects. Oh, well, just to be all together again in the home nest—that will compensate for all disappointments and suffering."

"You will come," spoke an Indian lad, as Mason was hitching up Rainbow, and he indicated that Mason was wanted at the big house.

It was there that Mason confronted a vast surprise, and a pleasurable one. What resembled a teeter, comprising a long board set across a post imbedded in the ground, and swiveled at the center, had a large wicker basket at each end. In one, smiling her gratitude and friendly regard for Mason, was Watina. Half a dozen men were bringing in armful after armful of skins. Gold the old chief had not, but his habitation, it seemed, was a storehouse filled with the results of hunting and trapping during the past season.

Some of the skins were almost priceless. Little as Mason knew of their marketable value, he readily surmised that. Until the teeter evenly balanced, the skins were piled against the weight of Watina—over a hundred pounds.

And then the chief added half a dozen seal skins, secured in some trade with Indians farther north. The old man indicated that the rich endowment was a token of the kindly gratefulness of those whom Mason had made happy.

When Abel Mason waved adieu to the little Indian settlement, the royal gift secured to the sledge behind him, he headed southwards, made hopeful by the knowledge that he would not reach the loved ones at home empty-handed.

WINTRY SMILES

Mendacious Figures.



"Figures won't lie!" exclaimed the positive statistician.

"I assume from that remark that you are one of those accurate and superior persons who have not written '1917' instead of '1918'."

Getting to Essentials.

"I think we have at last located the blame for the coal situation," began the explanatory statesman.

"I don't care anything about the blame just now," interrupted the ordinary citizen. "Have you located any coal?"

A Motorist's Impression.

"Do we want to encourage a system which will compel us to wear chains forever?" inquired the agitated citizen.

"But what are you going to do in this kind of a climate?" inquired Mr. Chuggins. "We can't go on skidding."

Unnatural Condition.

"I see in some big manufacturing place army orders for gloves are delayed."

"That's queer. Under any condition gloves should always be on hand."

Sometimes It Can't Be Done.

"Early to bed and early to rise is a good old motto."

"Well," replied Grannie Rivem, gloomily. "This daylight saving's all right, of course. But out our way somebody's sure got to stay up all night to tend the furnace."

Favorites.

"Do you have meatless days at your house?"

"Yes. Of course we have to make exceptions. Every-body goes without meat except Flido and the cook."

No Deprivation.

"Are you having any 'lightless nights' in Reidsburg?"

"Sure," replied the old resident. "Besides we don't need any lights in this town. We've only got one picture theater and every man, woman and child in the community could find the way to it blindfolded."

Maybe So.

"I wonder why hot soda won't go like cold soda."

"Not spectacular enough," suggested the druggist's friend. "It might go better if you could squirt steam into it from a fine nozzle."

Declares Cattlemen Facing Large Deficits—Government Alone Can Save Bankruptcy

Cattle feeding is a manufacturing business. The farm with its buildings and equipment is the plant. The steers' digestive apparatus is the machinery. Corn silage, cotton seed meal, straw, hay and fodder, the raw material to be converted into beef. So many pounds of corn, silage, cotton seed meal and forage passed through the machinery of a steer's digestion turns out 100 pounds of beef, the finished product, writes Wymond J. Beckett, in the Indianapolis Star.

The amount of feed, when properly combined, required for 100 pounds of gain, remains practically constant. The cost of feed known, the cost of 100 pounds of gain can be easily determined. This has been worked out at agricultural experiment stations, and on the farms of the country by actual demonstrations. The cost of beef is not absolute, but relative, depending wholly on the cost of feeds. The cost of 100 pounds of beef normally, bears a direct relation always to the cost of the feeds which enter into its production. Every business man understands that the cost of the raw material and the expense of operation determines the cost of production. These same items determine the cost of agricultural production. Then it should be comparatively easy to determine the cost of 100 pounds of beef and what it should sell for on the market to yield the farmer a reasonable profit for his labor and investment. Is the cattle feeder today getting even the cost price for his finished product? If not, why not?

Enemy of the Dog Figures

High Cost of Keeping Pet

A dog hater in New Hampshire, stimulated by the campaign for food conservation, sharpened his pencil and this is what he figured:

One person in 20 keeps a dog; that's 5,000,000 dogs. It costs ten cents a day to feed a dog, or \$36.50 a year for one, and \$182,000,000 per annum for all of them. With flour at \$15 a barrel, this sum would buy 12,166,000 barrels of flour. If loaded 12 barrels to each motortruck, 1,000,000 trucks would be required to load the flour, at one time, and they would make a procession 2,272 miles in length.

The figures seem to be all right and unquestionably impressive, but who can estimate the heart-pangs and personal loss of 5,000,000 small boys if deprived of their dearest treasure?—Popular Mechanics Magazine

The Pumps of Lassigny

Red Cross Nobly Comes to the Assistance of Remaining Residents of Wrecked French Village

Lassigny was pounded to pieces in the two years that the Boche trenches lay just before it. It was a deserted village when the Germans retired last spring.

But there were cellars among the jagged bits of wall left standing, and here and there a corner of roof that the big guns had missed. A few families, which had crowded into the towns behind the line waiting their chance, moved forward into what they called their "homes," sleeping anywhere—often on damp straw.

The government sent in a trainload of wooden barracks, and the army commander sent in a group of boches to set them up. More refugees moved in. The Boches laboriously dug out the wells that other Boches had laboriously filled full of dirt and manure. Lassigny is a long village, struggling along the road from— to—; and it had many wells in the days before the war. When the Germans left, they filled the wells so carefully that six months later the grass and weeds concealed every trace of what had once been village-wells. Only the end of a ladder sticking out of the tall grass betrayed one well.

The stone walls of the wells were solid, and far down below the water was good—French chemists analyzed it after the Boche prisoners had, shovel-full by shovel-full, cleaned out the well-holes. But the wells are deep, and to haul up buckets of water by hand is a long hard task. There are no strong men in Lassigny these days; only the little children, and the old men and women—and the two brave nurses of the Union des Femmes de France.

So the word went back along the line, "Pumps for Lassigny!" There are no pumps to be had in the ruined region about Lassigny, fertile and busy as it once was; so the Red Cross delegate sent to Paris; and the Red Cross purchasing department there sent out a buyer to find pumps for Lassigny.

The town has its pumps now; and even the tiny bare-kneed tots can start the water flowing. And when the Red Cross man comes to town, the town-folk greet him with a smile. When he was last there, there was a knock at the door of the barracks where he was chatting with a French nurse and in came an old peasant woman, bearing her token of gratitude and friendship—a plateful of steaming hot baked apples, and a brown jugful of fresh water pumped from one of Lassigny's wells.

Save Natural Ice For Use in Summer—Saves Ammonia as Well as Conserving Coal

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

All who can possibly do so are urged by the United States department of agriculture to harvest a supply of natural ice this winter and store it for summer use. This is of vital importance at this time, for every ton gathered will help in the war-time conservation of ammonia which is necessary in the manufacture of ice.

Ammonia salts are regarded as an essential in the manufacture of certain fertilizers and the cost of fertilizers is dependent to some extent on the market value of ammonia. Of extreme significance at this time, however, is the fact that the most important chemicals used in making ammonium nitrate and other explosives are readily made from ammonia and every quart of this substance that can be saved means more power to America's armies.

Thus the farmer is interested in the conservation of ammonia not only from a national standpoint, but because of his personal interests. Ammonia saved through harvesting of natural ice means more ammonia for fertilizers and more ammonia for ammunition. The man who harvests ice now and stores it in pits or ice houses, next summer may have the satisfaction of helping out his neighbor who depends on an ice plant.

In addition to the saving of ammonia, conservation of coal is to be effected through the harvesting of natural ice. American ice factories and refrigerating plants, according to figures of the United States fuel administration, use annually 15,000,000 tons of coal.

Wise and Otherwise.

Never judge a man's good or bad qualities by what his neighbors say about him.

Once in a while there is a man so good natured that he is nice to what goes his relatives.

What goes up must come down—as many an airplane chauffeur is discovering.

A shrewd man may be both a wise and honest, but the chances are that he is neither.

If common sense will not teach a young man etiquette a book on the subject is of little use.

The Champion Wood Chopper.

A record in wood chopping is claimed by L. J. Haugen, fifty, who lives near Clinton, Ia. Up to the opening of the present lumbering season he chopped 6,207 cords. He is a Norwegian. During the summer he works for farmers about the county, but as soon as the first touches of winter are apparent, he shoulders his ax and starts for the timber lands. He figures his chopping career from the time he was twenty, since which he has averaged two cords a day during the chopping season.

Something to Think About.

The flood waters which go to waste annually in the great central valley of the United States and often cause great destruction of property, if harnessed and employed in the development of electric power, would render the use of mineral coal unnecessary within the borders of the country. This statement has been made repeatedly by competent engineers.

Well Fixed.

"How are you fixed for coal at your house?"

"Fine. We've got a couple of shovel-fuls in the bin and the promise of more in a week or two."

Winter Colds

By Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, Commissioner of Health of Pennsylvania

During the frigid weather, you want to keep well clothed. To do this, your meals with regularity, and you should take a moderate amount of exercise, not too near bedtime. No better form of exercise can be found than that of walking with a good brisk step and swinging of the arms. You should keep up a good circulation of blood.

No excesses should be indulged in, particularly the taking of alcoholic beverages. You should live in pure air night and day, but the very young and the very old should not be exposed to extremely low temperatures.

Careful observance of these suggestions will do much to prevent, and at least to some extent, help pull you through congestive or even ineffective colds, which are prevalent when the weather is so very changeable as it is in winter in our North Atlantic climate.

It is claimed that there are more than 100 ways to cook potatoes, from the primitive (and still probably the best) methods of boiling or baking with the skins on, to the most complex and seasoned dishes. Here are some of the ways known to the United States department of agriculture. Have you tried them all, or do you know about as many more?—Boiled, chips, lyonnaise, mashed, pan browned, salad, in chowders, baked, shoestrings, hashed brown, mashed fried, stuffed, in fish cakes, in light bread, plain fried, french fried, gauffre, soufflé, rice, in hash, biscuits, saute, creamed, croquettes, au gratin soups, in stews, in meat pie crust.

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Try a New Way to Cook Potatoes—Just a Few of the Styles in This List

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Cash and Carry.

Quite providentially it happens that the doctrine of carrying home one's groceries promises to attain full growth at a time when capacious and decorative bags are not only fashionable, but almost necessary for housewives. It is evident, says the Spokane Spokesman Review, that there is intention of seeing that the buyer is paid in cash for carrying his own food home. Already dealers are loping cent sand even nickels off the cost of things not delivered. A cent, for instance, goes thus with every loaf of bread. Cents and nickels grow rapidly to quarters and quarters will buy war stamps that pay 4 per cent. It behooves us to look closely to such details.

Mexico Stops Dyes.

Dyeing material has been coming in considerable volume from Mexico during the past two years. However, the Mexican treasury department has announced a prohibition of the export of aniline and coal tar dyes and natural artificial vegetable dyes. The difficulty caused by the new regulation, will be experienced chiefly by United States cloth manufacturers.

Lungs Are Weakened By Hard Colds

CASCARA QUININE

The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opiates—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Crip in 3 days. Money back if fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hull's picture on it. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

England enthuses over our first overs. But wait till she sees all our boys in the line.

As we grow more sensible, we refuse drug cathartics and take instead Nature's herb cure, Garfield Tea. Adv.

Naturally.

"Does the new question department you started work all right?"

"No; I find it won't answer."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Fitch* In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Found an Oyster.

Bill—Did you go to the oyster supper at the church?

Bill—I sure did.

Where were many there?"

"I found one."

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 3/4 oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

A Bright Outlook.

Lady—I'm sorry, doctor, that I had to send and ask you to come such a long way.

Doctor—Don't mention it. I happen to have another patient in the neighborhood, so I can kill two birds with one stone.

The Evangelist's Joke.

At last Sunday morning's revival service in Atchison Evangelist B. Jones asked all his hearers who would the revival was being held to raise their right hands. Hundreds of hands waved in the air. "Now," said the speaker, "take your right hand and put it in your pocket for a dollar." The audience laughed and then "came across."—Kansas City Star.

An Uncertain Birthday.

He is a trifle absent-minded, but a most dutiful brother and he congratulated himself that he had never missed sending his sister greetings for his birthday. Feeling that her birthday was imminent, but not certain whether it was the sixteenth or seventeenth, he dispatched his usual card a few days ago. To make certain of avoiding mistakes, however, he omitted the date.

A few days later he received a note from his sister, saying that she realized she was old enough to be called of uncertain age, and so she presumed the date of her birth was growing correspondingly uncertain, but that birthday cards from him in one month was a little too much, even for her, and would he please change from birthday to Christmas or Easter greetings, as the little town in which she lived was very gossipy, and so many birthday days might occasion talk. —Indianapolis News.

10 HOURS

A Baked Cereal Food

Different from the usual run of toasted or steam-cooked cereals,

Grape-Nuts

is baked in giant ovens—baked for nearly twenty hours under accurate conditions of heat, so that the whole wheat and malted barley flours may develop their full, rich-sweetness.

You don't need sugar on Grape-Nuts.

"There's a Reason"

Everyone Should Drink Hot Water in the Morning

Wash away all the stomach, liver, and bowel poisons before breakfast.

To feel your best day in and day out, to feel clean inside; no sour bile to coat your tongue and sicken your breath or dull your head; no constipation, bilious attacks, sick headache, colds, rheumatism or gassy, acid stomach, you must bathe in the inside like you bathe outside. This is vastly more important, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, while the bowel pores do.

To keep these poisons and toxins well flushed from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, drink before breakfast each day, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This will cleanse, purify and freshen the entire alimentary tract, before putting more food into the stomach.

Get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from your druggist or at the store. It is inexpensive and almost tasteless, except a sourish tinge which is not unpleasant. Drink phosphated hot water every morning to rid your system of these vile poisons and toxins; also to prevent their formation.

To feel like young folks feel; like you felt before your blood, nerves and muscles became saturated with an accumulation of body poisons, begin this treatment and above all, keep it up! As soap and hot water act on the skin, cleansing, sweetening and purifying, so limestone phosphate and hot water before breakfast, act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.—Adv.

A mail and express auto, traversing the wilds of Colorado has a bandit-proof cage in the rear for valuable.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the *Signature of J. C. Fitcher*. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fitcher's Castoria

On a War Footing.
"Meyer," said the professor in the Landsturm to his next neighbor in the line, after a successful charge against the English trenches, "as a student I have rather often had to give you a pretty low mark. But as a comrade I have to grade you I-A."

BABY'S ITCHING SKIN
Quickly Soothed and Healed by Cuticura. Trial Free.

Bathe with hot water and Cuticura Soap. If there is any irritation anoint gently with Cuticura Ointment on end of finger. Refreshing slumber for restless, fretful babies usually follows the use of these super-creamy emollients. They are a boon to tired mothers.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Send everywhere.—Adv.

Taking a Short Cut.
"I'm perfectly willing to help you," said the practical philanthropist, "but you ought to try to help yourself when the occasion presents itself."
"The last time I did that it got me into a whole lot of trouble," answered the shabby visitor. "In fact, I spent some years in durance vile."
"What do you mean?"
"I helped myself to the contents of another man's cash register."

**DRINK LOTS OF WATER
TO FLUSH THE KIDNEYS**

Eat Less Meat and Take Salts for Backache or Bladder Trouble—Neutralize Acids.

Uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked; get sluggish, ache, and feel like lumps of lead. The urine becomes cloudy; the bladder is irritated, and you may be obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night. When the kidneys clog you must help them flush off the body's urinous waste or you'll be a real sick person shortly. At first you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, you suffer from backache, sick headache, dizziness, stomach gets sour, tongue coated and you feel rheumatic twinges when the weather is bad.

Eat less meat, drink lots of water; also let from any pharmacist four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity, also to neutralize the acids in urino, so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active. Druggists here say they sell lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.—Adv.

The stage is all right; it is the public that needs elevating

Laura Jean Libbey's TALKS ON HEART TOPICS

COMPILATION BY THE NEW OXFORD JOURNAL

MANY WHO COULD LOVE.

"There's best that happiness unknown
Should ever thus remain,
Than to grasp it but to find it flown,
To never return again."
"There's best that joys that love can bring,
Should ever remain unborn;
Than pluck the rose to feel the sting
Of a cruel, hidden thorn."

Many a man and woman puts a cruel stigma upon mythical fate—



which it does not deserve. In reality it is the downright carelessness of the one, or the other, which defeated Cupid's plan of joining two hearts in love's sacred marriage bond. Many a man tells as the reason why he has never wedded, that in his earlier life he met and fell in love with a beautiful girl, wrote her a letter asking her to be his wife which she took no notice of, and from that hour their lives drifted apart. His admiration, nay his love for the girl, cannot be questioned, nor the fact that he proposed marriage to her by letter; but, through masculine carelessness, in nine cases out of ten, a man is so nagged by the jots down the wrong address, probably sending it to some one of the dozen fair maidens who, in the past, had been on his correspondence list, and, to make matters worse, had quite omitted the formality of beginning the epistle with his own address or ending with his name. The dead letter office has little compassion for blundering lovers or their romances. The girl in the case wonders why the young man who seemed so smitten with her drops off from calling without even a word to inform her of the reason. She is aware, too, that he turns abruptly aside rather than meet her.

Womanly pride comes to her rescue. She cared for him more than she had realized, but he will never know that by her manner. It is not often that they ever find out what parted them. The years rush in between. Other lovers crowd about her to press their suits; the man meets other fair women. Each consoles him or herself that it was not to be, looking no further for the cause.

The fluttering of a lover's heart should not impair the judgment of a lover's cool head; he should see that his all-important missive is properly addressed; also, that it bears his name in full, with address at the end of it, that he may know whether it reached the hands of his ladylove or wandered far afield. The persistent lover who is terribly in earnest should not take his dismissal through silence, but should insist on a reply from the young woman's own lips, or by letter from her hand. Girls are equally as careless, charging the cause of their single blessedness up to fate, when in reality the reason rested with themselves. Many a girl forgets to address her letter of acceptance, too preoccupied with her happy thoughts to note that she has mailed a perfectly plain, unaddressed envelope, from which even the customary stamp was lacking. The clerks in the dead letter office have no means of locating "Home, June 30," or knowing who "Flo" might be, and it becomes a part of the great heaped marked "unable to be identified," to be destroyed. And many hearts, loving and true, go lone and starved the whole way through.

Letters are not the only causes of turning aside the course of true love. The reason why so many congenial couples who could love each other devotedly, but are parted by one circumstance or another, should often be looked into closer in many a case since it involves the future happiness of two lives. When a young woman receives an offer of marriage by mail, it certainly merits the courtesy of a reply. The man who fails to receive a response should not rest content in taking silence for his answer. It is due him to be told either "yes" or "no."

ALL FOR A MAN'S LOVE.

Those hearts of ours—how strong! how strong!
Let a thousand sorrows around them throng;
They can bear them all and a thousand more,
And they're stronger than they were before!

The plaints of nine-tenths of girls the world over is, "How can I win a lover?" The cry of half the married women is, "How can I keep my husband attracted?" While the other half wail, "I'm unhappy mated; how can I get rid of him?" Dan Cupid settles the young girls' problem for her when she meets the right man. The masseur, the marcel expert, the milliner and dressmaker use their combined efforts to remove the wife's worry and cause hubby to wonder how his wife is growing so youthful, despite that irritating bugaboo about fat, or end forty. But for the woman

who has wearied of the love-love marriage, Cupid has no suggestions to offer. The little god sympathizes with the golden hopes and ardent dreams of the maiden; does his best for the good wife who holds love dearer than all her other worldly possessions—for the woman fretting over love's bondage who wisely refrains from holding out his helping hand.

No one knows better than Dan Cupid that she would no sooner be out of the frying pan regarding one matrimonial alliance than she would be into the fire in another heart tangle. It is natural for the girl to dream of mating. It is wisdom for the aging wife to do her best to run other women who challenge hubby's admiration a lively race to save him from the machinations of designing, more youthful, fairer women. But the would-be fair divorcee, he considers able to paddle her own canoe. So Dan Cupid hands her over the oars to her, taking her name off his slate.

The god of affections has true sympathy for the wife who has passed the age limit for receiving spontaneous kisses and caresses from hubby, unless he is nagged into giving them. Often, on general principles, he gives such husbands a salutary lesson that they do not soon forget. The older she grows the more a woman craves love and sympathy. As the sunshine attracts the dew, men with chivalrous manners and a smooth glib tongue attract these women hungering for appreciation and sympathy and hubby suddenly awakens to the knowledge that he had been within a hair's breadth of having the woman whom he had got over trying to please, turn to another for the comfort of friendship, earnest or platonic, to keep her heart from breaking over disappointed love.

Although husbands rarely suspect it, home has as little attraction for his wife as it has for him, when coldness and indifference are constant guests at their hearthstone. There are women who submit calmly to this condition of affairs. Others relieve the pain in their hearts by nagging, while some cogitate over whether or not what is food for the gander is not also food for the goose—cast patience and hope to the winds and live in reckless warfare. The majority of woman's woes has for a root the hope of winning, then retaining a man's love.

SILK-STOCKING GIRLS.

True love, we know, is blind; defects that blight
The loved one's charms, escape the lover's sight,
Nay, pass for beauties.

Everyone loves the trim, dainty girl, the lass with the rose-bespinkled or gaudy dress and floating ribbons, the eggshell hat, white gloves, magpie shoes and silk stockings.

She's a delightfully quaint picture to contemplate, but the poor young man, if he is wise, will not go a step beyond admiration of her, if a suspicion lurks in his mind that every dollar the girl can rake and scrape goes on her back. Young men should be educated up to the knowledge of what such dress goods cost, whether perishable or durable; what a girl's hat is worth, and if she is her own milliner or not. The magpie pumps he might forgive, for the new slipper fad is so dear to almost every girl's heart, but if he catches a glimpse of silk stockings on a girl who has not wealth to back up such extravagance, he should ponder well ere he asks her to share his fortune for life, for better or for worse. She would insist on having the greater share of what he could earn and would make his cash fly like the down of a thistle.

Every girl who is obliged to count her pennies should always buy clothes which can be easily freshened up by laundrying. Silk stockings mean one wearing and over after tears of disappointment over their frailty, and hours of mending after each wearing, as long as they hold together. The silk stocking vanity costs a girl dear. She has to count just how many dances they will stand the strain of; how far she dare walk in them and speculate long and earnestly whether or not her dainty short frock is destined to display a graceful, well-turned ankle sheathed in alluring silken sheen, or develop holes that would make her the laughing stock of all whom she met.

Sensible maidens admire silk stockings, but invest in lisle and look quite as trim and dainty as their vainest sisters. They are extravagances which only the right girl should persist in indulging in. She does not have to spend long hours of valuable time over the mending basket. Clothes do not make the girl. The sooner young women realize this, the nearer they will get to the goal of matrimony. The moment a girl commences to put on too many ruffles and furbelows young men begin to imagine she is getting old and is endeavoring to coax the charms of youth to linger by her. The simpler a woman's dress, the more pleasing it is to the average masculine eye.

Here is a striking instance of the truth of this assertion: At a recent country dance at which the belles of the village, in their best bibs and tuckers, had gathered, there appeared a young girl who clerked in a bakery. The daughters of the rich were gowned in silk from head to foot. The baker's clerk wore a dotted swiss which cost ten cents per yard and was made by her own hands. She looked so different from the other girls, so natural, simple and sweet, she attracted the attention of the most desirable marriageable young man present. He secured an introduction and soon after she was wearing his betrothal ring. Costly, inappropriate clothes do not win hearts.

NO CONSCRIPTION IN CANADA

No War Tax on Land—Embargo on Shipment of Live Stock Removed.

During the prevalence of the foot-and-mouth disease in some portions of the United States, an embargo was placed upon inter-state shipments. This also had an effect upon shipments to Canada, and necessarily an embargo was placed upon them, making it almost impossible for upwards of a year to ship cattle into Canada, from the United States. This was especially hard on the settler. As a result, Western Canada lost a number of settlers, they being unable to take their live stock with them. Canada is practically free from horse and cattle diseases, and the wish of the authorities is to keep it so.

Recently, though, an order has been issued by the Department of Agriculture, removing the embargo, and settlers are now free to take in the number of head of horses or cattle that are permitted by the Customs authorities and the freight regulations. This will be welcome news to those whose intention it is to move to Canada, taking with them stock that they have had in their possession for six months, and, which it is the intention to use on land that they will farm in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

There are thousands of splendid homesteads of 160 acres each in any of these provinces, that may be had upon the payment of a ten-dollar entry fee and fulfilling the requisite living and cultivation duties. These lands are well adapted to the growing of all the small grains, and besides, having an abundance of grass, and sufficient shelter, they are well adapted to the raising of stock.

If one prepares to purchase land, there could be no better time than the present. Prices are low, and particulars may be had from any of the land companies, of which there are several, or from the Canadian Pacific and Canadian Northern railways, whose holdings are in the older settled districts, and whose terms are exceedingly easy to the settler. What these lands will do in the matter of production cannot be more strongly emphasized than in reading the reports of the crops throughout all parts of the Canadian West in 1915. Yields of 50, 60, and as high as 70 bushels of wheat to the acre were numerous, while reports of yields of from 30 to 45 bushels per acre were common. Oats as high as 130 bushels per acre are reported, 50 and 60 bushels per acre being ordinary. The prices realized by farmers have placed most of them on "easy street."

Lately there have appeared articles in a number of United States newspapers to the effect that there was conscription in Canada, or that such a law was likely to be put into effect. We have it from the highest authority in the Dominion that there is no truth in the statement. Sir Robert Borden at the opening of Canadian parliament on January 17th, said:

"In the first few months of the war I clearly stated that there would not be conscription in Canada. I repeat that statement today."

This statement should set at rest the conscription talk that has been so freely used to influence those who may be considering settling in Canada during the war.

It has also been said that there was a war tax on land. Hon. Dr. Roche, Minister of the Interior, over his own signature has denied this, and the premiers of the different provinces join in saying "such a report is absolutely untrue, and has no foundation whatever in fact, nor is there likely ever to be any such tax upon land in Canada."

The general prosperity of Western Canada farmers and business institutions is such that Canada is well able to take care of the extra war expenses without any direct war taxation. This has been well illustrated by the magnificent response to the Dominion Government's recent bond issue, which was more than doubly subscribed for within the first eight hours of its being offered to the public.

(The above appears as an advertisement and is paid for by the Dominion Government which authorizes its publication.)

Just Before the Battle.

Her Husband—Do you know, dear, that I found my first gray hair this morning?

His Wife—Oh, give it to me, John, and I'll keep it as a souvenir to remember you by.

Her Husband—What's the matter with me keeping it to remember you by?

His Wife—Wretch! I've a good mind to go home to my mother—

Her Husband—Huh! No such luck.

NEVER HAD A CHILL.

After taking ELIXIR BARKER nearly a year, my child, 10 years old, suffered nearly a year with chills and fever, most of the time under the doctor's care. I was discouraged and a friend advised me to try ELIXIR BARKER. I gave it to her and she has never had a chill since. It completely cured her. Mrs. Cyrus Reims, 302 E. St., N. E., Washington, D. C. ELIXIR BARKER, 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcel Post prepaid from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

A patent has been granted for an egg substitute made chiefly from thoroughly cooked yams.

The older the man, the longer he looks at a paper before signing it.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

A constant struggle, a ceaseless battle to win success from insupportable surroundings is the price of all great achievements.—Success.

EGGLESS DISHES.

When eggs are high a few recipes in which they are absent will be welcomed at this season.



Black Cake.—Take a cupful of brown sugar, four tablespoonfuls of butter, a half cupful of cocoa, dissolved in a little hot water in the cup, and fill up the cup with milk. Add 1½ cupfuls of flour and a teaspoonful of soda, dissolved in a tablespoonful of water. Bake in a sheet. Cut in small squares after icing.

Ginger Cookies.—One cupful each of brown sugar and lard, 1½ cupfuls of molasses, a third of a cupful of vinegar, one teaspoonful of soda, dissolved in the vinegar, a teaspoonful of cinnamon, a teaspoonful of salt and a tablespoonful of ginger. Mix with flour to roll.

Lunch Cake.—Take 1½ cupfuls of sugar, add a half cupful of softened butter, a cupful of milk, three cupfuls of flour, one teaspoonful each of cloves and cinnamon, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one cupful of chopped raisins, well floured. Bake in a loaf.

Apple Sauce.—Take a cupful of brown sugar or corn sirup, one-half cupful of butter or lard, one cupful of unsweetened apple sauce, made from sour cooking apples, one cupful of chopped raisins, two teaspoonfuls of cocoa, one teaspoonful of cinnamon, half a teaspoonful of cloves and the same of nutmeg, two cupfuls of flour, sifted, with one teaspoonful of baking powder. Bake in a shallow pan.

Chocolate Wafers.—Take a cupful each of brown sugar and molasses, a half-cupful of butter, the same amount of lard, a half-cupful of chocolate, grated, a teaspoonful of soda dissolved in a fourth of a cupful of boiling water, a teaspoonful of vanilla and flour enough to make a stiff dough. Form in balls the size of a hickory nut, slightly flatten, and place on a baking sheet an inch apart. Bake in a moderate oven.

We must trust and hope and neither doubt ourselves nor doubt the good in one another.

Perseverance and strength of character will enable us to bear much.—Dickens.

HELPFUL IDEAS.

Spend an hour or two each week in preparing the menus for the week.



You will be pleased with the freedom from the constant strain of wondering, planning and guessing what you are going to get for dinner. It is a most fascinating game and one much more gratifying than that of "solitaire" or a puzzle picture, for you are doing something really worth while, besides entertaining yourself.

If for no other reason than economy a woman should follow this system, for you will be surprised with the saving in your buying, as you can plan for left-overs and combinations that will give variety without extra cost.

For example if you are serving green peas as a vegetable one day, take out two or three tablespoonfuls to be used as a garnish for a salad or a neat dish. By placing these left-overs in a cool place and planning for them the meals are made much more attractive.

A cupful of tomato saved from a can can go over some sliced roast beef, sliced potatoes, a little gravy and a sprinkling of onion; garnish with the peas and bake. This is a dish called Spanish, but will be made pro-American in any family that tries it once.

Spend a day, a month, looking over all clothing. See that hooks and eyes are in place, take out any spots, brush and press skirts, put in fresh ruching in necks or collars and cuffs. A small wardrobe well kept will mark you for a better-dressed woman than a large one carelessly and badly kept.

A list for the guest room should be typewritten and kept where it can be consulted to see that all such things are in readiness for the coming guest. Cards and stationery in the desk and a few stamps will be a source of comfort, for they are so often needed. Sewing materials, pins, shoe horn, safety-pins, button hook, whisk broom, hand glass and, of course, the necessary toilet articles such as towels, soap, wash cloths and bottles of listerine, hand lotion and cold cream, these last will mark you as a thoughtful hostess.

Nellie Maxwell

Silk Stockings.

The only piece of morality which women seem to have worked out for themselves is that on all occasions one should preserve the integrity of one's silk stockings.—Rebecca West, in the New Republic.

Book Made Many Friends.
"Honest old Isaac Walton." "Dear old Isaac Walton." By such terms is the old linen draper and fisherman referred to by the multitude who have been made happier and better by his book.

"CASCARETS" FOR SLUGGISH BOWELS

No sick headache, sour stomach, biliousness or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box now.

Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and foul gases—turn them out to-night and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour, fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret to-night straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken. Adv.

The Other Groundhog.
Knicker—What were you wondering?
Bocker—Whether the pork barrel saw its shadow.

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY DISEASES

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a remedy for diseases of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of even the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription for special diseases, makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes—fifty cents and one dollar.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Calm Slowbetter.

Slowbetter is a calm man, not easily upset. On one occasion as his motor car had come to a sudden stop he crawled underneath it to see what was the matter.

Somehow or other some petrol ignited. A fierce burst of flame and smoke came forth, enveloping Slowbetter. In the midst of the excitement he walked to one side with his usual slow and regular step. His face was black, his eyebrows and eyelashes were singed, and what was left of his hair and beard was a sight to behold.

Someone brought a mirror, and he had a look at himself. As usual, however, he took matters philosophically. "Well," he said, slowly and deliberately, "I was needing a shave and my hair cut, anyway."

One on Grandmother.

Bobby (to grandmother)—Grandma, have you ever seen an engine wagging its ears?

Grandma—No, nonsense, Bobby, I never heard of an engine having any ears.

Bobby—Why, haven't you ever heard of engineers?

Defined.

"Say, pa, what's a bungalow?"
"Well, a bungalow is a parody on a house."

Snores.

"I sleep like a log."
"With the saw going through it?"—Boston Evening Transcript.

When a young rooster gets a comb he reaches the height of his ambition.

STOPPED SHORT
Taking Tonics, and Built up on Right Food.

The mistake is frequently made of trying to build up a worn-out nervous system on so-called tonics.

New material from which to rebuild used up tissue cells is what should be supplied, and this can be obtained only from proper food.

"I found myself on the verge of a nervous collapse, due to overwork and study, and to illness in the family," writes a Wisconsin woman.

"My friends became alarmed because I grew pale and thin and could not sleep nights. I took various tonics, but their effects wore off shortly after I stopped taking them. My food did not seem to nourish me."

"Reading of Grape-Nuts, I determined to stop the tonics and see what a change of diet would do. I ate Grape Nuts four times a day with cream and drank milk also, went to bed early after eating a dish of Grape Nuts."

"In about two weeks I was sleeping soundly. In a short time gained weight and felt like a different woman. Grape-Nuts and fresh air were the only agents used to accomplish the happy results." "There's a Reason." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of business interest.

Spring Announcement

I wish to inform my patrons and the public in general that my line of woollens for Spring and Summer is now complete. I have on hand large quantities of plain blue and fancy serges, absolutely fast color, which I am making up from \$17 up.

Although woollens and trimmings have increased double in price my prices are very reasonable.

It will pay you to look over my line before purchasing elsewhere.

Perfect fit and satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.

SPECIAL NOTICE—During the period of war there will be no free pressing or cleaning.

F. J. Kolarik,
Tailor,

2nd Floor Shirk Building, Broadway, Hanover.

To Our Teachers

And Preachers.

We are having public meetings throughout our County which will do much good in arousing our people to their peril and to a full discharge of their duty in this righteous and just war in which we are now engaged, against the dominance of Man, Might and Power in favoring no rule of righteousness and right.

But in order that this great matter may be brought to the notice of every home, let me earnestly urge upon all school teachers and preachers, all of them, not once but frequently, to call their attention of their scholars and churchmen to the absolute necessity of their strict observance of our Food regulations, not on the part of some of us, or a few of us, but all of us, IF WE WOULD WIN THIS WAR.

Explain what our Food regulations are. Explain that they were passed for our good and protection, that they were passed that we may send to our Son's and Allies all the wheat and meat that they may need to keep them strong and vigorous and in good fighting trim, until they finally end the war with a desired and Heaven approved Peace.

Let me urge this upon you as a Patriot and as a Religious duty.

E. H. Markley,
Federal Food Administrator For Adams County.

Trapped in a blazing barn on the farm of Levi Cooper, near Slate Hill York county; where he had gone to sleep for the night, Henry Troutman, 58 years old, was burned to death on Wednesday, shortly after midnight. The blaze which was of unknown origin, completely destroyed the barn and consumed ten head of livestock and 14 tons of hay. Owing to the hay remaining at red heat, underneath the debris, Troutman's body was not recovered until more than 12 hours had elapsed. It was an unrecognizable mass. It was in a different part of the structure than in that where he had gone to sleep, indicating that he had been aroused by the flames and in seeking safety in the dark had gone in the wrong direction, further into the back of the barn where there was no outlet. The Troutman saw mill had been located on the Snodgrass farm, nearby, since last May. Troutman living in a shack on wheels which he owned. On Tuesday he and Mr. Cooper home, owing to his intoxicated condition, and taking a blanket went to what is known as the ox stable.

Harry P. Grabb, 54 years old, and Oscar Wittenberger, 60 years old, were instantly killed at a grade crossing on the Reading Railway near Columbia, when the wagon in which they were driving was struck by a shifter. The grade crossing is unprotected.

The Farmers' Exchange

(WEAVER'S WAREHOUSE)

HANOVER ST., BELL PHONE.

—DEALERS IN—

Grain, Hay,
Flour, Feed.

Lumber, - Coal, - Fertilizers

Farmers' Supplies.

Automobile Tires
and Accessories.

GRAIN MARKETS.

No. 1 New Dry Wheat.....\$2 09
No. 1 Sprouted Wheat.....1 50
New Rye.....1 50
New Dry Oats.....65
Shelled Corn.....1 50
Will not receive wet or damp grain.

Best place to buy --- Best place to sell.

The Right Service Guaranteed.

THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE,

NEW OXFORD, PA.

The first fresh strawberries of the season arrived in Hanover last week and sold at 5 cents per box.

Prowell's Millinery

Announce Their Readiness

To Please You

IN YOUR

NEW

SPRING

MLLINERY

51 Frederick Street,
Hanover, Pa.

Spring Opening!

Mrs. Maud Deal,

has on display a full
line of

Attractive and Up-To-Date

Millinery.



SPECIAL OPENING DAYS

Friday and Saturday, March 8th and 9th.

EVERYBODY INVITED.

Miller Building, Next to Slentz's Grocery, Carlisle St., New Oxford.

To Our Patrons & Friends:

On and after March 1, 1918, we will pay 4 per cent. on Certificates of Deposit remaining six months or more.

Farmers Bank of McSherrystown,

C. D. Smith, Pres.

H. S. Reigle, Cashier.

SPRING SALES

MARCH,

- 12—J. V. Noel, near Square Corner.
- 14—J. L. Chronister, 1 mile north west of York Springs.
- 16—Shultz and Maring, near Cedar Ridge, Mt. Pleasant twp.
- 18—Frank T. Miller, Mt. Pleasant twp.
- 19—Harry Tieman, at New Oxford cemetery.
- 19—Bert R. Feaser, on Brodbeck farm, 1 mile south of Hampton.
- 20—Ollie Shultz, Huntington township, along Carlisle pike.
- 21—Elmer J. Altland, near Storm's Store.
- 21—J. H. Peterman, Hamilton township, real estate and personal property.
- 23—Mrs. Margaret Nary, Iriestown, Oxford township.
- 22—W. J. Beamer, 1 Mt. Pleasant near near Guldens Station.
- 23—F. J. Wolfe, near Brush Run Station, along Lincoln Highway.
- 23—Howard H. Treiber, 1/2 mile east of New Chester.
- 25—John Glass, near New Oxford.
- 26—Mary G. and C. E. McElwee, Executors, of Edw. McElwee, Tyrone twp.
- 28—H. H. Diehl, New Oxford.
- 28—C. C. Brown, East Berlin.
- 30—E. C. Bond, New Oxford, new and second hand buggies, etc.

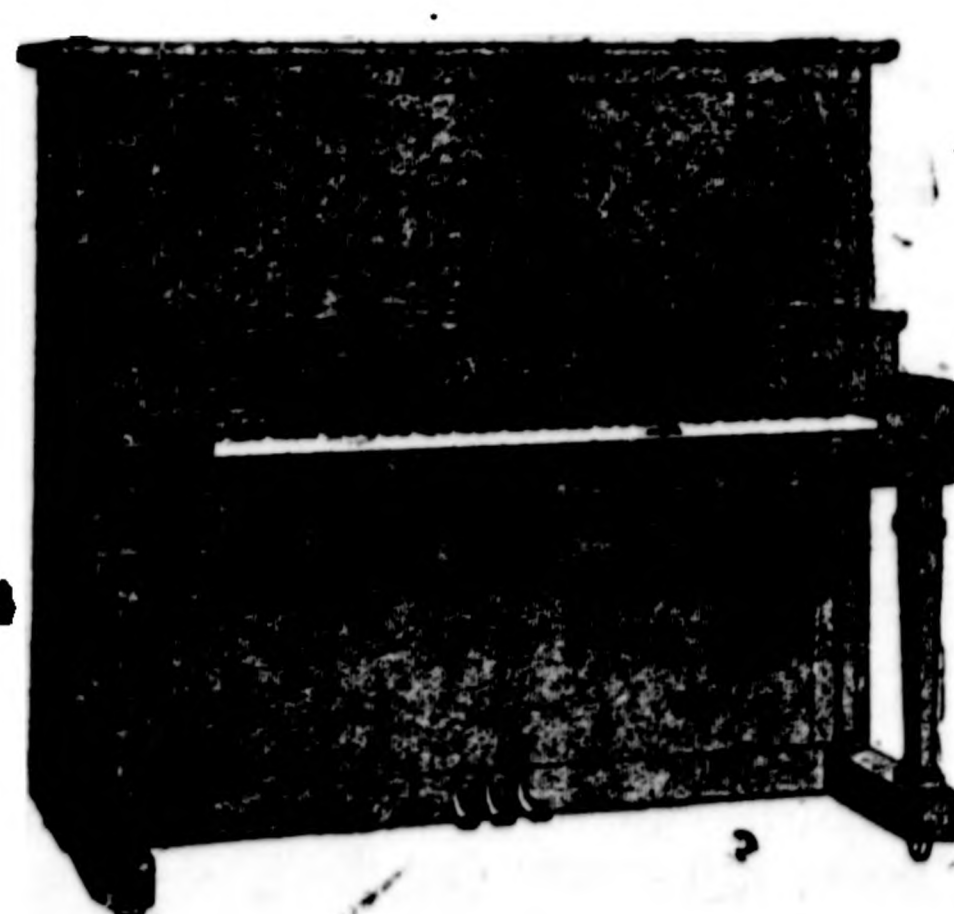
John Krob, of New Baltimore, fractured his right shoulder when he fell on the board walk at his home on his way to the barn to butcher.

Destined to a melancholy fame, John H. Waite, Jr., and John M. Waite, twins nine weeks old, have arrived at the home of the grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Kennedy, in Harrisburg, after safely completing a journey of 10,000 miles. They are the children of the late Mrs. Marian Kennedy Waite, wife of Dr. John Kennedy Waite, a former York High school girl whose talents as a musician made her well known during the residence of the Kennedys in that city several years ago. Mrs. Kennedy was with her husband in Australia where she died at the birth of her babies. Dr. Waite, who was in Australia in the interest of the Rockefeller Foundation, sailed at once with the body of his wife to America. The children too young to make the journey immediately, were left in care of the Omrah hospital.

William Hunt, the 14 year-old son of Charles Hunt, of New Freedom, left his home, which he made with Mr. and Mrs. George Walker, where he was hired to assist with the work on the farm, on Feb. 18, and nothing has been heard of him since. The boy had walked away several times before, but always returned home in a few days.

The public school of East Berlin will hold an entertainment in the P. O. S. of A. hall in the near future. Proceeds of the event will be given to the school.

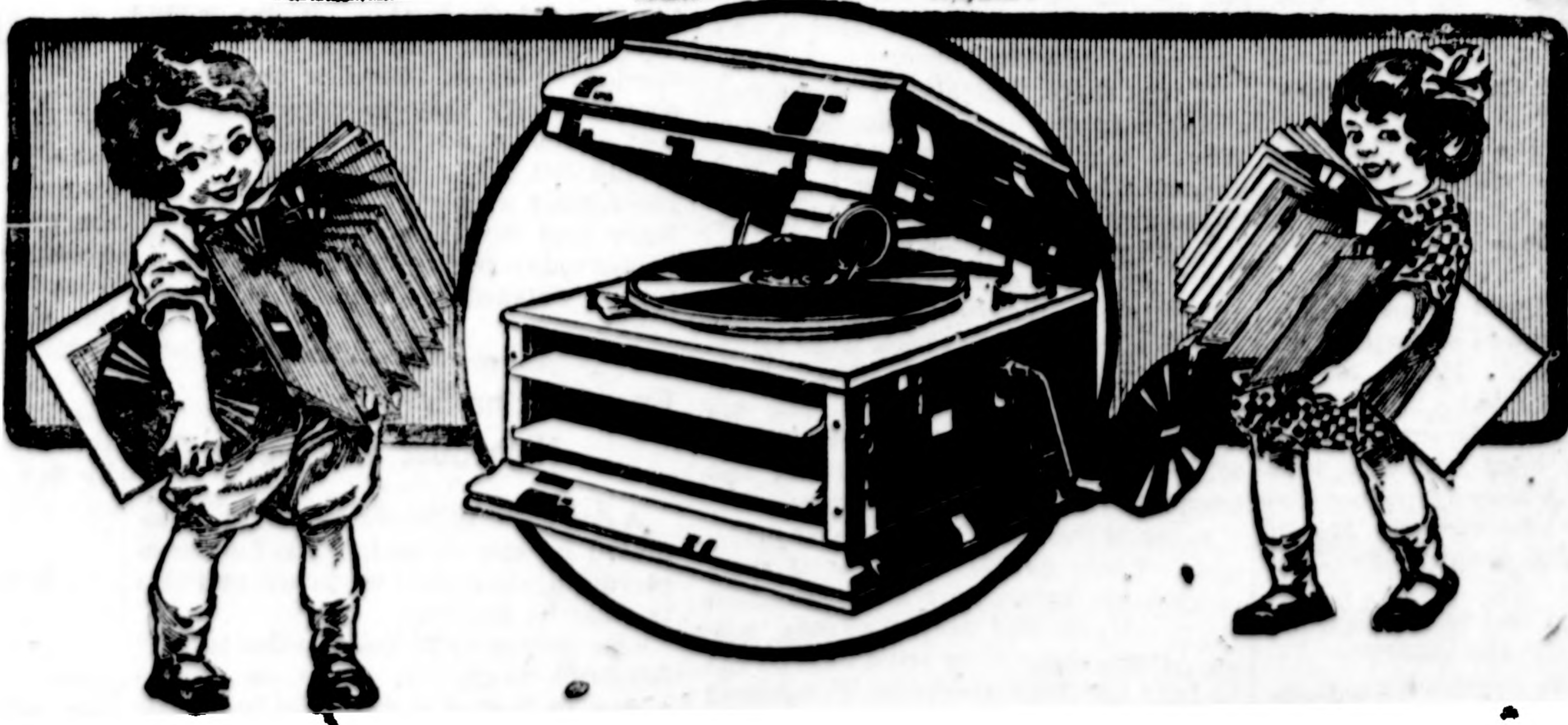
Make Music The Keystone of Your Home.



The Francis Bacon Pianos & Players

Provide the best kind of music for any home because the materials entering into their construction are positively the best that discriminating and a reputation of 129 years can procure. The Tone, the Action and the Finish represent the highest skill and greatest care, that insure wonderful durability.

LET US SET ONE IN YOUR HOME ON TRIAL



Columbia Grafonolas \$18.00 to \$365.00

Columbia Records of all the latest. Will be pleased to play them for you in our music department, or set a Grafonola in your home. Our terms are easy.

Carlisle St., J. E. & W. H. NACE, Hanover.